The New-York Times.

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SOUTH AMERICA.

Actual Commencement of the War Between Spain and Chili.

The Spanish Admiral Taught a Lesson in Naval Warfare.

Chili Gallantly Takes the Initiative and Comes Off Victorious.

The First Naval Engagement of the War.

Capture of a Spanish Gunboat by a Chilian War Steamer.

Admiral Pareja's Official Correspondence and Instructions Captured.

Inspiriting Effect of the Victory on the Chilians.

Vigorous Preparations to Carry on the War by Sea.

News from Other South American States.

The steamship *Atlantic*, from Aspinwall Dec. 22, arrived at this port yesterday. The following is her

SPECIE LIST.

Panama R. R. Co.	$10,736 05	Empire G.&S.M.Co	$4,400 00
C. K. Garrison	17,982 00	W. F. Wild & Co.	15,000 00
Duncan, Sherman & Co.	35,035 78	Order	15,712 00
Aug. Belmont	90,124 48		$864,249 76
Weil & Co.	122,515 47	FROM ASPINWALL.	
Lees & Waller	261,309 17	Marcial & Co.	700 00
H. Cohen & Co.	24,900 00	Wells, Fargo & Co.	9,650 00
Eug. Kelly & Co.	206,961 85	Ribon Munroz	1,688 00
C. H. Grant	20,512 96		
Wells, Fargo & Co.	39,000 00	Total	$876,287 76

THE WAR BETWEEN SPAIN AND CHILI.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PANAMA, Friday, Dec. 22, 1865.

The first serious encounter between the Chilinos and Spanish took place on the 26th of last month. The Chilino corvette *Esmeralda* left Valparaiso on the night of the 17th of September, simultaneously with the appearance of the Spanish Admiral's fleet in that port, and there were many conjectures as to where she had gone—some said to the Atlantic, some to Peru, and others thought she had gone to California. But it appears she has been lying *perdue* waiting for an opportunity. At any rate, on the 26th of November, she was near the port of Papudo, lying close under the land, distant only a few miles from Valparaiso. On that morning the Spanish dispatch-boat *Virjen de Covadonga*, coming from Coquimbo and bound south, was about passing Papudo, when the *Esmeralda* sallied out, and at a distance of about five miles from the port, met the *Virgin*, and a cannonade between them commenced, which was plainly heard by the people of Valparaiso, and by Admiral PAREJA on board his flagship, the *Ville de Madrid*. The *Esmeralda* is a steam corvette of about 900 tons, and carries 18 guns, 24s and 32s. Her crew counted 123 men. The *Virgin* carried three rifled guns, one 32 and two 68-pounders, and 135 men. Fifteen shots were fired, at a distance of little over half a mile by the *Esmeralda*, nearly all of which hit the *Virgin*, and one of which dismounted one of her guns. The *Virgin* threw nine shot, but her guns were so badly served that the *Esmeralda* did not suffer the slightest damage. The combat lasted twenty minutes, when the *Virgin* hauled down her flag, and was taken possession of the *Esmeralda*. The Spanish vessel had two men killed and 14 wounded. Eight officers and 115 men were landed and sent to Santiago, the capital, together with the correspondence of Admiral PAREJA. A fine lot of small arms were taken by the captors. A few minutes after the surrender the *Esmeralda* steamed away with her prize, no one knows whither. The prisoners, instead of being maltreated, were treated with the greatest kindness both by their captors and the populations through which they passed for the interior, and at Santiago a subscription was gotten up to supply their necessities and make them comfortable.

It is a singular fact, and shows how completely the Spanish fleet is tied up, that Admiral PAREJA received news of this combat only after three days, and was then indebted to his enemies for the intelligence. On the 1st instant, the Spanish flagship left Valparaiso, it was supposed to watch matters at Callao.

The *Esmeralda* was commanded by JOHN WILLIAMS, an Englishman. Her executive officer is an American by the name of THOMPSON. Both have resided a long time in Chili. All the officers have been promoted.

Beside this, the Chilinos have had another little naval success. The Spanish ship *Revolucion*, which was blockading Tome and Talcahuano, kept a launch out with forty men and one gun, to watch the movements of small Chilino vessels near the shore. The Chilinos armed a little tugboat called the *Independencia* to watch the launch. One night the little steamer, in an apparently careless manner, fell in with the launch, when the latter fired her gun across her bows. The steamer doused all her glims and stopped. The Spaniards came alongside and boarded, when, to their great surprise, they were immediately gobbled up by double their number. The launch, with her forty men, was taken into the port of Maule and delivered over to the authorities.

These events have caused the Chilinos to be much encouraged, and given them greater confidence in their ultimate success against Spain. The papers say, also, that trade, which was at a stand-still for some time, in consequence of the movements of Admiral PAREJA, has rapidly improved, and vessels take away copper and other products from the minor open ports with almost as much regularity as before.

The revolution in Peru, by which Chili confidently expects to gain an ally, is another cause of great gratulation among the Chilians.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

Detailed Account of the Engagement—Gallantry of the Chilian Sailors—Great Rejoicings in Chili over the Victory—Sickness of Admiral Pareja.

From the Panama Mercantile Chronicle, Dec. 22.

Advices from Valparaiso are to the 3d December. By this arrival we have news of one of those gallant feats of arms for which Chili was distinguished in the war of Independence. The Spanish gunboat *Covadonga*, carrying the Admiral's dispatches from Spain, was captured within ten leagues of the Spanish Admiral and within gunshot hearing of the Spanish squadron.

On Sept. 17, at the beginning of the blockade, the Chilean steamers *Esmeralda* and *Maipu* slipped out of Valparaiso under the shadows of night. It was supposed that they had gone to some far-off sea beyond the reach of the great Admiral's guns. It is now learnt that the *Esmeralda* found her way to the Chincha Islands, from which place she started back in November last to the coast of Chili, touching at Lebú and Lota, and reaching Pichidanqui on the 21st. On Nov. 24 she left for Coquimbo to look after the Spanish gunboat *Covadonga*, anchored there, and the *Matias Cousino*, an English steamer captured by the Spaniards, and doing blockade duty. The Captain of the *Esmeralda*, DON JUAN WILLIAMS ROBOLLEDO, being informed that the Spanish ship *Blanca* had also arrived at Coquimbo, put into Papudo-Chano to await a letter. On the morning of the 26th, the *Esmerelda* communicated with the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's steamer *Valparaiso* that was passing, and must have learned that the *Covadonga* was following not far off. The topmasts were at once struck, preparations made for action, and the *Esmeralda* steamed off to meet the enemy. At 10:30 they came in sight. The *Esmeralda* hoisted the British ensign to induce the *Covadonga* to stop, and be thus an easier target. As soon as this was effected the British ensign went down, the Chilian flag went up, and the *Esmeralda* opened fire, to which the *Covadonga* at once replied. A brisk cannonade was kept up by the *Esmeralda*, delivering shot and shell with startling precision. A shell from her dismounted one of the *Covadonga's* cannon, and did other damage. At the end of twenty minutes the *Covadonga* was so much injured that she struck her flag and surrendered. The celerity of the *Esmeralda's* movements, and the great rapidity and accuracy of her fire, quite astonished the Spaniards, who could not return more than three shots. The Captain of the *Covadonga* acknowledged that in less than ten minutes more the *Esmeralda* would have sunk him. On surrendering, the prisoners—consisting of 117 men and 14 officers—were immediately sent on shore at Papudo.

The *Covadonga* had two men killed and fourteen wounded. The *Esmeralda* did not lose a man. Immediately on landing the prisoners, Capt. WILLIAMS steamed out of port, with the *Covadonga* in consort, under command of Capt. THOMPSON, with a crew of Chilian sailors, for parts unknown. The whole affair, from the beginning of the attack to the departure of the ships from Papudo, occupied three-quarters of an hour, it is said.

The armament of the *Covadonga* is two pivot guns of 68 pounds and one of 32 pounds. In her armory were found 300 rifles, 100 revolvers, 70 boarding-hatchets, 100 cutlasses, &c.

The armament of the *Esmeralda*, a nine hundred ton sloop, when she left Valparaiso, was eighteen short thirty-two and twenty-four pounders, but it is supposed she landed some of her guns at one of the Southern forts. On the 26th of November her crew numbered one hundred and twenty-three men.

The whole of Admiral PAREJA's correspondence from Spain, and his code of signals were captured on the gunboat, and sent with the crew to Santiago.

The Senate of Chili voted a promotion to Capt. WILLIAMS, all the members rising to their feet and voting by acclamation. *Te Deums* were chanted in the churches and the rejoicings have been unlimited. All the officers of the victorious ship have been gazetted to a higher grade. A subscription for a sword of honor for Capt. WILLIAMS had already reached over $800. Chili may well be proud of this feat for it shows that the spirit of COCHRANE and O'HIGGINS still animates the hearts of her gallant sons.

During the engagement the cannonading was distinctly heard in Valparaiso, but although curiosity was on the tiptoe, no one had any idea of the great act that was being performed. When the mail steamer *Valparaiso* reached Valparaiso on the 26th, it was known on shore that the *Covadonga* had left Coquimbo four hours before the mail steamer, and that the *Esmeralda* had been seen off Papudo. It appears this information was withheld from the Admiral. The news of the victory reached Valparaiso by land on the 27th. For three days the inhabitants smothered their joy, lest the Admiral should get a hint of the great news and send after the *Esmeralda*. The newspapers also kept silent until the 29th, when the official dispatches were published and the Admiral learnt on that day, for the first time, of the loss of his gunboat, and that the crew had been sent to Santiago.

The Chilians note several happy coincidences in this affair. The *Esmeralda* was the name of COCHRANE's famous flagship; the *Covadonga* was the first of the Spanish squadron that arrived in Chilian waters; the capture was effected a year and a day after the explosion of the Spanish frigate *Triunfo* at the Chincha Islands, and most of the crew of the *Covadonga* were men from the *Triunfo*. The captain of the *Covadonga* was DON LUIS FERRY.

Admiral PAREJA, who is said to be ill, sailed from Valparaiso on the 1st December, in the *Villa de Madrid*, it is supposed for Callao. The blockade of Valparaiso is maintained by the *Vencedora* and *Resolucion*. There was no ship to blockade Talcahuano.

Preceding this glorious affair we learn of the capture of a launch belonging to the Spanish ship *Resolucion*. This launch, mounting a cannon, had been doing duty at Quiriquine, Tomé and Talcahuano. On the evening of the 17th of November, the little Chilian tug steamer *Independencia*, two guns, was steaming along the coast of Itata, and when within cannon-shot of the launch was brought to by a discharge. The steamer stopped at once and put out her lights. The launch came alongside demanding her surrender and boarding her with 40 men. As soon as they were on deck, the crew of the *Independencia* seized and made every man prisoner, took the launch in tow and handed over the prize and prisoners to the authorities at Maule.

The ports of Puerto-Viejo at Copiapo, Pajonal, Totoral, San Lorenzo and Quinteros have been declared ports of entry.

The British Minister has passed a note to Admiral PAREJA exacting the delivery, within four days, of the British steamer *Matias Cousino*, which was seized by the Spanish squadron at the commencement of the blockade.

AFFAIRS IN PERU.

The Seizure of Supreme Power by Prado Confirmed by the People—Beneficial Reforms.

Correspondence of the New-York Times.

PANAMA, Friday, Dec. 22, 1865.

In the various Provinces of Peru, so far as heard from, the people have confirmed the seizure of supreme power by the Dictator. PRADO has appointed Counsellors, said to be men generally of great probity, as follows: Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. TORIBIO PACHECO; Secretary of War and Navy, Col. JOSE GALVEZ; Secretary of the Government Police and Public Works, Dr. JOSE M. QUIMPER; Secretary of Commerce and Hacienda, DON MANUEL PARDO; Secretary of Justice and Instruction, Dr. JOSE S. TEJADA.

PRADO, like most rulers, commences his administration with many beneficial reforms. A system of taxation is to be initiated by which the treasury will not have to rely almost wholly upon the product of guano for support. He has decreed the abolition of all privileges and pecuniary grants "unlawfully accorded" by former governments. Several bureaus and unnecessary offices have been suppressed. A "Central Court of Justice" has been instituted for the speedy trial and punishment of all persons belonging to the public service, who may be guilty of treason, dishonesty in the discharge of their duties and other crimes. Public schools are to be established for educating the poorer classes.

The Peruvians were daily expecting Admiral PAREJA at Callao, in his flag-ship, to look after the matter of the late treaty, which, it is generally believed, will not be observed by the new Government of Peru.

The best vessels of the Peruvian fleet have suddenly disappeared from the waters of Callao, while some of the old and worst vessels have been sold or transferred to British owners. This, "they say," portends mischief.

AFFAIRS IN PANAMA.

Political Matters Quiet—Survey of the River Magdalena.

PANAMA, Friday, Dec. 22, 1865.

The State is quiet. In Panama and Aspinwall nothing disturbs the accustomed serenity, except the groans of the merchants and traders at the commercontribution for 1866. The new regime "on the glorious 9th of March" cut down this tax 20 per cent. to gain the good-will of the foreign commercial class, and having secured it, went back to the old one of the Calancha reign, with four or five per cent. additional. "Put not your trust in Bonds."

The thieves who lately robbed Paymaster RITTENHOUSE, United States Navy, of $15,000 in gold, have been discovered. A man named MARK BRADLEY, an old housebreaker, who kept a rum-shop here, together with his man called NED, induced a boy from the *Cyane*, by the name of FRITZ ICKE, who was acting as a servant of the Paymaster, to do the job. He was instructed by BRADLEY, when he could get hold of the safe key, to make an impression of it on paper, which he did. The paymaster having had occasion to give the boy his bunch of keys, with which to open a closet, the boy took the opportunity to make the impression. BRADLEY made a key, and early in the evening, the Paymaster having retired, BRADLEY's mate, NED, took a basket and loitered about the storehouse, while the boy abstracted the gold. NED took it to BRADLEY in his basket, and it is supposed the former got his part of the spoils before he retired to California. The boy having become suspected, after a deal of persuasion, at last confessed the whole thing, on a promise that he should not be prosecuted. BRADLEY was arrested, and $5,260 of the money found on his premises. Subsequently $406 more of the money was found on a workman in the harbor, who had found it at the time of the arrest of BRADLEY, in his bar, and secreted it. The boy, who is 17 years old, was promised $4,000 as his share, but got only $7.

A party of gentlemen, headed by Col. S. A. GILBERT and Capt. P. C. F. WEST, of the United States Coast Survey, reached here on the 19th, and go to survey the River Magdalena to the head of present steam navigation, Honda, which is three or four days mule-ride, to Bogota. They will also report whether the river can be made navigable for steamers above Honda. These gentlemen—their party consists of seven—are employed by the Colombian Government, and are loaned to it on furlough by our Government, at the request of the Colombian Minister at Washington. In consideration of their important mission, and of the very friendly relations now existing between the two governments, Capt. MCDIARMID, in behalf of the Navy Department, and the United States Consul at Aspinwall, in behalf of the State Department, have tendered the whole corps a passage on the gunboat *James Adger* to Santa Martha.

Capt. A. G. JONES, so well and so favorably known on the New-York and Aspinwall steamship route, arrived on the *Atlantic*, to take command of the splendid steamer of the Pacific Company, the *Golden City*.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

The Annual Fair in Salvador—The Presidential Election in Nicaragua.

PANAMA, Friday, Dec. 22, 1865.

We have later dates from the Central American States, but they present nothing of much interest. In Guatemala Congress opened on the 20th of last month, and was prorogued to Dec. 1.

In Salvador, the annual fair was dull in consequence of the low price of indigo, the staple. It sold for superior parcels up to 8@8½ reals. Now that the country is once more quiet, the people are turning their attention to agriculture and the bettering of the few cart roads. Diligences now run from the port of La Libertad to the capital on the arrival of the Panama steamers. An iron pier is proposed at La Libertad. There will be this year in Salvador a crop of about 25,000 quintals coffee. The cotton crop is a failure, the army-worm having taken the whole product.

In Nicaragua the people are busy with the forthcoming Presidential election. MARTINEZ, if he chooses, will be President—some say for life.

The Costa Rica Government has issued an edict against the cholera. All vessels coming from infected ports must remain from twenty to forty days at the island of Saint Lucia, opposite Punta Arenas.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

THE APPROACHING SESSION.

Arrival of Members—Active Caucusing for Speaker—The Contest is between Lyman Tremain and George H. Hoskins—Probable Election of Mr. Tremain—The old Clerks to be Re-elected—Governor's Message to be Delivered on Tuesday.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Sunday, Dec. 31.

A large number of Senators and members have already arrived, and caucusing has been active at the Delevan and Congress Hall for the past twenty-four hours.

The candidates for Speaker of the Assembly in the Union caucus, to-morrow night, will be LYMAN TREMAIN, of Albany, and GEO. H. HOSKINS, of Wyoming. The latter was Speaker last year. Mr. LITTLEJOHN, of Oswego, will not be a candidate unless the contest should be close, so as to come in as a compromise. D. P. WOOD, of Onondaga, was pressed by many warm friends, but has peremptorily declined, being himself friendly to TREMAIN's election. There seems to be no doubt that TREMAIN will be the choice of the Union caucus and of the Assembly. The tide is setting strongly in his favor, and he is pretty certain to be chosen. He possesses abilities which will render him a popular presiding officer.

The little opposition started to the reëlection of the clerks of the Senate and Assembly has pretty much vanished. J. B. CUSHMAN, of Utica, will be chosen Clerk of the Assembly, and JAMES TERWILLIGER Clerk of the Senate. Both are thoroughly competent officers.

Both Houses meet at 11 o'clock A. M. on Tuesday. There will be very little delay in organizing, and the Governor's Message will probably be sent in by noon.

The candidates for minor offices in the two Houses are legion, and a great many will be dreadfully disappointed.

The Fenians.

PHILADELPHIA, Sunday, Dec. 31.

Twelve out of the sixteen circles of the Fenian Brotherhood in this city will be represented by delegates at the New-York Congress. Only two circles have indorsed the Senate, viz., the Sarsfield and Wolfe Tone. Eight of the circles have passed resolutions positively indorsing O'MAHONY.

Loss of the Brig Harriet.

BOSTON, Sunday, Dec. 31.

The brig *Harriet*, Capt. SNOW, from Elizabethport for Boston, with coal, in coming up the harbor in the snow-storm Saturday night, went ashore on Nantasket Beach, and has since sunk. The crew were saved. The vessel is being stripped.

The Funeral of Hon. Henry Winter Davis.

BALTIMORE, Sunday, Dec. 31.

The funeral of the Hon. WINTER DAVIS will take place of Tuesday, at 1 o'clock. The sudden death of Mr. DAVIS has produced a profound sensation.

Arrival of the Belgian.

PORTLAND, Sunday, Dec. 31.

The steamship *Belgian*, Capt. BROWN, from Liverpool Dec. 14, via Londonderry Dec. 15, arrived this morning, bringing 286 passengers. News anticipated.

Additional Facts About the Burning of the Steamer Commonwealth—A Life Lost.

From the Boston Evening Courier.

The insurance on the steamer *Commonwealth* and her fittings was about $80,000. She was a capacious and staunch boat, built about eleven years ago, at an expense of $200,000, and has been running on the Stonington route four or five years. The depot was not of much value, but the loss by burning of freight in the cars and on board the steamer was very large. The railroad station agent at Groton, Mr. PROUTY, who slept in the depot, saved the money in his room; and on board the boat, Mr. FOSTER, the acting clerk, and Mr. JOHN HOGAN, freight clerk, lost all their clothing. Attempts were made to get the steamer off by the aid of the New-London ferry-boat, but in vain; the *Commonwealth* was fast aground.

The amount of freight destroyed cannot be estimated. There were about fifty bales of cotton, thirty rolls of leather, and a great number of smaller packages.

The Providence, R. I., Company loses nothing by the fire. The boat belonged to the consolidation of the Merchants' Line and of the Neptune Line. The *Plymouth Rock*, which has just been fitted, will no doubt take the place of the *Commonwealth*.

The trains on the Shore Line will not be interrupted by the fire.

The Hartford *Times* says that the burning of the magnificent steamer *Commonwealth* was attended by a loss of life. J. DICKSON RIPLEY, of Norwich, a nephew of Gov. BUCKINGHAM, and who was studying medicine in New-York, was so sound asleep in his stateroom that repeated poundings on the door, and all the noise of the fire, failed to arouse him, and he perished in the flames.

Three More New Ocean Steamers.

Scarcely a month passes but we are called on to announce one or more new ocean steamers added to the lines plying between Europe and America. Boston is about to establish a line direct to Liverpool. Philadelphia is agitating the subject, and efforts are being made to make Norfolk the terminus of another transatlantic line. A movement to establish a new line from this city is also talked of. The Anchor Line of steam packet-ships are now building three new screw steamers to ply between Glasgow and New-York, to be called the *Columbia*, *Cambria* and *India*. These vessels measure 1,900 tons, (British,) and are of the following dimensions: Length, 295 feet; beam, 34 feet; depth of hold, 23 feet. The hulls are of iron, and are being built by ALEX. STEPHENS & SON, at their ship-yard on the Clyde, while the engines, which are to be very powerful, are being built at the Finniestor Steam Works, in Glasgow. The vessels are to be ship-rigged and will carry a large quantity of canvas. This line, which consists at the present time of the *Hibernia*, *Caledonia* and *Britannia*, is the only direct line to Scotland not touching at any port either in England or Ireland. They were built expressly for the Atlantic trade, are divided into water-tight compartments, and are noted for their splendid passenger accommodations as well as for the careful stowage and good delivery of their cargoes. As soon as the new vessels are completed a weekly line will be established.

Conflict of Authority in East Tennessee.

Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial.

KNOXVILLE, Friday, Dec. 29, 1865.

A conflict of authority between the civil and military authorities occurred at Dandridge, East Tennessee, under the following circumstances: A party of soldiers, under orders, killed the guerrilla THORNHILL some months ago. These men, under an act of Congress, were tried, acquitted and discharged by court-martial. They were indicted before Judge SWAN, in the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, for the same offence, and by him remanded to prison. Gen. THOMAS ordered their release. The order was disregarded, and the force sent to release the prisoners captured by the Sheriff with *posse comitatus* and imprisoned. Gen. STONEMAN has sent two hundred men under officers, to release the prisoners and arrest all who resisted Gen. THOMAS' order. This will include the Judge, Sheriff, and many citizens. The military have taken possession of Dandridge and will remain until all trouble ends.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sunday, Dec. 31.

THE NEW YEAR.

New-Year's day promises to be well observed here to-morrow, if the weather permits. Almost since before Christmas we have had nothing but snow, rain and mud. The President will receive from 11 A. M. until 2 P. M., and a large crowd is anticipated at the White House. Visitors will enter by the main door and take their exit by a window from the east room. Heads of Departments and other dignitaries will receive their friends, public and private, and the courtesies of the day will be exchanged and enjoyed with great zest beyond doubt.

DEPARTURE OF MR. SEWARD.

Under the advice of physicians the Secretary of State and Assistant Secretary, embarked last night on board the United States steamer *De Soto*, for a short voyage in the warmer latitudes of the South Atlantic. They expect to be absent two or three weeks. WILLIAM HUNTER, Esq., Chief Clerk of the Department of State, has been appointed Acting Secretary of State during the interval, and H. N. CONGAR, Esq., has been appointed Acting Assistant Secretary.

SPAIN AND CHILI.

The government has been advised that representations made to Spain in favor of peace with Chili have so far prevailed, that the good offices of France and England have been accepted upon the terms proposed by them and the United States.

THE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CARE OF OUR GREAT ARMIES.

The Surgeon-General has just published Circular No. 6 for the information of the medical officers of the army. The circular comprises reports from Brevet Lieut.-Col. GEORGE A. OTIS, United States Volunteers, having charge of the surgical, and Brevet Major J. J. WOODWARD, United States Army, having charge of the medical history of the rebellion.

From the surgical report, it appears that complete registers of the number of wounded in course of preparation, in which over 87,000 cases of wounds and 17,000 surgical operations have been recorded up to September, 1865, the work of registration being still very far from complete.

The material collected is enormous and embraces a mass of facts which, on many subjects, exceeds in number and value all previous observations in this field. The returns are of as huge proportions as the armies that have been engaged in active operations for the past four years.

The number of wounds received cannot practically be now determined with accuracy, though data for a new approximate estimate are accessible. In the British army in the Crimea during the entire war there were 12,094 wounded and 2,755 killed, or a total of 14,849. In the French army in the Crimea, of a total effective force of 309,268, according to the report recently made by M. CHENN, there were 39,868 wounded and 8,250 killed, or a total of 48,118, although in his report of injuries of different regions M. CHENN records but 26,681 cases.

In our late war the monthly reports from a little more than half the regiments in the field give for the year ending June 30, 1862, an aggregate of 17,496 gunshot wounds. The reports from rather more than three-fourths of the regiments for the year ending June 30, 1863, give a total of 55,974 gunshot wounds. The battle-field lists of wounded for the years 1864-'65 include over 114,000 names. But these returns are to be completed by collating with them the reports of general hospitals where many wounded were received, whose names the recorders of field hospitals or regimental medical officers failed to obtain, and by adding the names of those killed in battle.

In comparing the numbers of cases of some important injury, as, for example, gunshot fractures of the femur, it is found that in the French Crimean army, there were 459 such injuries, and in the English army 194, while over 5,000 such cases have been reported to this office. Or if one of the major operations is selected for comparison, as excision of the head of the humerus, the Crimean returns give 16 of these excisions in the British and 38 in the French army, but the registers of this office contain the detailed histories of 575 such operations.

The surgical specimens of the Army Medical Museum number 5,480; and not only in specimens of recent injuries, but in illustrations of recuperative processes after injury, of morbid processes, of the results of operations, and of surgical apparatus and appliances, this institution is richer, numerically at least, than the medico-military museums of France or Great Britain.

The medical staff that served in the late war was composed of a Surgeon-General, one Assistant Surgeon-General and Medical Inspector-General, 16 Medical Inspectors, 170 Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons of the regular army, 362 Volunteer Staff Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, 3,000 Regimental Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons of Volunteers, 2,500 Acting Assistant Surgeons and Physicians serving under contract, and 6 Medical Storekeepers.

The second report by Major WOODWARD, contains an outline of the material collected for the medical branch of the history. It embraces all the information possible with regard to the sickness and mortality of the army during the war, and especially whatever related to the nature and causes of those affections which were the chief occasion of death and disability.

The mortality from disease alone was forty-eight and seven-tenths per one thousand of mean strength for the first year of the war, and sixty-five and two-tenths for the second. Total number of deaths from disease reported for first year, 14,183, and 42,010 for the second. These figures do not include those who died while absent as prisoners of war, or after having been discharged the service for disability. The number constantly sick was about ten per cent. of the strength.

The total number of cases treated by the Medical Department, including wounds and injuries, 878,918 during the first year, and 1,711,803 during the second. The most fatal disease was camp fever, of which there were 213,260 cases, and 19,459 deaths during the two years; next comes diarrhea and dysentery, 725,675 cases and 11,560 deaths; then inflammation of the respiratory organs, 304,284 cases and 8,090 deaths. Venereal diseases were much less frequent than the experience of other armies would have led us to expect. Still, 84 men in every thousand suffered during the first year, and sixty-five during the second; the total number of cases being over 39,000.

Twenty-eight thousand six hundred and twenty discharges for disability were reported during the first year, or about nine per cent. of the strength of the army. The medical and microscopical sections of the museum are briefly described, and the report concludes with a sketch of the hospital system. It appears that at the maximum there were 202 general hospitals, with 136,894 beds for patients. During the war over a million patients were treated in these, of whom but one in twelve died.

Dr. WOODWARD says never before in the history of the world has the mortality in military hospitals been so small, and never have such establishments so completely escaped from diseases generated within their walls. Incomplete reports for the first year of the war from troops in the field and in garrison represent an average strength constantly present during the year of 281,117 men; in hospital, constantly present, 9,759 men; total, 290,936, among whom were 14,183 deaths from disease. The number of deaths recorded is much less than the real number, and does not include prisoners of war and other absentees. For the second year, in field and garrison, 598,821; in hospitals 45,687; total, 644,508, of whom there were 42,010 deaths from disease.

These mortality rates from disease are much smaller than is usual with armies in time of war, and are proportionately much less than those of the allied armies in the Crimea, or of our own army in the Mexican war. The proportion of deaths from disease for the third and fourth year was rather diminished.

DISCREDITING NATIONAL BANKS.

Information has been received at the State Department that attempts have been made by Southern journals to discredit certain National Banks, recently organised in the cities of the South, by asserting that the institutions are in a precarious condition and likely to fail, and therefore their currency should be rejected altogether or taken with caution. These attempts to discredit the National Banks would fail of their object if the Southern people would bear in mind that the circulation of the so-called shaky banks is but 90 per cent. of the securities deposited by them with the government; that there is now on deposit with Mr. SPINNER, United States Treasurer, $335,000,000 for the redemption of the notes of National Banks, and the notes of the only bank that has failed—the Bank of Attica, N. Y.—are now held by private citizens without uneasiness. This bank failed last March, and up to this time but $1,500 of its circulation has been presented to the United States Treasurer for redemption.

NEWS FROM THE MONITOR MONADNOCK.

The following letter has been received at the State Department:

UNITED STATES CONSULATE,
PARAMARIBO, Dec. 4, 1865.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that I received a letter from Mr. LELAND, Consul *pro tem.* at Cayenne, this morning, wherein he states that the United States steamers *Vanderbilt*, *Tuscarora* and monitor *Monadnock*, under Commodore ROGERS, arrived at that port on the 27th ult., and took in four hundred tons of coal, and left en route for the Pacific on the 30th. He further states that the monitor behaves beautifully at sea. The Governor and other authorities at Cayenne showed all favors to the Commanders and officers, and exchanged national salutes.

I am your most obedient servant,
(Signed) HENRY SAWYER,
United States Consul.
Hon. WM. H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

THE DESCENT OF BOUNTIES TO THE HEIRS OF DECEASED SOLDIERS.

The Consul-General of Switzerland having communicated to the government the fact that it was published in the German journals of this country, that the government bounties were descendible to the heirs general, whether residents or non-residents of the United States, in apparent contradiction to the act of July 11, 1862, the following reply is made by the Comptroller:

"No decision whatever has been made extending, in the slightest degree, the provisions of the act above referred to, relative to the descent of bounties. The cases decided, and which are misconstrued by the journals, were those of soldiers who died with *matured instalments* of bounty due, under the several general orders of 1863, or the act of July 4, 1864. The soldiers having omitted to draw these installments when they fell due, and having left them in the hands of the government, it was held that the rules of inheritance and descent in regard to pay applied to them. The act of July 11, 1862, applies in all cases of installments previous to June 25, 1863, and before this latter date no bounty larger than $100 had been authorized, except a special allowance made to reënlisting veterans."

THE VIRGINIA FREEDMEN.

The Assistant Commissioner of Freedmen for Virginia, Col. BROWN, modified his order with reference to the treatment of persons who turn out of doors helpless and infirm freedmen, before finally issuing it. As issued it is free from the features which called out the editorial criticisms of the TIMES, and is as follows:

BUREAU OF REFUGEES, FREEDMEN, &C.,
RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 28, 1865.

CIRCULAR.—It is rumored that many of the citizens contemplate turning out of doors the helpless and infirm freedmen on the first of the year.

The Assistant Commissioner directs that you report the name and residence of any persons that do this, with such facts connected therewith as can be ascertained, promptly to this office. By order of
Col. A. BROWN, Assistant Commissioner.
JAMES A. BATES, Captain and A. A. A. G.

LEE HAS NOT ASKED PARDON.

It has been generally supposed that an application for pardon by the rebel Gen. LEE was made some months ago, but an examination of the records of Attorney-General's office proves that no such application has yet been filed. All the manifestation of contrition that Gen. LEE has exhibited has been the signing of an amnesty oath prior to entering upon the duties of President of the Washington College.

STORAGE OF PETROLEUM.

Admonished by the disasters which have resulted from the burning of petroleum, the Secretary of the Treasury has directed collectors of internal revenue to see that every precaution is used in the storage of this combustible matter; and whenever applications are made for the storage of the same within the limits of any town or city, to forward to the department a statement that the warehouse, if established, will not, in case of fire, endanger the lives and property of the persons doing business in its vicinity.

NEW NATIONAL BANK.

The Louisiana National Bank, of New-Orleans, capital $1,000,000, has been authorized by the Comptroller of the Currency. The total circulation of national banks is $237,371,000.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

An Old-Fashioned Snow Storm—The Holidays and the Congressmen—Evidence in the Case of the United States vs. Jeff. Davis et al.—The Health of the State Department vs. the Mexican Cactus—The New-Year's Levee, the Opera and the Gay Season—Character of a Radical Congressman Vindicated.

From Our Own Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Dec. 30, 1865.

The out-of-door aspect to-day is not one common to this latitude. Since daylight a heavy snow storm has been prevailing, and the great huge flakes have been falling just as they do away up in New-England, until they cover our mud-bound streets to the depth of a foot—altogether more snow than has fallen at any one time here for several Winters past. So the street scenes of to-day are just such as you see in your streets during a heavy storm—the city railroads blocked, sidewalks unsafe for pedestrians, with here and there the music of sleigh bells—music strange enough here. But we shall have our usual return to mud by New-Year's Day.

The Congressional holiday recess is drawing to a close, and already some of the members are coming back, while quite a number have remained here throughout. Gen. BANKS is again in the city, and with Gen. CLAY SMITH, of Kentucky; Mr. BLOW, of Missouri, and others, may be seen almost every evening at the opera. Mr. BRANDEGEE, of Connecticut; Mr. MCCLURG, of Missouri; Mr. SCHOFIELD, of Pennsylvania; Mr. HOOPER, of Massachusetts; Gen. PAINE and Col. COBB, of Wisconsin; Senator DOOLITTLE, Senator NYE, and many other Western members have remained through the vacation. Some of the committees have had sessions, but as yet little business has been prepared. The Committee on Appropriations will present several important reports on the reassembling, while quite a budget of business for the Committee on Banks and Currency has been prepared by Bank Comptroller CLARKE. Among the measures of the latter will be the proposed increase of one hundred millions in the capital of the National Banks, to be effected as recommended in Mr. CLARKE's annual report, viz., by an issue of one hundred millions of bonds to be purchased by an equal amount of greenbacks, which are to be cancelled, and in their place ninety millions of national currency to issue. An actual reduction of ten millions of the currency is one of the results of this increase of the bank capital.

An important piece of evidence against prominent rebels, such as MALLORY, YULEE, DAVIS and others, has just come into the possession of the government. It is the original copy of the famous letter written by Senator YULEE in January, 1861, to Gen. FINNEGAN, of Fernandina, Florida, in which YULEE urged the immediate secession of Florida and other Southern States, and revealed the plot of the Southern conspirators here, resolved upon in caucus, which was, that the Southern States should be urged on to secession, while their senators and representatives kept their seats here until the 4th of March, so as to prevent any action of the government. This letter, resolutions and all, are in the handwriting of Senator YULEE, franked by him, and directed to Gen. FINNEGAN, Fernandina, "Independent Sovereignty of Florida." In February, 1862, Fernandina was captured by our forces, and this letter was found in FINNEGAN's house by the special correspondent of the TIMES, who accompanied the expedition. It was printed in the TIMES of March 15, 1862, and has since appeared in MCPHERSON's *History of the Rebellion*, and a *fac simile* was made for *Harper's Weekly*. The original copy went to the New-York Historical Society, which has turned it over to the government. It is a nice little piece of documentary evidence of the early deeds of the traitors.

The United States steamer *De Soto*, one of the finest and fleetest of the American Navy, being here, and about to depart for her station in the West Indies, Secretary SEWARD, his daughter, and Mr. FREDERICK SEWARD and wife, will take advantage of the opportunity and sail on a short trip, for the benefit of their health, as soon as the storm now prevailing will permit. Though this is the sole object of the party in making the trip, it is yet wonderful what exaggerated shapes the report has taken. Enterprising correspondents, who have been here long enough to recognize a rumor with the nasal organ alone, are in a great state of perturbation over the belief that the honorable Secretary is really bound for the Halls of the Montezumas, or will run the French blockade of the Rio Grande, or will hob-nob with JUAREZ in his camp somewhere among the *tierra templadas* of the Sierra Nevada, or perhaps will actually offer to escort MAX and CHARLOTTE in person clean out of the land of the cactus. Should the Secretary only bring back a box or two of fragrant Havanas, as evidences where he has been, some of these gentlemen will be sorely disappointed.

And apropos of Mexican matters, I want to say that the *Tribune*, in an editorial not long ago, kindly remembered me by saying that the Washington correspondence of the TIMES was noted for its "twaddle" about Mexican matters. But two paragraphs about Mexican matters have come from your correspondent here for six months or more. Let me return the compliment by saying that if the initials of the writer had been put to the article in the *Tribune* the public would have recognized the greatest manufacturer of "twaddle"—not only upon Mexican matters, but upon all others—connected with the press.

The dilapidated East Room of the White House will have a clean face on next Monday, and the President will shake hands with everybody and everybody will wish him a "Happy New-Year," and a great many plebeian boots will make tracks into and out of the Mansion in honor of the custom and the man. Among the features of the reception is the announcement that "ladies will be received." Therefore those who don't "receive" themselves, can roll up in their carriages, bundle out into the room, "curtsey" before the President, and retire through a window, which is to be the exit of the visitors, and it will be in accordance with the programme, if not fashionable. The New Year's levee will hardly be the inauguration of the "gay season" here. That generally commences with the regular evening receptions of the President, but owing to the refurnishing of the principal rooms of the Mansion, the receptions are not likely to begin before February. So there has been but little gayety in the national capital thus far this season. The week of opera which closes to-night is the chief opportunity that has been afforded our fashionable people for dress and display, and the opera, the Maretzel troupe, under the able management of Mr. GROVER, has been eminently successful, not only in the character of the several renditions, but in the crowded houses and the character of the audiences. The governmental, diplomatic and social leaders have been out in strong force, and a great deal of expensive and elegant dress has been displayed; though marred, as such occasions in a city like Washington always must be, by that want of harmony of taste and style which attends every assemblage of such people as compose the transient and heterogeneous society of this city.

It is astonishing how many reports of interviews of a remarkable character between the President and this or that member of Congress never are heard of until they appear in some newspaper, a thousand or two miles away. The last case in point is the report of the "high words" which the honorable Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, furnished to a correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune*. The conversation there reported cannot be recognized at the White House as having taken place in any such shape. To Mr. WILSON's credit, be it said, notwithstanding his own hot-tempered report of the affair, he behaved like a gentleman, and was not guilty of either the impudence or the threatening language attributed to him. A great many people with ruffled feathers visit the White House, but they all come away meekly, even if they don't get as much satisfaction as they desire.

To all my friends who have the good fortune not to live in Washington, here's a "Happy New Year."

CYMON.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Notices of the Enlargement.

From the Washington Chronicle.

The TIMES is a splendid property, chiefly owned and entirely controlled by Hon. HENRY J. RAYMOND, Representative in Congress from one of the New-York City districts. To him it owes its origin, its growth, its circulation, its commanding influence and its present unchallenged superiority. What renders the alteration more hazardous is the fact that there is no increase in price with the increase in size. Our own experience teaches us the enormous outlay necessary to make a good newspaper, and we can understand exactly how much has here been ventured by Mr. RAYMOND. That he will succeed and be followed by those who seem to doubt his success, is as sure as that great talents, heroic patriotism and unpausing energy have overcome mountains, annihilated space, bridged the seas with steamships and circled the earth with threads of fire.

From the Albany Argus.

This paper has appeared on an enlarged sheet and claims to be the largest daily in the United States, and the largest in the world except the London *Times*. In an editorial on the subject, the *Times* says: "In addition to the able writers who have hitherto given strength and interest to its editorial columns, it will have the aid of the great ability and unequaled experience, as a journalist and politician, of THURLOW WEED." It is complimentary to editorial talent and experience, in the interior, that a paper like the *Times* on assuming Metropolitan dimensions and position, should be placed under the charge of a "provincial" Editor, who, at nearly seventy years of age, proves equal to the task.

From the Roxbury (Mass.) Journal.

The NEW-YORK TIMES has enlarged its sheet to the size of the London *Times*, and is now the largest daily newspaper in America. The *Herald*, with a flourish, intimated a week or two since that it might do this hereafter. The TIMES has quietly gone to work and *done it*, thus taking the lead in enterprise in the metropolis.

From the American Presbyterian, Philadelphia.

The NEW-YORK TIMES has recently undergone great enlargement. A column has been added to every one of its eight pages, so that it now appears with fifty-six columns of printed matter every day. THURLOW WEED, Esq., is associated in its editorial management, and a fine polish, a statesmanlike breadth of view, and high editorial ability mark its columns.

From the Tonawanda Alleghanian.

This able and influential metropolitan journal (the TIMES) has been enlarged to the regular size of its London namesake, and has made a bold stroke for the leading position in American journalism. The TIMES, under the very able management of Mr. RAYMOND, has been successful from the start, and it is not difficult to perceive that in no respect will it hereafter hold a secondary position among the leading journals of the country.

From the Buffalo Commercial.

The NEW-YORK TIMES made its appearance yesterday enlarged to the size of the London *Times*. It is now the largest daily in the country. The TIMES is an admirably conducted journal, and we rejoice at the evidences of its prosperity and popular appreciation.

From the Binghamton Republican.

The NEW-YORK TIMES has been enlarged, a column being added to each page, and lengthened in proportion. This enlargement was made necessary from the great pressure of advertisements on its columns. The NEW-YORK TIMES is one of the most ably edited and reliable papers published in New-York City, and one of the leading organs of the Union party.

From the Suffolk (L. I.) Times.

We are glad to note that the TIMES is so well patronized as to warrant this enlargement. It is a fact, which the editor of the TIMES may well be proud of, that none of the dailies of New-York City have been so consistent in their loyalty to the government as the TIMES; and no doubt this has added so materially to its advertising patronage.

From the Fishkill Standard.

Whatever opinion people may have in regard to the political complexion of the TIMES, its value as a newspaper is everywhere acknowledged.

From the Buffalo Express.

This sterling journal furnishes the most substantial evidences of its popularity and prosperity in a necessity that has induced its enlargement to the dimensions of its London namesake—"the Thunderer."

From the Syracuse Journal.

The TIMES approaches more nearly the character of a reliable organ and exponent of Republican-Union principles than any other paper in New-York City, and in fact leaves not much to wish for in that respect.

From the Troy Whig.

This enlargement has been necessitated by the great pressure of advertisements, many of which that journal has been compelled to reject daily for want of space. The NEW-YORK TIMES may be set down fairly as the greatest newspaper success ever known in America. No money or labor has been spared to make the TIMES the first-class leading paper in America. Its independence and boldness on many public questions are characteristics that have commended it to the patronage and support of the thoughtful reading public. Its proprietors have the finest building, the best location, and a newspaper which will be, if it is not now, the most profitable of any in the country.

From the Watertown Democrat.

The recent enlargement of the N. Y. DAILY TIMES has made it the largest daily now published at the great metropolis. Of the high character of this journal—the brilliant ability with which it is conducted, and its influence as a leading Republican organ—it is needless to speak. As a newspaper giving the latest and fullest information of the events daily occurring, both at home and abroad, it is not surpassed by any other in this country.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Dec. 30, 1865.

$7,000	U. S. 6s, '68...C.	125	300	Cumb. Coal Pr.....	45
15,000	U. S. 6s, '68...R.	120	100	West. U. Teleg'h...	51
3,000	U. S. 6s, '81...R.	103⅞	100	Lehigh & S. Coal..	7⅞
1,000	do..........	104	300	Ashburton C.......	15
10,000	U. S. 6s, '81...C.	108⅛	4	N. Y. Central.......	97
80,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '62	105⅛	100	do..........	96⅞
96,000	do..........	105	100	do.......b15	96⅞
10,000	U.S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '64	102⅜	100	do.......c	96⅞
3,000	do..........	102	200	P., Ft. W. & C....	106
10,000	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, C. '65	101⅝	100	do..........	105⅞
106,000	do..........	102	500	do.......b30	106
1,000	U. S. 5s, '74 Cou.	98⅛	1700	Erie Railroad.....c	97
1,000	do...indorsed	95⅞	600	do..........c	96⅞
16,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40s, C.	93⅞	200	do..........	96⅞
500	do..........	93⅞	100	do.......s30	94
2,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s.		10	do..........	96
	First Ser........	98⅞	300	Reading R........	106⅞
30,000	do..2d Ser....	98⅞	420	do..........c	106⅞
2,000	do..3d Series.	98⅞	100	do.......b30	106⅞
2,650	do..........	98⅞	100	Mich. Cen. R.......	108⅞
60,000	U.S. 6s, 1 Yr. Cer.		100	do.......s30	107⅞
	New issue.......	98⅞	100	do.......s60	108⅞
16,000	N. Car. 6s.......	86	1300	Mich. S. & N. I....	74⅞
5,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. J.		200	Cleve. & Pitts......	83⅞
	Issue........	80	3600	do..........	83⅞
3,000	Missouri 6s......	78⅞	1500	do..........	84
10,000	Tenn. 6s, '90.....	89	4000	do..........	84⅞
2,000	N.Y. St. 7s, Bounty		200	do.......b30	84⅞
	ty Loan........	98⅞	400	do..........c	84⅞
85,000	O. & M. Cer.......	28⅞	500	do.......b30	84⅞
2,000	Erie 4th M......	97⅞	600	Chic. & N. W......	36
4,000	Hud. Riv. 1st M.	102	300	do..........c	35⅞
3,000	Mich. Cen. 8 ⅌ c.		200	Chi. & N.W.Pr......	61⅞
	New Loan......	112	500	Cleve. & Tol.......	113
1,000	C., Bur. & Q. 8s, 1st	114	1000	do..........	[illegible]
3,000	Ch. & N.W. C.C. 7s.	80	600	Chi. & R. I.......	108⅞
4,000	Clev. & Tol. S.F.B.	99	100	do.......b10	108⅞
1,000	Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	77	200	do..........	108⅞
2,000	Ill. Cen. Bs......	106	100	do.......b10	108⅞
20	Bank of Commerce.	110	800	do..........	108⅞
5	Fourth Nat. Bank..	101	100	Mil. & P. du C.....	96
50	Manhattan Bank..	132	114	Morris & Essex....	99
170	Cen. National B'k..	108	40	do..........	99⅞
300	Canton Co.......	45⅞	200	Mar. & Cin. 2d Pr..	29
200	do..........	45⅞	190	do..........	30
114	Del. & Hud. Canal.	145			

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

400	Canton Co.........c	45⅞	100	P., F. W. & C......c	105⅞
200	Cumb. Coal Pr.b30	45⅞	100	do..........b3	105⅞
100	Mar. Mining Co.b3	14⅞	100	M. S. & N. I......c	74⅞
200	N. Y. Central.......c	96⅞	100	do..........	74⅞
100	do..........	96⅞	100	do..........b10	74⅞
200	Erie Railroad.......c	97	100	do..........s10	74⅞
100	do..........	96⅞	100	do..........c	74⅞
100	do.........bnw	96⅞	100	do..........b5	74⅞
100	do.........b3	97	1200	Cleve. & Pitts.....	83⅞
200	Reading R.....	106⅞	300	do..........s5	83⅞
200	Cleve. & Tol. R....	112	300	do..........c	83⅞
200	Chic. & R. I........	108⅞	200	do..........	83⅞
100	do.......b15	108⅞	400	do..........s3	83⅞
200	do..........	108⅞	200	do..........	83⅞
100	Chi. & N. W. P.....	61⅞	200	do..........b3	83⅞

MONDAY, Jan. 1—A. M.

The foreign commerce of the port of New-York for the calendar year 1865 has been declared officially from the Custom House for only ten months, but semi-officially (by weeks) for the remaining two months. With these figures we are enabled to make a close approximation of the results of the year, as compared with the corresponding data of 1864. The tables will be rendered more exact in the course of a few weeks, when the Custom House official monthly returns for November and December are rendered. For present comparison we employ the weekly figures for these two months in both years.

The Import entries for the year 1865, exclusive of the small sums of Foreign Gold and Silver—say $2,400,000—were as follows, compared with the previous year:

	1865.	1864.
Jan. 1 to Oct. 31..........	$169,698,968	$197,634,549
Nine weeks, Nov. and Dec.	51,584,423	18,959,117
Total gross entries....	$221,283,391	$215,593,666

The consumption of Foreign Goods, as marketed at the port of New-York, by official returns to Oct. 31, and the estimates for November and December, (on the basis of the Customs Duties paid thereon,) are about as follows:

	1865.	1864.
Jan. 1 to Oct. 31..........	$178,296,739	$163,456,422
November and December.	37,033,872	20,744,453
Total marketed.......	$215,330,611	$184,200,875
Customs deposited..........	102,794,945	66,993,842

Our customary weekly tables which follow will, for present comparison, illustrate the movements of the year in the Exports of Domestic Produce and Foreign Miscellaneous Goods, and also the Export of Specie. The ordinary Exports (including Foreign articles reexported) aggregate in *Currency values:*

For the year 1865..................	$173,079,839
Average of Gold, 149 ⅌ cent.	
For the year 1864..................	$214,024,573
Average of Gold, 220 ⅌ cent.	

Reduced to their *Gold values*, all the Exports of the year compare as follows:

For 1865, Produce, &c..................	$116,160,660
Add Export of Gold and Silver..........	29,963,670
Total Exports, New-York Gold values...	$146,124,330
For 1864, Produce, &c..................	$97,283,897
Add Gold and Silver..................	50,000,705
Total Exports, New-York Gold values...	$147,284,602

The receipts at New-York of Gold, by sea, for two years respectively, were as follows:

In 1865, from California..................	$20,680,164
From Foreign ports..................	2,400,000
Together..................	$13,080,164
Exports as above..................	29,963,670
Excess of shipments..................	$6,883,506
In 1864, from California..................	$12,952,967
Foreign ports..................	2,264,000
Together..................	$15,216,967
Exports as above..................	50,000,705
Excess of shipments..................	$34,783,738

The amounts of Gold held in New-York at the beginning of the year 1865, were:

In Treasury Office..................	$10,494,258
In Bank..................	19,966,662
Together, Jan. 1, 1865..................	$30,460,920
On December official count..................	50,695,037
Accumulation..................	$20,234,117

The Import Entries for the past week, including the Dry Goods return in our last paper, amount to $5,728,178, as against the total entries of $2,375,440 same week last year. The Export Clearances of Domestic Produce amount to $3,076,073 against $1,619,706 same week last year. The export of Specie amounts to $263,904 against $1,000,854 same week last year. The Customs for the week are $1,704,548. The receipts of Cotton, coastwise and by railroad, are 31,239 bales; the number of emigrant passengers arrived during the week 1,242.

The Import entries of Foreign Merchandise at New-York since the 1st of January are officially (to 1st November) and semi-officially (since) reported as follows—the small entries of Foreign Specie being omitted:

January..........	$10,557,849	Nov. 4..........	$5,375,138
February..........	11,366,964	Nov. 11..........	6,174,655
March..........	15,769,131	Nov. 18..........	5,807,735
April..........	13,937,972	Nov. 25..........	6,733,221
May..........	12,699,024	Dec. 2..........	5,143,622
June..........	16,619,289	Dec. 9..........	3,344,058
July..........	18,908,198	Dec. 16..........	6,754,248
August..........	24,293,536	Dec. 23..........	6,463,578
September..........	22,480,272	Dec. 30..........	5,728,178
Oct..........	23,056,733		
Total to date..........			$221,283,391
Against same time 1864..........			215,593,666
Increase since Jan. 1..........			$5,689,725

The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign articles reexported since January 1, are:

January..........	$16,561,598	October..........	$21,272,243
February..........	15,750,802	Nov. 8..........	6,127,156
March..........	14,397,718	Nov. 15..........	6,415,566
April..........	7,711,648	Nov. 22..........	5,022,750
May..........	8,258,275	Nov. 29..........	3,840,230
June..........	8,246,644	Dec. 6..........	5,618,019
July..........	12,812,075	Dec. 13..........	4,810,189
August..........	14,681,077	Dec. 20..........	5,449,445
September..........	13,028,314	Dec. 27..........	3,076,073
Total to date..........			$173,079,839
Against same time 1864..........			214,024,573
Decrease since Jan. 1..........			$40,944,734

The Exports of Specie from New-York since Jan. 1 are:

January..........	$3,184,869	Nov. 4..........	$92,700
February..........	1,023,201	Nov. 11..........	196,400
March..........	381,913	Nov. 18..........	1,010,486
April..........	961,026	Nov. 25..........	723,516
May..........	7,252,071	Dec. 2..........	95,974
June..........	5,109,472	Dec. 9..........	498,936
July..........	723,986	Dec. 16..........	1,420,924
August..........	1,554,396	Dec. 23..........	463,389
September..........	2,494,973	Dec. 30..........	263,904
October..........	2,516,226		
Total to date..........			$29,963,670
Against same time 1864..........			50,000,075
Decrease since Jan. 1..........			$20,147,035

The deliveries of Gold from California at New-York, since Jan. 1, are:

January..........	$2,042,347	July..........	$1,092,804
February..........	896,082	August..........	1,681,206
March..........	1,673,444	September..........	2,027,144
April..........	2,307,024	October..........	2,479,087
May..........	1,257,651	November..........	1,952,873
June..........	750,465	Dec. 2..........	2,519,983
Total in 1865..........			$20,680,164
Total in 1864..........			12,952,967
Increase in 1865..........			$7,727,207

The following are the Customs received in Gold, and Gold Interest paid out at the New-York Office of the United States Treasury, since Jan. 1, 1865:

	Customs Received.		Gold Interest Paid.
January..........	$4,276,399	January..........	$2,449,290
February..........	4,823,214	February..........	913,429
March..........	5,471,026	March..........	2,009,665
April..........	6,369,560	April..........	183,187
May..........	8,230,195	May..........	10,292,800
June..........	7,887,554	June..........	1,086,274
July..........	9,908,190	July..........	5,714,367
August..........	13,190,400	August..........	454,575
September..........	13,037,062	September..........	4,117,419
October..........	11,064,409	October..........	5,885,803
November..........	10,138,601	November..........	4,243,786
December..........	8,378,335	December..........	2,783,684
Total, 1865....	$102,794,945	Total, 1865....	$40,104,279
Total, 1864....	66,993,842	Total, 1864....	33,126,874

The general trade of the past week was less active in the sales of Foreign Merchandise than the large Import entries would indicate. Nearly or quite one-third of the latter passed into Bond, to await the coming preparations for the Spring season. The Customs Duties were comparatively moderate, and altogether, for the month of December, fall something short of our estimate of $9,000,000 or $9,500,000. The actual deposits in the Treasury Office from this source were $8,378,335. In December, 1864, they were only $3,467,368. The Export clearances felt the Holiday interruption, though nearly double the same week last season. The Export of Specie has nearly altogether ceased, though a fresh supply of Gold Bars, &c., from California ($876,297 in amount) will be delivered from the steamer *Atlantic* on Tuesday, as the first arrival of the New Year. The list of consignees will be found in another part of this paper. Bills on London have declined to 109@109¼ ⅌ cent., 60 days' sight, and there is the prospect this week of a considerable sum of Short-sight Bills to be made against orders for United States 5-20s, part of which have already been filled.

At the close of the week a decline of full 1 ⅌ cent. in the rate of interest on Money lent in Wall-street was established. The rule is now 6 ⅌ cent., and some large balances were left with the leading Brokers on Saturday at 5 ⅌ cent. To-morrow the disbursements for January (Currency) Dividends will begin at Bank, and for Gold Dividends on United States Stocks at the Treasury Office. The Dividends on Bank Stocks alone are about three millions, and they will probably pay out as much more for Railways, State Stocks, &c. The Gold Dividends at the New-York Treasury Office for January will amount to about $6,000,000, and at the other offices $3,750,000; to which will be added $8,395,000 for the Currency Dividend, Jan. 15, on the last series of 7.30 ⅌ cents.

The improvement in all the Government Stocks from the recent depression has now fairly commenced, both as to demand and prices, and a large share of the proceeds of the various Currency and Gold Dividends in January will undoubtedly seek reinvestment in the Government Securities. The Railway Share Speculation also improved during the week past, and a specially heavy business was done in Erie Common Shares on Friday and Saturday.

COURSE OF STOCK EXCHANGE FOR WEEK:

American Gold Coin..........	145¾@144⅛
U. S. 6 ⅌ cents, 5-20 years..........	103⅞@105⅛
U. S. 5 ⅌ cents, 10-40 years..........	92⅛@93⅞
New-York Central..........	95⅞@96⅞
New-York and Erie..........	95⅞@97⅞
Rock Island..........	107@108⅞
Michigan Southern..........	74⅞@75
Michigan Central..........	117 with Div.@107⅞xd
Illinois Central..........	134@134
Hudson River..........	108⅞@108⅞
Cleveland and Pittsburgh..........	84⅞@81@84⅞
Fort Wayne and Chicago..........	115⅞ with Div.@104xd
Chicago and Northwestern..........	35⅞@35⅞
Almaden Quicksilver..........	44@44⅞
Mariposa Gold..........	14⅞@14⅞
Cumberland..........	44⅞@45
Reading..........	107⅞@106⅞
Northwestern Preferred..........	61⅞@61⅞
Canton Land Co..........	45⅞@45⅞
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates..........	28⅞@28⅞

The closing quotations on the 31st December, 1864, for the above were as follows:

Gold..........	226	Pittsburgh..........	97½
U. S. 5-20s..........	108⅛	Fort Wayne..........	104½
U. S. 10-40s..........	101½	N. West..........	40
N. Y. Central..........	114½	N. West Pref..........	70½
Erie..........	86	Quicksilver..........	101
Rock Island..........	105	Mariposa..........	19½
Mich. Southern..........	72	Cumberland..........	46
Mich. Central..........	117½	Reading..........	115¾
Ill. Central..........	127	Canton..........	35
Hudson..........	115¾	O. & M. Certif..........	33½

The Old Year went out on a very easy market for Money, the rate to the Brokers, Saturday, 6 ⅌ cent. The Stock Exchange also closed with an improved feeling, particularly on Government Securities and Erie Railway Shares. Most of the other New-York and Western Roads sympathized with the latter. At 3 o'clock P. M. the quotations were as follows, as compared with Friday afternoon. Gold left off 144⅜@144⅜, and the speculation weak. About $500,000 of U. S. 7.30s were taken at the morning Board at 99 for the second and third series, and 99⅛@¼ for the first series.

	Fri.	Sat.		Fri.	Sat.
U. S. 10-40s..........	93⅞	93⅞	Northwest..........	35⅞	35⅞
U. S. 5-20s..........	105⅛	105⅛	N. West Pref..........	61½	61⅞
U. S. 7-30s..........	98⅞	98⅞	Rock Island..........	108⅛	108⅛
N. Y. Central..........	96⅞	96⅞	Fort Wayne..........	106	*104
Erie..........	96⅞	97⅞	Cumb'land Coal..........	44⅞	45
Hudson..........	108⅞	108⅞	Quicksilver..........	44⅞	44⅞
Reading..........	106⅞	106⅞	Mariposa..........	14⅞	14⅞
Mich. Southern..........	74⅞	75	Canton..........	45⅞	45⅞
Illinois Central..........	133	133	Ohio Certificates..........	28⅞	28⅞
Pittsburgh..........	83⅞	84⅞	American Gold..........	145⅞	144⅞
Prairie du Chien..........	95	96	Bills on London..........	109⅞	109⅞

* Ex-Div.

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares. The Fourth National half-yearly Dividend is *five* ⅌ cent., the Dividend periods being changed from March and September to January and July. The *quarterly* Dividend of the National Currency is 15 ⅌ cent.

Merchants'..........	110	Hanover..........	104
Mechanics'..........	110	Irving..........	105
Tradesmen's..........	130	Metropolitan..........	120½
Merchants' Exch'ge..........	102	Corn Exchange..........	112
Leather Manufact's..........	175	Continental..........	98
State of New-York..........	103	St. Nicholas..........	100
Commerce..........	109½	Commonwealth..........	104
Mech's Bk'g Asso'n..........	100	Importers' & Traders'..........	95
Broadway..........	240	N. Y. Nat'l Ex. B'k..........	121
Ocean..........	90	Central National..........	107
American Exchange..........	110	Fourth National..........	101¼
Pacific..........	160	Ninth National..........	101
Chatham..........	130		

The following bids were made for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883..........	93¼	Chi. & N. W. 1st M..........	82
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub'n..........	90	Lack. & West'n Bonds..........	100
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76..........	102½	Del. L. & W. 1st M..........	102
Erie 1st M., '68..........	99½	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. Ex..........	90
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83..........	98	Gal. & Chic. Ext..........	100
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880..........	97	Gal. & Chic. 2d M..........	95
Buf. N.Y. & E. 1st M. '77..........	93	Chi. & R. I. 1st mort..........	101
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M. '69..........	102	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund..........	99
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M '75..........	94	N. J. Central 1st M..........	101
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67..........	95	N. J. Central 2d M..........	102
Harlem 1st mort., '69-72..........	99	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M..........	103
Harlem 3ds, '68..........	95	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch., 2d..........	96½
Mich. C. new 1sts, 8s, '82..........	112	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d M..........	87½
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ⅌ c..........	94	Cleve. & P. 4th mort..........	77
Ill. Cen. 7 p. c. 1875..........	105	Miss. & Mo. L. G. 1st M..........	48
Alton & T. H. 1st M..........	90	Pen. R. R. Bonds..........	71
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pr..........	79	Marietta & Cin., 1st M..........	84
Chi. & N. W. Int B..........	80	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort..........	96
Chi. & N. W. Ex. B..........	77		

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $11,351,121 86—for Customs, $432,000; on account of Loan, $982,000; Coin Certificates, $411,360. Payments, $9,317,853 84. Balance, $75,995,841 08.

The Norwich and Worcester Road has declared a half-yearly dividend of *five* per cent., making 9 per cent. dividend out of the profits of 1865. The Hanover Fire Insurance a half-yearly dividend of *five* per cent.

The attention of parties disposed to Southern plantation investments or advances, is directed to the card of Mr. H. Waller, at present at the Banking-house of Lees & Waller, No. 33 Pine-street.

Among the New-York changes in the Stock firms, we notice that Mr. Charles E. Milnor, late of Babcock & Milnor, joins L. P. Morton & Co., and Mr. Theodore Rogers joins his brother, (long a member of the Stock Exchange,) Mr. J. Warren Rogers, at No. 14 Broad-street, the firm style to be J. Warren Rogers & Co.

The following is the official report of the New-York Treasury Office, for the month of December:

Dec. 1, 1865, by balance..........		$58,546,474
Receipts during the month:		
On account of customs..........	$8,378,395	
On account of loans..........	7,667,468	
On account of internal revenue..........	360,011	
On account of coin certificates..........	13,348,920	
On account of Post-office Department..........	711,913	
On account of transfers..........	7,675,328	
On account of patent fees..........	3,737	
On account of miscellaneous..........	24,025,289—	62,360,999
Total..........		$120,907,473
Payments:		
Treasury drafts..........	$65,369,245	
Post-office drafts..........	20,927—	65,390,172
Balance Dec. 31, 1865..........		$55,517,300
By balance, Cr., disbursing accounts..........	$13,473,335	
Receipts during the month..........	18,606,249—	32,079,585
To payments..........		17,904,068
Balance..........		$14,175,516
By Balance, Cr., interest accounts..........	$2,828,843	
To Appropriations..........	10,560,141—	13,388,984
To payments in coin..........	2,783,684	
To payments in notes..........	3,872,506—	6,656,190
Balance..........		$6,732,794
By receipts for customs in the month of December, 1865..........		$8,378,335
By receipts for customs in the month of December, 1864..........		3,467,368
Increase in the month of December, 1865....		$4,910,966
By balance, credit, bullion and expense account for Assay Office..........		332,515
By coin received during the month..........	$636,156	
By fine bars received during the month..........	1,071,014—	1,707,170
Total..........		$2,039,686
To payments in coin..........	$460,846	
To payments in fine bars..........	346,502—	807,348
Balance..........		$1,232,337
By funds in hand in Assistant Treasurer's Office..........	$76,425,611	
By funds in hand in Assay Office..........	370,613—	76,796,225
By fine bars at Assay Office..........	517,308	
By unparted bullion, Assay Office..........	568,883—	1,086,192
Total..........		$77,882,417
Less temporary loan to be reimbursed..........	$1,002,896	
Due depositors..........	883,679—	1,886,576
Balance..........		$75,995,841

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

N. Y. STATE 7 PER CENT. STOCK,
7-30 NOTES AND COMPOUND NOTES
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY THE
NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK,
No. 2 Wall-st., corner of Broadway.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New-York, Saturday, Dec. 30, 1865.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been: 13 bbls. Ashes, 4,560 bbls. Flour, 200 bbls. and 3,600 bags Corn Meal, 960 bushels Wheat, 2,750 bushels Corn, 250 bushels Barley, 700 bushels Malt, 6,000 bushels Oats, 883 bbls. Pork, 299 pkgs. Cut Meats, 15 pkgs. Lard, 50 bbls. Beef, and 479 bbls. Whisky.

COFFEE—Has been held rather firmly, but has not been in much request to-day. We quote: Java at 28c.@29c.; Maracaibo at 21c.@24c.; Laguayra at 21c.@23½c.; Rio at 17c.@20c.; Native Ceylon at 24c.@25c., and St. Domingo at 17½c.@18½c., cash, in gold, ⅌ lb.

COTTON—Has been less active, but stiffly held. Middlings 52½c.@53½c. ⅌ lb. Sales and resales since our last 3,400 bales. The receipts of Cotton at this port this week, have been 31,381 bales, making receipts of 118,123 bales since the 1st of December, and 432,843 bales since the commencement of the current Cotton year, Sept. 1, 1865.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been quiet and rather heavy, to-day. Sales since our last 4,500 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 40@$7 80; common to choice Extra State at $8 55@$8 90, chiefly at $8 50@$8 65; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 85@$9 20 ⅌ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western..........	$7 40	@$7 90
Extra State..........	8 45	@ 8 90
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 50	@11 25
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 85	@ 9 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands..	9 30	@11 75
Extra Genesee..........	9 00	@11 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri....	10 00	@15 75

Southern Flour is quiet, but steady. Sales since our last 500 bbls., in lots, at $9 10@$10 20 for poor to good, and $10 25@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is dull; sales 300 bbls. Extra at $8 45@$11 50 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour continues in demand, including Superfine at $5 25@$6 25 ⅌ bbl.: sales 120 bbls. Corn Meal has been quiet at $4 20@$4 30 for Western, $4 25@$4 35 for Jersey, and $4 65@$4 75 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 125 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been very dull to-day; desirable lots have been firm; inferior lots heavy and drooping. Small sales of old Milwaukee Club were reported at $1 88@$1 90 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been quiet at easier prices. Sales since our last 31,000 bushels, at 88c.@94c. for unsound, and 95c.@96c. for sound Mixed Western, in store and afloat, ⅌ bushel. Rye has been dull; 1,200 bushels State were sold at $1 08. Barley has been neglected. Oats continue quiet at previous figures, including State at 62c.@62½c.; Old Western at 60c.@62c.; and unsound at 50c.@56c., ⅌ bushel. We are indebted to Mr. Wm. H. Wafton, publisher of the *Produce Exchange Reporter*, for the following

Comparative Stock of Flour in New-York, Jan. 1.

	1864.	1865.	1866.
Western and State Flour, bbls..	557,057	465,835	703,252
Canadian Flour, bbls..........	15,100	4,950	22,800
Southern Flour, bbls..........	35,100	37,463	28,250
Grand total, bbls..........	605,257	508,248	754,302

Comparative Stock of Grain in New-York, Jan. 1.

	1863.	1864.	1865.	1866.
Wheat, bush....	4,734,817	5,540,444	1,807,356	2,940,108
Corn, bush....	4,223,013	1,731,820	464,414	4,101,704
Rye, bush....	33,270	37,409	212,298	518,448
Barley, bush....	99,144	584,700	624,164	1,009,897
Oats, bush....	531,312	3,441,836	3,018,301	2,946,862

HAY—North River bale continues in moderate demand, at 75c.@95c. for poor to choice, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been quiet at unchanged prices.

HIDES—The week's receipts have been 74,376 Hides; sales, 45,500 Hides—the latter including, according to Messrs. Weizel & Weidemeyer, 5,000 Buenos Ayres, 24 lbs., at 20½c., gold, usual selection; 17,000 Buenos Ayres, 22@22½ lbs., at 18½c.@19c., gold, usual selection; 16,000 Rio Grande, part to arrive, 20½@21½ lbs., at 16½c.@17c., gold, usual selection; 500 California, 21 lbs., 26½c., currency, usual selection; 5,000 Vera Cruz, 19 lbs., private terms; 1,600 Slaughter Ox, 70@75 lbs., at 12½c.@13c., currency, rejecting bad hides; 400 Slaughter Cow, 50 lbs., at 9c., currency, rejecting bad hides. Stock in importers' and speculators' hands; 212,600 Dry Hides, (same time in 1864, 358,200,) 5,100 Wet Salted do. and 100 bales East India Hides. The stock consists of 31,000 Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, &c., 30,500 California, 33,500 Rio Grande, 40,000 Orinoco, 5,000 Porto Cabello, 9,000 Aspinwall and San Juan, 2,600 Honduras, &c., 1,000 Tampico and Matamoras, 4,000 Vera Cruz and Mexican, 1,000 Chili and Peru, 1,000 Maracaibo, 3,500 Savanilla, &c., 12,000 Texas, 37,000 African Kips, 1,500 East Indies Common, 100 bales Calcutta Cow and Buffalo, 4,000 Wet Salted Rio Grande and Montevideo, 1,108 Wet Salted California.

LEATHER—The movements in this line during the past week Messrs. Hull & Co. notice thus: "The market for Hemlock Sole has ruled active for the season, sales being quite large, principally to Eastern manufacturers and dealers. Prices, without any quotable change, are firm at the annexed figures, prime parcels commanding outside rates readily. The receipts from the tanneries foot up about 33,000 sides, somewhat less than the sales. The stock on hand is fair, but not excessive, though composed principally of inferior parcels. Oak Tanned Sole is also in moderate request at firm rates, with a light stock on hand. Rough Upper is in fair inquiry at quotations." We quote: Sole—Oak Slaughter and salted, good Light, 35c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good Middle, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter and salted, good Heavy, 42c.@45c.; Oak Slaughter, light Cropped, good, 43c.@48c.; Oak Slaughter, middle Cropped, good, 48c.@53c.; Oak Slaughter, bellies cropped, good, 19c.@21c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Light, 35½c.@36½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Middle, 38c.@39c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, &c., good Heavy, 39c.@40c.; Hemlock, California, good Light, 33½c.@35c.; Hemlock, California, good Middle, 37½c.@38½c.; Hemlock, California, good Heavy, 38c.@39c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Light, 32½c.@33½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Middle, 35½c.@37c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., good Heavy, 33c.@34½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and B. A. Damaged all weights, 31c.@35c.; Hemlock, Orinoco and B. A. Poor all weights, 22c.@24c.; Hemlock Slaughter, in rough, 30c.@34c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Light, 33c.@36c.; Oak Slaughter, in rough, Middle and Heavy, 37c.@44c., cash ⅌ lb.

NAVAL STORES—Have been quiet at irregular figures.

OILS—have been quiet and depressed, including Crude Whale at $1 58@$1 60; Bleached do. at $1 65@$1 70; Crude Sperm at $2 45@$2 50; Unbleached do. at $2 60@$2 65; Lard Oil at $1 95@$2 10; Red Oil at $1@$1 10; Linseed Oil at $1 43@$1 44; Olive at $1 80@$1 90, ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been inactive at 40c.@40½c. for Crude; 62½c.@63c. for Refined in bond; and 82c.@84c. for do. free, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more freely offered to-day at lower and irregular prices, but has been in less demand. Sales since our last of 3,200 bbls., in lots, at $29@$29 25; closing at $29, cash, for Mess; $24 50 for Prime Mess; $30 50@$31 for new Mess, and $23 50 for new Prime, ⅌ bbl. Sales were also made of 3,250 bbls. New Mess, January and February and March delivery, sellers' options, at $29@$30 ⅌ bbl. Stock of Pork to-day, 34,746 bbls., including 16,107 bbls. Old Mess, 4,116 bbls. New Mess, and 8,900 bbls. Prime Mess, ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats have been very dull at 11c.@13c. for Shoulders, and 13½c.@16c. for Hams. Bacon is quiet and nominal. Dressed Hogs are heavy and down to 12½c.@13½c. Lard is quiet. Sales 400 tcs. and bbls. at 16½c.@20c., ⅌ lb. Beef is inactive at $14@$17 for Extra Mess, and $11@$14 for Plain Mess; also, $17@$20 for New Plain Mess, and $22@$24 for New Extra do. Sales have been reported of 250 bbls. Tierce Beef continues quiet but firm at $35@$40 for Prime Mess, and $40@$45 for India Mess. Stock of Beef to-day, 34,920 tierces and bbls., including 23,236 tierces and bbls. Old, and 11,684 tierces and bbls. New. Beef Hams continue quiet; 150 bbls. State and Western were sold at $32 50@$35, ⅌ bbl. Butter is very dull at 27c.@40c. for poor to prime, and 40c.@50c. for fancy State, and 20c.@35c. for Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese continues inactive at 13c.@18½c. for poor to choice ⅌ lb. We quote:

BUTTER.

Orange and Sussex—fresh pails, ⅌ lb..........	35	@55
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ⅌ lb..........	35	@55
Half-firkin tubs, State—first quality, ⅌ lb..........	40	@42
Half-firkin tubs, State—second quality, ⅌ lb..........	35	@38
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ⅌ lb..........	40	@42
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ⅌ lb..........	35	@38
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ⅌ lb..........	38	@40
N. Y. S. Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ⅌ lb..........	34	@36
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ⅌ lb..........	27	@32
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ⅌ lb..........	35	@38
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ⅌ lb..........	27	@32
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—fair to good, ⅌ lb..........	27	@32
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ⅌ lb..........	27	@32
Common Western—firkins, ⅌ lb..........	20	@23
Canada Butter—good to fine, ⅌ lb..........	27	@32
Roll Butter—good to fine, ⅌ lb..........	30	@33

CHEESE.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality..........	18½	@18¾
Factory-made Dairies—second quality..........	17½	@18
Farm Dairies—first quality..........	17½	@18
Farm Dairies—second quality..........	16	@17
Farm Dairies—common..........	13	@15
Orange County—flat skimmed..........	15	@18

SKINS—The arrivals of Deer have been large during the week, which has checked the demand somewhat. The stock is held with more or less firmness above the views of buyers. Sales during the week are unimportant, though some of the parcels arrived were previously sold. Goat continue in very limited request at nominal rates. The receipts embrace 50 bales Patna, per *Yara Yara*, 220 bales Curacoa, and several small parcels Payta, via Aspinwall. The prospective receipts are large.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 14,000 lbs. at 14½c.@16c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales to-day reach 36,000 lbs. at 13½c.@13¾c., and 16,000 lbs. Grease at 11c.@12½c. ⅌ lb.

WHISKY—Sales since our last have been confined to small lots at $2 27@$2 28 ⅌ gallon. Market continues very dull.

FREIGHTS—Were very quiet, with 526 vessels of all classes in port. For Liverpool, the engagements included 200 bales Cotton at ⅜d.@7-16d. ⅌ lb; 400 bxs. Bacon at 20s. ⅌ ton; also, by steamer, 100 bales Cotton at 9-16d. ⅌ lb.; and 3,500 bushels Corn at 5½d. ⅌ bushel. For other ports, nothing really new.

The Church in Mexico.

The following statistics will be found interesting:

The ecclesiastical establishment in Mexico consists of one Archbishop, eight Bishops and about 10,000 clergy of all orders. It is the richest Church established in the world. Its landed property, mortgages and rents are estimated to be worth about $150,000,000; to say nothing of the untold millions invested in cathedrals and church edifices, which are all of the most solid and costly construction, and are said to be as valuable now as the day they were built. With their gold and silver vessels, candlesticks and other ornaments, these buildings (of which there are 108 in the City of Mexico alone) are estimated at $50,000,000. The landed property is continually increasing in value, in the same measure that the silver mines are becoming more productive. The revenues of the clergy are still very large, though not so enormous as they were when Mexico was a Spanish colony. At that time the annual income of the Archbishop was $130,000, and that of the eight bishops, united, $409,000. The Archbishop is the financial as well as the ecclesiastical head of the Church, and subordinate to him there is a single person in each diocese, by whom this vast property is controlled.

Religious Establishments of Italy.

The progressive or liberal Italians propose to improve the financial condition of the nation by suppressing the religious orders and assuming the salaries of the regular clergy. There are 84 of these establishments, of which 80 possess property to the amount of $8,000,000. The monasteries contain 15,494 clerical and 4,466 lay members, who are men, and nearly 26,000 women. The annual incomes of the property holding orders are estimated at $3,000,000, and the capital from which this income arises is valued at $75,000,000. The regular clergy in 229 dioceses, with their Bishops and Archbishops, have a revenue of $13,000,000, which, so far as salaries are concerned, is very unequally distributed. The proposed measure, therefore, if it does not find active friends, has some passive supporters, even among the Church party.

Hon. Samuel D. Bradford, formerly a prominent merchant of Boston, recently died at his residence in West Roxbury, Mass., at the age of seventy years. The deceased was the son of Rev. Dr. Bradford, formerly of the Spring-street Church, Jamaica Plain, and graduated at Harvard in 1814, with President Walker, Prescott, the historian, and other eminent citizens.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION.

Friday, December 29, 1865,
Two o'clock P. M.

The Board met, pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—James Hayes, Esq., President, in the chair, and the following members:

Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—23.

The reading of the minutes of the last meeting was dispensed with.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Keenan—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is authorized and directed to lease to the Trustees of the Church of the Redeemer, Yorkville, for a term of ninety-nine years, at the nominal rental of one dollar per year, the lots on Eighty-second-street and Fourth-avenue, as a site for a church.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities.

By Councilman Robinson—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Smith and Sanders to exhibit goods in front of their premises number one hundred and sixty-five Chatham-street, the same not to interfere with the public travel, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the same—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Smith and Sanders to exhibit goods in front of their premises number one hundred and eleven Bowery, the same not to interfere with public travel, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Healy—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Isaac L. Case, number twenty-one Catharine-street, to continue signs and exhibit goods in front of his premises, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Houghtalin—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George Lockwood to place a sign in front of his premises, number four hundred and seven West-street, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman McGrath—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John O'Brien to place a sign in front of his premises, numbers two hundred and ninety-six and two hundred and ninety-eight First-avenue, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Joyce—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the following named blind persons for the sum of fifty dollars, viz.: Timothy Mahony, residing at Seventy-eighth street and Fourth avenue; and Ellen Cleary, residing at one hundred and sixty-five East Eighty-sixth street, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Comptroller, with power.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolved, That the name of Mary Doley, residing at number four hundred and twenty-five First-avenue, be placed on the list of blind persons that are to receive donations of fifty dollars each from the Common Council.

(By Board of Aldermen, referred to Comptroller, with power.)

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Mary Deleminck to keep a coffee stand in Burling-slip, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Delavergne & Swan, number ninety-five Barclay-street, to exhibit and receive and deliver goods in front of their premises, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Houston-street, from Lewis to Mangin street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Petition of the Managers of the New-York Asylum for Lying-in Women for a donation, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Mrs. E. A. Smith, First Directress of the New-York Asylum for Lying-in Women, for the sum of five hundred and eighty-nine dollars and eighty cents as a donation, to be applied by the said First Directress in redemption of the property of the said asylum which was sold for unpaid assessment for building a sewer in Marion-street, on the eighteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Donations and Charities.

Report of the Committee on Streets, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Jeremiah D. Moore for the sum of ninety dollars, for blasting sixty yards of rock for the purpose of setting curb and gutter stones, &c., of Eighty-fourth-street, between Avenues A and B, and charge the same to its proper account.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George D. Phelps, to construct bay windows to houses to be erected on the northeast corner of Park-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, said windows not to project more than four and a half feet, said permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the name of Patrick Osborn, residing at number two hundred and twenty-four West Fiftieth-street, be placed on the list of blind persons, and receive the amount of fifty dollars for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

(By Board of Aldermen, referred to the Comptroller, with power.)

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Robert Irwin to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number three hundred and thirty Bowery, corner of Bond-street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the names of Sarah Donelly, residing at number three hundred and thirty-eight East Sixteenth-street, Mary Donelly, residing at number three hundred and thirty-eight East Sixteenth-street, Hannah Reed, residing at number three hundred and fifty-three West Forty-fourth-street, and Margaret O'Coner, residing at number three hundred and fifty-three West Forty-fourth-street, on the list of blind persons who are to receive as a donation the sum of fifty dollars each.

(By Board of Aldermen referred to the Comptroller with power.)

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-first street from Second avenue to Lexington-avenue be paved with Belgian pavement, and the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Eleventh-avenue, from Fifty-third to Fifty-ninth street, be paved with cobble-stone pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Fifty-fourth-street, between Broadway and Ninth-avenue, be flagged to their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-eighth-street, from Lexington to Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks of Forty-second-street, from the Sixth to the Eighth avenues, be flagged to their full width, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-third-street, from Second to Lexington avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Ninetieth-street, from Broadway to the Hudson River, be regulated and graded, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-eight-street, from the First to the Second-avenue, be curbed, guttered and flagged under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Ordinance by the Board of Councilmen, as follows:

AN ORDINANCE

MAKING ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following additional appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five are hereby made for the several objects and purposes specified, to wit:

CONTINGENCIES—LAW DEPARTMENT—Nine thousand dollars	$9,000 00
CONTINGENCIES—CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD—Two thousand dollars	2,000 00
OPENING NEW STREETS—EXPENSES OF—Two thousand five hundred dollars	2,500 00
SEWERS—REPAIRING AND CLEANING—Twenty thousand dollars	20,000 00
SEWERAGE SYSTEM SURVEYS—One thousand dollars	1,000 00
COMPILATION OF LAWS AND ORDINANCES—Thirteen thousand dollars	13,000 00
CONTROVERSY IN RELATION TO STREET COMMISSIONER IN 1857—Forty-two thousand one hundred and eighty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents	42,188 96
COURT-HOUSE, FOURTH POLICE DISTRICT—Fifteen hundred and seventy-five dollars	1,575 00
MADISON PARK IRON RAILING—Forty thousand dollars	40,000 00
OPENING AND WIDENING SEVENTH-AVENUE—Forty thousand dollars	40,000 00
TWENTY-NINTH PRECINCT STATION-HOUSE—Forty thousand dollars	40,000 00
THIRTY-SECOND PRECINCT STATION-HOUSE—Five thousand dollars	5,000 00
PRINTING FOR COMMON COUNCIL (Special)—Thirty thousand dollars	30,000 00
JUDGMENTS—Thirty-two thousand eight hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-seven cents	32,890 77
INTEREST ON VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS' FAMILY AID FUND BONDS, No. 12—Fifteen thousand dollars	15,000 00
INTEREST ON CENTRAL PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND STOCK OF 1895—Ten thousand dollars	10,000 00
SEVENTIETH STREET REGULATING—Four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars	4,250 00
METROPOLITAN FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND—Six hundred thousand dollars	600,000 00
GRADING HAMILTON-SQUARE—Twenty thousand dollars	20,000 00
REDEMPTION OF REVENUE BONDS ISSUED FOR THE PAYMENT OF JUDGMENTS—Six hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and forty-two dollars and seventy-six cents	632,142 76
LAYING OUT THE CITY NORTH OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIFTH-STREET—Twelve thousand five hundred dollars	12,500 00
CITY CHAMBERLAIN—FEES OF—Twenty thousand dollars	20,000 00

Sec. 2. The first section of an ordinance entitled "An Ordinance making the annual appropriations for the support of the Government of the City of New-York, for the year one thousand eighteen hundred and sixty-five, the payment of interest on a portion of the city debt, and the redemption of the principal of said debt becoming due in said year," approved by the Mayor, March twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, is hereby amended under the head of "Cleaning Streets," to read as follows:

CLEANING STREETS—For sweeping and keeping the streets and avenues of the city clean and in order, and removing the dirt, ashes, and other refuse matter therefrom, under the direction of the City Inspector, for six months ending June thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, five hundred and forty-six thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight dollars and forty-seven cents	$546,898 47
—and for payment of contractors for cleaning streets, the balance of the year ending December thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, as per contract, including expenses incurred by the Commissioners for advertising, &c., two hundred and fifty thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars	250,750 00

By Board of Aldermen, December twenty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, amended to read as follows:

AN ORDINANCE

MAKING ADDITIONAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE YEAR EIGHTEEN HUNDRED AND SIXTY-FIVE.

The Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York do ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following additional appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five are hereby made for the several objects and purposes specified, to wit:

CONTINGENCIES—LAW DEPARTMENT—Nine thousand dollars	$9,000 00
COURT-HOUSE, FOURTH POLICE DISTRICT—Fifteen hundred and seventy-five dollars	1,575 00
THIRTY-SECOND PRECINCT STATION-HOUSE—Five thousand dollars	5,000 00
PRINTING FOR COMMON COUNCIL (Special)—Thirty thousand dollars	30,000 00
INTEREST ON VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS' FAMILY AID FUND BONDS, No. 12—Fifteen thousand dollars	15,000 00
INTEREST ON CENTRAL PARK IMPROVEMENT FUND STOCK OF 1895—Ten thousand	10,000 00
GRADING HAMILTON-SQUARE—Twenty thousand dollars	20,000 00
REDEMPTION OF REVENUE BONDS ISSUED FOR THE PAYMENT OF JUDGMENTS—Six hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and forty-two dollars and seventy-six cents	632,142 76
LAYING OUT THE CITY NORTH OF ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIFTH-STREET—Twelve thousand five hundred dollars	12,500 00
CITY CHAMBERLAIN—FEES OF—Twenty thousand dollars	20,000 00

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

The following was received:

City of New-York, Law Department,
Office of Counsel to the Corporation,
December 29, 1865.

To the Honorable the Common Council of the City of New-York:

Gentlemen:

I have deemed it my duty to make a change in the office of Public Administrator. In order to have the accounts of that office properly adjusted for submission to the Corporation, I have availed myself of the services of Hon. Murray Hoffman, who has kindly consented to accept the appointment to the office of Public Administrator for that purpose.

I would respectfully request the appointment of a committee to investigate the affairs of this Bureau.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

Councilman Hagerty moved that the request of the Corporation Counsel, contained in the above communication, be complied with.

Which was carried.

And the President appointed as such committee on the part of this Board Councilmen Hagerty, Green and Joyce.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Reverend Jeremiah S. Lord, President of the Board of Consistory of the Reformed Dutch Church Cemetery of Harlem, for one hundred and ten dollars and seventy-seven cents, ($110 77,) as a donation, being amount of assessment on said cemetery for regulating and grading One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, from Third-avenue to Harlem River, and charge the same to account of Donations and Charities.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Lent—2.

Report of Committee on Croton Aqueduct Department of Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Mrs. Ellen Murphy for five hundred dollars, for damages sustained by falling into sewer corner Harrison and Greenwich streets, on the evening of the seventeenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—23.

Resolution by Board of Aldermen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the owners of property in One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, to pave said street at their own cost and expense, under the direction of the Croton Board.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Assessments of the Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Nathaniel M. Freeman, Clerk of the Consistory and Treasurer of the Prospect Hill Reformed Dutch Church, for the sum of four hundred and thirteen dollars and fifty-six cents, to be applied by said Freeman to the payment of an assessment upon the property of said church, for regulating and grading Third-avenue, from Eighty-sixth-street to One Hundred and Tenth-street, together with the interest that may have accrued since the confirmation of said assessment, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Lent—2.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Stacom moved that when the Board adjourns it adjourn to meet to-morrow, the 30th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M.

Which was carried.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Moore, Treasurer, for the sum of forty-seven dollars, being the amount of assessment against the property of the Sisters of Charity in East Broadway.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Lent—2.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to have steps placed at the intersection of Broadway and Eighty-fourth-street forthwith, at a cost not exceeding one hundred and fifty dollars, the same to be taken from the appropriation for Roads.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson and Lent—2.

Report of Committee on Assessments of Board of Aldermen, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he hereby is authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Samuel A. Hills, one of the petitioners annexed, for the sum of eighty-one dollars and ten cents, to be as a donation, to be applied by said Hills in payment of the annexed bill of taxes imposed upon the Congregational Church of Harlem as therein described, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilman Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—22.

Negative—Councilman Lent—1.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby directed to draw his warrant for the sum of four hundred dollars in favor of Michael Reynolds, as a donation for loss of horse from Pier number fifty-seven, East River, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healey, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, McGrath, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—19.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Leavy, Green, Lent—4.

(Councilman Lent was here called to the Chair.)

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw warrants in favor of the persons and for the amounts respectively as passed by the Board of City Canvassers, December 18, 1865, for services to said Board, the amounts to be taken from the appropriation for "Election Expenses," or any other account having an unexpended balance sufficient to pay the same.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healey, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—22.

Negative—Councilman Lent—1.

Report of Committee on Assessments of Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Jonas Sparks, President of the Board of Trustees of the Fifty-third-street Baptist Church, for the sum of four hundred and seventy-four dollars, as a donation, to be applied in payment of an assessment levied against the property of said church, situated on the northerly side of Fifty-third-street, between Sixth and Seventh-avenues, for the construction of a sewer in said street, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Lent—2.

Report of Committee on Streets of Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fortieth-street, from the First to the Second-avenue, be regulated, graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—22.

Negative—Councilman Lent—1.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips of Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the pier at the foot of Twenty-eighth-street, East River, be put in complete and thorough repair, without any unnecessary delay, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Councilman Leavy moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

Which was carried.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Charles Bauch for the sum of one hundred dollars for services rendered to the Joint Committee appointed to celebrate the fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, as Sergeant-at-Arms, and charge the same to the account of "City Contingencies."

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—23.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed immediately to cause the necessary repairs to be made to the dock at the foot of Forty-seventh-street, North River.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen, as follows:

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the owners of property in One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, from the Third to the Fourth avenue, to regulate and grade, set curb and gutter stones, and flag the sidewalk, the same to be done at their own cost and expense, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was concurred in.

Councilman Leavy moved that the Committee on Donations and Charities be discharged from the further consideration of application of the Trustees of the St. Joseph's Asylum for a donation of five thousand dollars.

Prayer of the petitioners granted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson and Lent—2.

Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board be and he is hereby directed to prepare and have printed three thousand copies of the Official Canvass of the November and December Elections of 1865, in document form.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Councilmen Patterson, Lent—2.

Paper from the Board of Aldermen, being petition of C. Godfrey Gunther and Mary A. Dubois, for permission for additional buildings to Infants' Home, and resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to lease, on behalf of the city, to the Nursery and Child's Hospital of the City of New-York, for the annual rent of one dollar, for so long a time as the same shall be employed as a home for illegitimate children and a Lying-in Asylum, the lots of ground thereon situate, at the southeast corner of Lexington-avenue and Fifty-first-street, between property of the Corporation, leased in like manner to the said Nursery and Child's Hospital, and that said lessee be authorized to hold said property free and clear of all taxes and assessments, except that two rooms of the said building now occupied by the Northeastern Dispensary shall continue to be so occupied until the further order of the Common Council; and be it further

Resolved, That the small gore of land lying south of the said buildings be and is hereby granted to the same petitioners as a playground, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to make such repairs upon the buildings above-mentioned as are above petitioned forthwith, the said repairs to be done without contract, provided the expense thereof shall not exceed the sum of five thousand dollars, ($5,000.)

Councilman Russell moved to amend the first resolution by striking out all after the word "assessments," and inserting in lieu thereof the words following:

"Except the four rooms of the said building now occupied by the Northeastern Dispensary, which the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to lease on behalf the city to the Managers of the Northeastern Dispensary, on the same terms, and for the same length of time, as the rest of said building is leased to the Nursery and Child's Hospital."

Which was lost.

The President moved to amend the first resolution by striking out the following words:

"Except that the two rooms of said building now occupied by the Northeastern Dispensary shall continue to be so occupied until the further order of the Common Council."

Which was carried.

And as amended the resolutions were adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—21.

Negative—Councilmen Patterson, Russell—2.

Report of the Committee on Finance of the Board of Aldermen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Mrs. Drake Mills, President of the Union Home and School for the Education and Maintenance of the Children of our Volunteers, for the sum of five thousand dollars, to be applied to the above institution, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—23.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices of Board of Aldermen, with resolution to appoint sundry persons Commissioners of Deeds.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Healy, Keenan, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russell, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—22.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilmen Brady moved that the board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

GENERAL ORDERS AGAIN RESUMED.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That Forty-fifth-street, from the Sixth to the Ninth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Robinson, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Green, Lent, Smith, O'Callaghan, Russel, Joyce, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—23.

Resolved, That First-avenue, from Thirty-seventh to Thirty-ninth-street, be paved with trap-block pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Councilman Leavy moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Roads.

Which was lost.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred to Committee on Streets.

Which was carried.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Croton Aqueduct Department be and they are hereby authorized and directed to pave Thirty-sixth-street, from the Sixth to Seventh-avenue, with Belgian pavement, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of concurring with the Board of Alderman in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Second and Third avenues, from Twenty-sixth to Fortieth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was recommitted to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of the Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Fiftieth-street, from Sixth-avenue to Broadway, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Twenty-eighth-street, from Madison to Sixth avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, the same to be done under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Councilman Leavy moved that said paper be referred to the Committee on Streets.

Which was carried.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirty-ninth-street, from the Fourth to Lexington-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved that the board do now adjourn.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Healy, Stacom, Hagerty, Hayes, Koster, Kenney, Brinkman, Brady, Patterson, Houghtalin, Leavy, McGrath, Smith, O'Callaghan, Reilly, Fitzgerald, Cook—18.

Negative—Councilmen Robinson, Green, Lent, Russell, Joyce—5.

Whereupon, pending the consideration of the above general order, the President pro tem. declared that the board stood adjourned till Saturday, the thirtieth instant, at eleven o'clock, A. M.

JAMES M. SWEENY, Clerk.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION.

Saturday, Dec. 30, 1865.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President, Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis.

The minutes of December twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight and twenty-nine were read and approved.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Ryers—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to place the names of Sarah Ann Crocheron, residing at number one hundred and eight Forty-second-street, and John Connolly, residing at number two hundred and ninety-seven West Seventeenth-street, on the list of blind persons.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Report of Committee on Streets of Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the north side of Rivington-street, in front of numbers two hundred and seventy-six, two hundred and seventy-eight, two hundred and eighty, two hundred and eighty-two, and two hundred and eighty-four, be flagged; also, curb and gutter stones set and reset where necessary, immediately, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—11.

Alderman Jeremiah was here called to the chair.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Ships, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the pier at the foot of Twenty-eighth-street, East River, be rebuilt, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—12.

An ordinance to amend article three of chapter one of the Revised Ordinances of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and creating the office of Sergeant-at-Arms in the Mayor's office.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, between First and Eighth avenues, be flagged a space four feet wide through the middle of the same, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance be adopted.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Brady, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars, for engrossing, mounting and framing resolutions passed relative to the death of Councilman John Hogan and complimentary to Major-General Eagan, and that the said amount be taken from the appropriation for city contingencies.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—11.

Negative—Alderman McKnight.

Which was subsequently amended and laid over.

Subsequently the same was taken up and adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Alderman Masterson moved to proceed to the consideration of a resolution from the Board of Councilmen, giving Thomas Tyler permission to keep a stand on the corner of Sixth-avenue and Thirty-ninth street.

Which was carried.

The action of the Board of Councilmen was concurred in.

Report of Committee on Donations and Charities of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Treasurer of the Northwestern Dispensary, for the sum of five hundred dollars, for the half-yearly donation to the first of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five; and that he be further authorized and directed to pay to the said Treasurer of that institution five hundred dollars on the first day of October next, and to continue the semi-annual payments of five hundred dollars each, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Masterson moved to suspend the present order of business, in order to take up papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was lost.

Report of Committee on Finance of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Stephen H. Tyng, for the sum of six hundred and seventeen dollars and forty-two cents, the same to be charged to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Ottiwell—1.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Ryers moved to suspend the present order of business, in order to take up for consideration papers from the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolutions by Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to lease, on behalf of the city, to the Nursery and Child's Hospital, of the City of New-York, for the annual rent of one dollar, for so long a time as the same shall be employed as a home for illegitimate children and Lying-in Asylum, the lots of ground thereon situate, at the southeast corner of Lexington-avenue and Fifty-first-street, between property of the Corporation, leased in like manner to said Nursery and Child's Hospital, and that said lessee be authorized to hold said property free and clear of all taxes and assessments, except that two rooms of the said building, now occupied by the Northern Dispensary, shall continue to be so occupied until the further order of the Common Council; and be it further

Resolved, That the small gore of land lying south of the said buildings be and is hereby granted to the same petitioners as a play-ground, during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to make such repairs upon the buildings above-mentioned as are above petitioned for, forthwith, the said repairs to be done without contract, provided the expense thereof shall not exceed the sum of five thousand dollars.

(By Board of Councilmen, December twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, amended by striking out the following words from the first resolution: "Except that the two rooms of said building now occupied by the Northern Dispensary, shall continue to be so occupied until the further order of the Common Council.")

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Messrs. Smith & Sanders, to exhibit goods in front of the premises number one hundred and sixty-five Chatham-street, the same not to interfere with the public travel, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Isaac L. Case, number twenty-one Catherine-street, to continue signs and exhibit goods in front of his premises during the pleasure of the Common Council.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Masterson moved to suspend the present order of business in order to take up General Order number five hundred and twenty-five, being a resolution, &c., in favor of widening Ann-street.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien—7.

Negative—Aldermen Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Van Voorhis—5.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal proceedings immediately upon the passage of the resolution for widening and extending Ann and Fulton streets, in accordance with the red lines and figures on the map hereto annexed, made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, December second, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and which forms part of the resolution; said street when so opened and extended to be known and designated as New Broadway.

Alderman Gedney moved its reference to Committee on Streets.

Which was lost as follows:

Affirmative—Alderman Flynn, Gedney, Jeremiah, Van Voorhis—4.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley—9.

The paper was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley—9.

Negative—Aldermen Flynn, Gedney, Jeremiah, Van Voorhis—4.

COMMUNICATION.

A communication was received from R. B. Bradford, late Public Administrator, relative to the business of his office.

Referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN RESUMED.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to Messrs. Smith and Sanders to exhibit goods in front of their premises, number One Hundred and Eleven Bowery, the same not to interfere with public travel, and to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George Lockwood to place a sign in front of his premises, number four hundred and seven West street, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John O'Brien to place a sign in front of his premises, numbers two hundred and ninety-six and two hundred and ninety-eight First-avenue, such permission to remain only during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the following named blind persons, for the sum of fifty dollars: Timothy Mahoney, residing at Seventy-eighth-street and Fourth-avenue, and Ellen Cleary, residing at number one hundred and sixty-five East Eighty-sixth-street, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

(By Board of Councilmen, December twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, referred to the Comptroller with power.)

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

Resolved, That the Clerk of this Board be and he is hereby directed to prepare and have printed three thousand copies of the official canvass of the November and December elections of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, in document form.

Which was laid over.

Petition of the Trustees of the St. Joseph's Asylum for a donation of five thousand dollars.

(By Board of Councilmen December twenty-ninth, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, prayer of the petitioners granted.)

Returned to Board of Councilmen.

Resolution permitting Thomas Tyler to maintain a stand for the sale of refreshments at the northeast corner of Fifty-ninth-street and Sixth-avenue.

Which was concurred in.

COMMUNICATIONS RESUMED.

A communication was received from the Counsel to the Corporation relative to the proposed appointment of H. Burr, Jr., for the compilation of laws respecting the city, and so forth.

Which was laid over.

Petition of Benjamin Birdsall for remuneration for loss of horse (from the Board of Councilmen) and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin Birdsall, for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, being remuneration for loss of horse, as appears by accompanying petition and affidavits, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Finance of Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Philip Kirnon for the sum of two hundred and twenty dollars, the same to be in full for loss of horse, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolution of Board of Councilman as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on National Affairs be and they are hereby authorized and directed on behalf of the City of New-York to procure for and present to the Sixth Regiment, New-York State National Guards, a stand of regimental colors, and the sum of eight hundred dollars is hereby appropriated for the payment of the same, the same to be charged to the appropriations for City Contingencies.

Which was concurred by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Reilly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Petition of the New-York Opthalmic Hospital (from the Board of Councilmen) and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Solomon Jenner, President of the Opthalmic Hospital, for the sum of two thousand dollars, to be taken from the appropriation of "Donations."

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Finance of the Board of Councilmen with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Cornelius Noonan, for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, being the amount of damage sustained by him by reason of his horse and cart backing over the dumping-board on Fourth avenue, between Sixty-second and Sixty-third streets.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of J. N. Shaffer, of the Ladies' Home Mission, (Five Points,) for the sum of three thousand dollars, and charge it to the account of Donations.

Resolved, That the Comptroller is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of S. B. Halliday, Superintendent of the Five Points House of Industry, for the sum of three thousand dollars, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative — Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee on Roads of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks on the east and west sides of the Fifth-avenue be flagged, where not already flagged, between Forty-third and Fiftieth streets, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Alderman Farley moved to refer the same to the Committee on Roads.

Which was lost on a division.

Affirmative—Aldermen Brice, O'Brien, Farley—3.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—10.

He then moved to indefinitely postpone the subject.

Which was lost.

Affirmative—Aldermen Brice, Kelly, O'Brien—3.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Alderman Flynn moved the previous question on the adoption of the resolution and ordinance.

Alderman Gedney moved that the motion for the previous question be laid upon the table.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Norton, Brice, Masterson, O'Brien, Farley—6.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—8.

The President pro tem. then put the question "shall the main question now be put."

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—9.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Jeremiah, Brice, O'Brien, Farley—5.

The President then stated the question to be on concurring with the Board of Councilmen in the adoption of the resolution and ordinance.

Which was decided in the affirmative by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—9.

Negative—The President, Aldermen Brice, Masterson, O'Brien, Farley—5.

Report of the Committee on Finance of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sum of two thousand dollars be and the same is hereby donated to the Industrial School situated in Forty-second-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, and the Comptroller be any he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Sister Helena for the above-named sum, and charge the same to account of donations.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—12.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah—2.

And the same was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That Twelfth-street, from Second to Fourth avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to widen Broadway, from a point commencing twenty-five feet eight inches north of the northerly line of Fifty-seventh-street, and thence running at right angles with the westerly line of Seventh-avenue, and five hundred feet distant therefrom to the southerly line of Fifty-ninth-street, in accordance with the act of the Legislature, passed April seven, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and to conform to the red lines on the annexed map, made by Joseph L. T. Smith, City Surveyor.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Preamble and resolution as follows:

Whereas, By resolution adopted by the Board of Councilmen December sixteen, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, also by the Board of Aldermen December twenty-nine, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and approved of by the Mayor December thirty-one, of said year, to increase the salaries of Inspectors of Sewers to four dollars per day, the same to take effect from and after October one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four; and

Whereas, The provision of said resolution has not been strictly complied with; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized to pay to the aforesaid Inspectors of Sewers the amount of salary provided for and specified in said resolutions, in accordance with the requirements of the same, from the city contingent fund, or any other unexpended appropriation.

Alderman Ryers moved that after the action on the paper that the board take a recess until two o'clock.

Which was carried.

The President pro tem then put the question on concurring with the Board of Councilmen in the adoption of said preamble and resolutions.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

The President pro tem then declared that the board would take a recess until two o'clock P. M.

AFTER RECESS.

Present—Alderman Moore, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis.

The President being absent at roll-call, on motion of Alderman O'Brien, Alderman Jeremiah was called to the chair.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Jeremiah S. Lord, President of the Board of Consistory of the Reformed Dutch Church Cemetery of Harlem, for one hundred and ten dollars and seventy-seven cents, as a donation, being amount of assessment on said cemetery for regulating and grading One Hundred and Twenty-third-street from Third-avenue to Harlem River, and charge the same to account of "Donations and Charities."

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution that the names of Daniel D. Terry and Jerry Taylor, on the city list of Commissioners of Deeds, recently appointed, be altered so as to read Daniel D. Terry and George G. Taylor.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution to place the name of Alfred Burnham, number one hundred and fourteen Madison-street, on the list of blind persons.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution to place the names of Sarah Ann Crecherson and John Connolly on the list of blind persons.

Which was concurred in.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Shannon—

Resolved, That the use of the Governor's room in the City Hall be and hereby is tended to the use of the Hon. John T. Hoffman, Mayor elect, in which to receive the congratulations of his friends and the public on Monday next, the first proximo.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the name of John Lucas, a blind person residing at number one hundred and seventy-four East Twenty-fourth-street, be added to the list of blind persons entitled to a donation of fifty dollars each.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Shannon moved that when this Board take a recess it do to meet again at four o'clock, P. M.

Which was carried on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Brice, Kelly, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—9.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah, Masterson, Ottiwell—4.

He then moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Brice, Kelly, Farley—7.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—6.

AFTER RECESS—4 P. M.

Present—Morgan Jones, Esq., President.

Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis.

RESOLUTIONS.

By the President—

Resolved, That the name of Rosanna McPartland, residing at number eight City Hall-place, be added to the list of blind persons entitled to receive a donation of fifty dollars each from the Common Council.

Which was referred to the Comptroller with power.

By Alderman McKnight—

Petition of Joseph Churchill and others to lay rail in certain streets, whereupon he presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That the consent and permission of this Common Council be and the same is hereby given and granted unto the High Bridge Railroad Company to construct and operate that part of their route within the corporate limits of the City of New-York along and upon the following streets, avenues and roads, to wit: along and upon Third-avenue from One Hundred and Thirtieth-street to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, thence along One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street to Manhattan-street, thence along Manhattan-street to Bloomingdale Road, (or Eleventh-avenue,) and thence along Bloomingdale Road and Tenth and Eleventh avenues to Bridge.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Gedney moved that the same be referred to the Committee on Railroads.

Which was lost.

Alderman Jeremiah moved to strike out the names of the grantees, and that the franchise be advertised and sold by the Comptroller to the lowest responsible bidders.

Which was lost.

The resolution accompanying the petition was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah—2.

By Alderman Flynn—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby granted to John Health and to Meyer and Hoffman, corner of Bleecker and Carmine streets, to exhibit goods in front of their premises during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to Joseph Green to exhibit goods in front of his premises number fifty-six Baxter-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to George Green, to exhibit goods in front of his premises, number one Baxter-street, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was adopted.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Communication from the Comptroller, with a draft of an ordinance making additional appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Board of Aldermen, December twenty-third and twenty-eighth, amended by non-concurring with the Board of Councilmen in several of the items of the appropriations.

Board of Councilmen, December thirty, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, amendment of the Board of Aldermen not concurred in, and a Committee of Conference requested.

Alderman Shannon moved that this board recede from its former action, and concur in the action of the Board of Councilmen.

The following communication was received from the Comptroller, explanatory of the communication heretofore presented in connection with the ordinance making additional appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Alderman Masterson was here called to the chair.

Alderman Moore moved that the whole subject be referred to a Committee of Conference.

Which was carried.

And the Chairman pro tem. appointed Aldermen Moore, Shannon and Ryers as such committee.

Alderman Shannon asked to be excused from acting as a member of such committee.

Which was denied by the board.

PAPERS FROM BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Resolution giving permission to Philip G. Hannaran to receive and deliver goods in front of his premises, number two hundred and ninety-four Eighth-avenue.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution giving permission to Mary C. Malloy to erect a stand for the sale of coffee and cakes in Market-slip.

Which was concurred in.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That Front-street, from Wall-street to Maiden-lane, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—15.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Simon Meyer, for the sum of two hundred dollars, to be in full compensation for services rendered in administering affidavits of exemption for firemen, from the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight to the present time, the same to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the taxes levied against the church property known as the Congregation of Beth Hamedrash, situated in Allen-street, between Broome and Grand streets, for the year eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, be and the same is hereby remitted, and the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Trustees of said church for the sum of seventy-three dollars and thirty-six cents, together with interest, the said sum to be appropriated in payment of the above-named tax, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—14.

Resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Horatio N. Parker for the sum of two hundred and twenty dollars and thirty-seven cents, being for services rendered as a Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, in administering affidavits of firemen's exemptions, as appears by reference to the books in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council for the years one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight and one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four inclusive, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriation for City Contingencies.

(By Board of Councilmen, December twenty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, amended by adding after the word "cents," the words "and James A. Early for the sum of two hundred dollars.")

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Martin Wollweber for the sum of two hundred dollars, to be in full for loss of horse, and charge the same to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sum of five hundred dollars be and the same is hereby donated to the Tompkins-square Homeopathic Dispensary, and the Comptroller be authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John P. Hone, one of the directors of the institute, for the above sum, and charge the same to account of donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Van Voorhis—13.

Report of Committee of Finance by Board of Councilmen to pay Patrick Fleeney two hundred and eighty dollars for loss of horse.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the assessment levied against the German Church in Forty-ninth-street, between the Ninth and Tenth avenues, for building sewer through the said street, be and the same is hereby remitted; and that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the pastor of said church for the sum of five hundred and thirty-two dollars and thirty-two cents, together with interest from the date of the confirmation of the assessment, the said sum to be applied to cancel the above-named assessment, and charge the same to account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—15.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of E. Van Roust for the sum of ninety-five dollars for carriages and wagons for the use of the Sergeant-at-arms during the city canvass.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Roads of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks in First-avenue, from Thirty-seventh to Thirty-ninth streets, be flagged a space four feet wide, and curb and gutter stones set therein, where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—15.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the assessment levied against the church property of the Church of the Pilgrims, situated in Forty-eighth-street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues, for paving said street with Belgian pavement, be canceled, and that the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of the Trustees of said Church for the sum of one hundred and ninety-four dollars and eighty-three cents, together with interest thereon from the date of the confirmation of the assessment, the said sum to be applied in canceling the above-named assessment, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the salaries of the employees in the Department of Finance be and the same are hereby fixed at the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum, to take effect from and after the passage of this resolution.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Flynn, Shannon, Ryers, Kelly, Masterson, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—8.

Negative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Gedney, Jeremiah, Ottiwell—5.

Alderman Kelly subsequently moved to take up the paper for consideration.

Which was carried.

And the resolution was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

General Order five hundred and twenty-seven, being a resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized to draw his warrant in favor of James Dunphey and John J. Foley, separately, for the sum of two hundred dollars, for incidental expenses incurred for the Board of Councilmen for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and charge the same to its proper appropriation.

Which was lost on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Ryers, Brice, Kelley, Masterson, O'Brien, Van Voorhis—11.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah, Ottiwell—3.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Which was subsequently taken up and lost on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelley, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13.

Affirmative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Brady, for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars, for engrossing, mounting and framing resolutions complimentary from the Board of Councilmen to their retiring President, James Hayes, Esquire, and that the said amount be taken from the appropriation for City Contingencies, or any other unexpended appropriation having a balance requisite to meet the same.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—13.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Edward Van Ranst, for the sum of two hundred and thirty-two dollars, being the amount of said bill, and charge the same to its appropriate account.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—15.

Resolution by Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Michael Kinch for the sum of two hundred dollars in full for loss of horse.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—15.

Report of Committee on Assessments, in favor of adopting resolution, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Reverend Isaac T. Hecker, Pastor of St. Paul's Church, in Fifty-ninth-street, near the Ninth-avenue, for the sum of one thousand seven hundred and thirty-one dollars, to be applied by the said Hecker in payment of an assessment of that amount imposed upon the said church property, for the work of paving Ninth-avenue, from Fifty-fourth-street to Broadway, and charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Petition of the managers of St. Luke's Hospital (from the Board of Councilmen) and resolutions as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to add to his warrant in favor of A. Nonie, Treasurer of St. Luke's Hospital, directed to be drawn in favor of such Treasurer by a resolution of Board of Aldermen, passed December twenty-seven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and approved by the Mayor December thirty-one, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, an amount sufficient to cover the interest to accrue upon the two assessments mentioned in said resolution, and that the said Comptroller be and is hereby authorized and directed to draw another warrant in favor of the said A. Nonie, as such Treasurer, for the amount of two thousand five hundred and forty-three dollars and ninety-two cents, with interest, to reimburse the said hospital the sum of eight hundred and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-two cents, paid by them to redeem the lands from a sale for an assessment for grading Fifty-fifth-street, and to enable said Treasurer to pay an assessment against the said hospital for resetting curb-stones in Fifty-fourth-street, between Third and Sixth avenues, amounting to sixty-five dollars, with interest, and another assessment for Fifty-fourth-street trap-block pavement, between Third and Sixth avenues, amounting to one thousand four hundred and twenty dollars, with interest, the amount to be charged to the account of Donations.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of A. Nonie, Treasurer of St. Luke's Hospital, for the sum of four thousand dollars, to supply a deficiency to the revenues of said hospital for the past year, and to charge the same to the account of Donations.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Negative—Alderman Gedney—1.

Report of Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, in favor of concurring with the Board of Councilmen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for building a pier at the foot of Forty-first-street, North River.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Farley, Van Voorhis—14.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Water-street, from Old-slip to Coenties-slip, be paved with Belgian pavement, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Farley—12.

Report of Committee on Finance in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Patrick Garrick for the sum of three hundred dollars, to be in full for loss and damage sustained by him, by reason of a non-compliance on the part of the city, with terms of lease of premises number one hundred and five Worth-street, as a temporary location for Engine Company Number Twenty-one, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby directed to draw his warrant in favor of James Moore, Treasurer of St. Mary's Parochial School, for ten thousand dollars, as a donation to said school, the said sum to be paid from the appropriation for Donations.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Farley—11.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Jeremiah—2.

And the same was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Ryers moved to discharge the Committee on Finance from the further consideration of a paper from the Board of Councilmen in favor of making a donation to St. Luke's Home.

Which was carried, and the paper was laid over.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Belgian pavement of Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Mulberry street, from Houston to Bleecker street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under such directions as shall be given by the Croton Acqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefore be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—16.

Report of Committee on Finance, in favor of adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Thomas Cosgrove, for the sum of four hundred and eighty-two dollars, being intended as a remission of the penalty for excess of inspection fees on the work of regulating and grading Fifty-sixth-street, between Broadway and Eighth-avenue, take his receipt therefor, and charge the same to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was lost on a division by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelley, Masterson, Farley—11.

Negative—The President, Alderman Jeremiah—2.

Which was subsequently reconsidered and laid over.

Which was subsequently taken up and adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelley, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13.

Negative—Alderman Jeremiah—1.

Report of Committee on Belgian Pavement of Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Mercer-street, from Canal-street to Eighth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under such directions as shall be given by the Croton Aqueduct Department, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Alderman Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Farley—13.

A committee here appeared from the Board of Councilmen and informed the President of this board that the Board of Councilmen had concluded its labors, and is about to adjourn sine die, and desired to know if the Board of Aldermen had any communication to make to said board.

The President, on behalf of the members of this Board, tendered their congratulations to the members of the Board of Councilmen, and also informed them that they had no further communication to make.

The committee from the Board of Councilmen then retired.

Subsequently Alderman Ryers moved to take up the paper from the Board of Councilmen, making a donation to St. Luke's Hospital, for consideration.

Which was carried.

He then moved a concurrence with the action of the Board of Councilmen.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13.

Resolution of the Board of Councilmen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to pay the widow of the late Councilman William A. Taylor his salary as Councilman (remaining unpaid,) for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—13.

Resolution of Board of Councilmen, as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of William H. Moloney, for the sum of two hundred dollars, for services rendered to the various special committees of the Board of Councilmen for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and charge the same to the account of city contingencies.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, the President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—14.

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal proceedings for the widening of Morris-street, on the northerly side, from West-street to Broadway, in accordance with the red lines and figures on the map hereto annexed, made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, December eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and which forms part of the resolution.

Alderman Norton moved to refer the paper to the Committee on Streets.

Which was lost on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Shannon, Gedney, Jeremiah, Brice—7.

Negative—Aldermen Flynn, McKnight, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—7.

Alderman Shannon moved to lay the same on the table

Which was lost on a division:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Jeremiah, Brice—7.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—7.

Alderman Shannon moved that the consideration of the resolution be indefinitely postponed.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Brice—6.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—8.

The question then recurring on the adoption of the resolution,

Alderman Norton moved that Alderman Moore have permission to withdraw the resolution.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice—9.

Negative—Aldermen Ryers, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—5.

Alderman Moore then withdrew the paper from the consideration of the board.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Jones moved that a committee of three be appointed to inform the Board of Councilmen that this Board is about to adjourn sine die.

Which was carried.

And the Chairman pro tem. appointed Aldermen Jeremiah, McKnight and Shannon such committee.

The committee subsequently appeared and reported that they had discharged the duty imposed, and that, that board through its President, tendered the acknowlments of its members with their best wishes for the welfare and prosperity of the retiring members of the Board of Aldermen.

The committee was then discharged.

Alderman Ryers moved that a committee of three be appointed to wait upon His Honor the Mayor and inform him that this board was about to adjourn, sine die.

Which was carried, and

The Chairman pro. tem. appointed Aldermen Ryers, Kelly and Norton such committee.

Subsequently the committee appeared, and through its Chairman, Alderman Ryers, reported that they had discharged the duty imposed, and that His Honor the Mayor stated that he tendered his best wishes for the future happiness and prosperity of the members of the Board of Aldermen; further, that he had communicated upon a previous occasion his views and desires in relation to a subject deeply affecting the commercial interests of this metropolis, to wit, the widening of Morris-street, and that he sincerely hoped that the board would reconsider its unfavorable action in relation to that important matter, and adopt the same.

The committee was then discharged.

Alderman Gedney moved to take up the resolution from the Board of Councilmen appointing Commissioners of Deeds.

Which was carried.

The resolution was then concurred in on division as follows:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Brice, Kelly, Masterson, Ottiwell, Farley—12.

Negative—Alderman Shannon—1.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Alderman Brice here moved that the report of the Committee on Conference appointed to consider the ordinance making additional appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, be received.

Which was carried.

The action of the Board of Councilmen was then concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—Aldermen Moore, The President, Norton, Flynn, Shannon, McKnight, Brice, Kelly, Farley—9.

Negative—Aldermen Gedney, Ryers, Masterson, Ottiwell—4.

Resolved, That the members of this Board of Aldermen do hereby tender to Hon. Morgan Jones, who has with such marked dignity, efficiency and strict impartiality presided over their deliberations during the past year, their sincere thanks; that on severing his connection with us we desire to convey to him in the most emphatic manner our appreciation of the ability displayed by him in discharging the duties of the chair, and we assure him that he carries with him in his retirement from among us our sincere wishes for his future welfare.

Which was adopted.

Resolved, That the thanks of this board are due, and we hereby cordially tender them to David T. Valentine, Clerk of the Common Council, for the very able, courteous and dignified manner in which the various duties of Clerk of the board and chief of the Legislative Department of the City Government have been performed by him during the past year; also to his deputy and assistant, and the other officers of this board, for the very attentive and obliging manner in which they have discharged their respective duties, and the uniform courtesy that has characterized their intercourse with the members of this board during the past year.

Which was adopted.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That we hereby tender the thanks of the board to the reporters of the press for the impartial and able manner in which they have reported the proceedings and debates of the board for the past year.

Which was unanimously adopted.

The President here addressed the board.

The clerk here read the minutes of the meeting of the present day. On motion of Alderman Masterson the same were approved.

Alderman Moore moved that the board do now adjourn sine die.

Which was carried.

And the President announced that the board stood adjourned sine die.

D. T. VALENTINE, Clerk Common Council.

HELP WANTED.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—WE WANT AGENTS everywhere to sell our improved $20 sewing-machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All* other cheap machines are *infringements. Circulars free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARKE, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 823 Broadway, New-York; No. 236 Carter-st., Philadelphia, Penn.; No. 14 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio, or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED.—NEW BOOK NOW ready, THE GREAT CAMPAIGNS OF GRANT AND SHERMAN, by Hon. J. T. HEADLEY, in one large volume, from official sources, including popular biographies of prominent Generals of the Union army, with numerous steel portraits, battle-scenes and maps; in both English and German. Sold only by agents. A rare chance is offered to make money. Send stamp for terms, &c. E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers, No. 130 Grand-st., New-York.

WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN TO STAMP note paper and envelopes; one accustomed to stationery business preferred. Apply, by letter only, to WM. L. JONES, No. 152 6th-av., New-York.

WANTED—A CLOAK SALESMAN THAT HAS a trade of his own of $50,000. Address S. C., Box No. 5,435 Post-office.

WANTED—A NUMBER OF FIRST-CLASS CAR builders and coach trimmers in a car factory, near this city. Apply to W. W. TAULMAN, No. 76 William-st

WANTED—AN EFFICIENT, EXPERIENCED, first-class brewer, for a large ale-brewery. Apply at No. 31 Pine-st., basement.

MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY—The Annual Meeting of the Society for the election of officers, &c., will be held at the Library, on TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 2, 1866, at 7½ o'clock.

ANDREW WARNER, Recording Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF UNITED STATES ORDNANCE PROPERTY.

Will be sold at public auction, by T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer, at Alleghany Arsenal, Pittsburgh, Penn., commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., MONDAY, Jan. 15, 1866, the following articles, viz.:

4	Iron Cannon.
82	Upper Casemate Carriages—cast iron.
75	Sets Artillery Harness.
45,262	Foreign Muskets and Rifles—new and repaired.
13,902	U. S. Muskets and Rifles—new and repaired.
62,837	Foreign Muskets and Rifles.
13,684	U. S. Muskets and Rifles.
3,536	Breech-loading and other Carbines.
463	Colt's and Sharp's Rifles.
151	Sporting Rifles.
36	Shot Guns.
3,022	Musket and Rifle Barrels.
19,996	Bayonets, Triangular and Sword.
2,185	Revolvers.
1,875	Sabres and Swords.
4,000	Sets Cavalry Accoutrements.
55,000	Sets Infantry Accoutrements.
3,500	Saddles, Cavalry and Artillery.
20,000	Parts of Horse Equipments, Bridles, Horse-brushes, Curry-combs, &c.
3,000	Saddle Blankets.
3,200	Parts of Artillery Harness.
4,000	Pounds Powder, Cannon, Musket, Rifle and Sporting.
32	Incomplete sets of wrought iron parts for Casemate Carriages.
600	Tons Scrap Cast Iron.
50	Tons Scrap Wrought Iron.
50	Tons Lead and Antimony in Pigs—Type Metal.
100	Wrought Iron Axles.
25,000	Pounds Lead Dross.
17,000	Packing Boxes.

A large lot of appendages for Muskets, Carbines, &c.
A large lot of Artillery Implements and Equipments.
A large lot of spare parts of Muskets, &c.
A large lot of Tools and Machines.

Purchasers will be required to remove the property within ten days after the sale.

Terms, cash.

R. H. K. WHITELEY,
Lieut.-Col. of Ordnance and Brevet Brig.-Gen. U. S. Army.

ALLEGHANY ARSENAL, Dec. 26, 1865.

FORD & LEVETT, Auctioneers.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT,
Q. M. GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT,
HARTFORD, Conn., Dec. 26, 1865.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the CONNECTICUT STATE ARSENAL, in Hartford, on the 10th day of January, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., ORDNANCE AND QUARTERMASTER'S STORES, of which the following are some of the articles:

5	Springfield Rifles.
20	Whitney Rifles and Bayonets.
7	Mississippi Rifles.
249	Springfield Muskets and Bayonets.
1,027	Altered Muskets and Bayonets.
39	Flint Lock Muskets and Bayonets.
166	Holster Pistols.
4	Sappers' and Miners' Musketoons and Sabre Bayonets.
101	Cavalry Sabres, straight.
14	Foot Artillery Swords with Scabbards.
1,679	Waist Belts.
2,204	Cross Belts.
144	Cartridge Boxes.
1,901	Bayonet Scabbards.
51	Cap Pouches and Picks.
528	Gun Slings.
108	Sabre Belts and Plates.
372	Artillery Sabre Belts and Plates.
160	Pistol Holsters.
507	Cartridge Formers for Sharp's Rifles.
935	Wormers for Rifles.
1,290	Hammers for Muskets.
1,529	Tumbler Screws for Muskets.
30	Wool Blankets.
60	Yards Dark Blue Cloth.
182	Pairs Drawers.
925	Infantry Hats.
226	Pairs Stockings.
427	Wormers for Muskets.
1	Base Drum with Sticks.
78	Steel Knives.
30	Steel Forks.
22	Tin Spoons.
611	Knapsacks.
4,063	Overcoat Straps.
531	Iron Mess Pans, large and small.
321	½ pint Tin Cups.
332	Tourniquets (Lambert's patent.)
1	Set 4-horse Baggage Harness.
83	Infantry Frock Coats,

and many other articles of utility not above mentioned.

Terms cash, in current funds.

Purchases to be removed within forty-eight hours.

Full catalogues of articles can be obtained on application to this office, or Messrs. Ford & Levett, Auctioneers, Hartford.

WM. A. AIKEN,
Q. M. General of Connecticut.

HENRY B. HERTZ, Jr., Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
$100,000 worth of
ELEGANT SILVER AND SILVER-PLATED WARE,
together with an immense stock of
GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND JEWELRY,
of all descriptions.

Sale will commence at store No. 581 Broadway, on TUESDAY, JAN. 2, AT 11 A. M.
and continue daily until the stock is disposed of.
SALE WILL BE POSITIVE,
as the above goods must be
SOLD AT ANY SACRIFICE,
for the benefit of the creditors.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY AT FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

The entire stock of the United States Arsenal,
To be sold on THURSDAY, Jan. 11, 1866,
BY
EDWARD L. POALK, Auctioneer,

Consisting of the following articles, viz.: Machinery, boilers, ranging from 15 to 42 feet, large lot wrought and pig iron, large guns, howitzers, columbiads, 32-pounders, grindstones, solid shot, gas-pipe, and other articles too numerous to mention.

ALSO,

From three to five millions of bricks, brown stone, &c., &c., the remains of the said arsenal.

By order of Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.

J. F. LUKENS,
Lieutenant and Depot Ordnance Officer,
Wilmington, N. C.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Dec. 13, 1865.

SALE OF A LARGE LOT OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE NAVY CANNON.

Notice is hereby given that there will be sold at the Navy-yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., at public auction, on the 10th and 11th days of January, 1866, at noon, a large lot of old navy cannon.

The cannon will be sold by the pound to the highest bidder. Terms cash, in government funds, one-half the purchase money to be paid at the end of the sale and the remainder within ten days afterward, at which time the cannon must be removed from the Navy-yard. Otherwise they will revert to the government.

Further information regarding the sale will be given on application to the Ordnance Officer at the Brooklyn Navy-yard.

H. A. WISE,
Chief of Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
No. 451 EIGHTH-AVENUE,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND mules, all serviceable. Will be sold, at public auction, at the Government Stables, corner of 35th-st. and 10th-av.,

One hundred horses, on TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866.
One hundred horses, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866.
One hundred mules, on THURSDAY, Jan. 4, 1866.
One hundred mules, on THURSDAY, Jan. 11, 1866.
One hundred mules, on THURSDAY, Jan. 18, 1866.

The particular attention of purchasers is called to the excellent quality of these animals, being of good size and in good condition. The mules are gentle and well broken to harness, being the surplus teams of the Washington Depot.

Animals sold singly.

Sale to commence at 10 A. M.

Terms—Cash in United States currency.

By order of Bvt. Brig-Gen. JAMES A. EKIN,
In charge 1st Div. Q. M. G. O.

L. LORING MOORE,
Capt. and A. Q. M.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS,
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 20, 1865.

THE SALE OF UNITED STATES MILItary railroad material at Alexandria will be resumed on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of January next.

In addition to the articles previously advertised there will be offered:

60,000 feet seasoned oak plank and timber.
1 new lathe, 36 feet long, 33 inches swing.
1 new vertical car-wheel borer.
1 second-hand planer.
1 engine-house, 358x66.
30 buildings, varying in size from 10x10 to 30x60.
1 wharf, foot of Franklin-st., containing 21,469 square feet.

Only a small proportion of the new material has been disposed of. Sale to commence at 10 A. M. Terms cash in government funds.

Vouchers for transportation will be received from railroad companies as cash.

H. L. ROBINSON,
Brevet Brigadier-General, A. Q. M.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

TUESDAY, JAN. 2, AT 11 O'CLOCK, within the store.
FRESH MALAGA LEMONS.
1,300 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons, landing ex *Alberti.*
500 boxes fresh Malaga Lemons, landing ex *Bolivar.*

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in accordance with the red lines and figures on the map made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, and on file in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council, in the City of New-York. Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the 27th day of January, 1866, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of estimate and assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended is the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in said city.

JOHN E. DEVELIN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

Dated, NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSWELL C. BRAINARD, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against GERARD C. LESTER, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber at his office, No. 49 West-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the twentieth day of May next. Dated Nov. 13, 1865.

n14-law6mTu* JOSEPH H. LESTER, Administrator.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

A YOUNG LADY WISHES FINE WORK to do on a Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine. Address Miss DAVIS, No. 189 Monroe-st.

A CARD.—ON HAND, FIRST-CLASS MALE AND female help of every description, for stores, factories, hotels, offices, and every branch of domestic service. All employers positively suited, and without charge.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN as coachman; has had practical experience in England and Ireland in noblemen's families; has a good knowledge of veterinary; best of reference. Address Coachman, Box No. 216 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A HIGHLY RESPECTABLE young man in city or country, a situation as coachman in a private family; is willing and obliging; has five years' city reference. Address C, Box No. 214 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN A SITUATION to groom horses, milk cows and make himself generally useful about a gentleman's place. Address GROOM, Box No. 216, *Times* Office, for two days.

DRY GOODS

25 PER CENT.
REDUCTION
ON FINE
WINTER CLOTHING,
TO ORDER
AND
READY MADE.
AT NO. 566 BROADWAY,
East side, corner of Prince-st., opposite
Ball, Black & Co.'s store.
J. W. McKINLEY.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
FRENCH FANCY BALMORAL SKIRTS.
We have just received per *Scotia* another
IMPORTATION
of the above, consisting of the most elegant and recherche assortment
OUT OF PARIS
Among them are some beautiful
WHITE CASHMERE AND ALPACA,
VERY DRESSY.
BLACK CASHMERE AND ALPACA,
HANDSOMELY TRIMMED.
FANCY STRIPES, in all possible kinds. Elegantly got up
WHITE MUSLIN SKIRTS,
plain, tucked and embroidered, at prices that will astonish our lady customers. We can sell them at less than the material would cost here.
Another importation of our celebrated
FRENCH COTILLE AND EMBROIDERED CORSETS,
in Ladies and Misses,
ALL SIZES.
Shoulder Braces, Supporters, &c., &c., &c.
The trade supplied on liberal terms.
GAYNOR, Importer and Manufacturer,
No. 765 Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
BLACK SILK QUILTED SKIRTS.
BLACK SILK EMBROIDERED SKIRTS.
VERY ELEGANT
and comfortable for the Winter, at
GAYNOR'S,
No. 765 Broadway.

A STORE FOR LINENS ONLY.
MILLIKEN & CO.,
No. 748 BROADWAY,
DEAL EXCLUSIVELY IN LINEN GOODS,
and always keep a good assortment of the best makes of
IRISH,
SCOTCH,
BARNSLEY,
FRENCH,
and GERMAN
LINEN GOODS,
mostly of our own importation, and sell them at reasonable prices.
EVERY ARTICLE SOLD IS WARRANTED PURE LINEN.

BEADS BEADS!! BEADS!!!
AND FANCY GOODS.
M. P. BROWN, Importer,
No. 186 Pearl-st., New-Yo

NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS. SELECTED BY HIMSELF IN EUROPE.—The largest, cheapest and most varied assortment in the city, Ladies' and Gent's Jet Chains, Pins, Bracelets, Buckles, Ear-rings, &c., Pearl, Jet and Fancy Buttons; also, Steel and Gilt Goods, English Scissors, Penknives, Combs and Brushes, Portmonnaies, Hair Nets and Waterfalls. Also, a full line of best English small wares; new styles Dress Trimmings, Ribbons and Laces, Tissue and Lace Vails, Embroideries, Collars, &c.; French Corsets, $1 50; best Steel Spring Skirts, $1. Skirts made to order.

N. B.—Jouvin's and other celebrated Kid Gloves at low prices; Empress Kids only $1; undressed Kids, new colors, only 90 cents.

W. J. ELGER,
Importer of Hosiery, Gloves and Fancy Goods,
Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway,
Between 18th and 19thsts.

HOOP SKIRTS.—WANTED, A GENTLEMAN to take charge of the manufacture and sales of a Fashionable Hoop-Skirt Establishment. To a person of first-class ability a very liberal remuneration will be paid—none else need apply. The most unexceptionable references required. Address for one week, Box 2,339 Post-office.

EMPRESS KIDS REDUCED TO $1—The best assortment of gloves in the city; ladies' and children's under-garments, fancy hosiery, scarlet and white cloth and Ringwood gloves, Sontags, waists, hoods, nubias, gaiters, mittens, &c. ELGER'S, Nos. 880 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., east side.

FURS.

FURS! FURS!—WE WILL SELL FOR THIRTY days only, our extensive stock at greatly reduced prices: Fine French and meadow mink sets, $10; Siberian mink sets, beautiful, $35; rich mink sable sets, $50; splendid Siberian squirrel, $15; royal ermine, $45; sable extra, $125; ladies' hoods, skating caps, Hudson Bay and prairie wolf, black and grizzly bear, white, red and gray fox robes; gent's fur caps, collars and gloves, very low. WM. E. FLEMING, No. 210 Broadway, corner of Fulton-st.

ATTENTION LADIES.—THE NEW-YORK FUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 83 Chatham-st., opposite Crook's white marble hotel. Sets $5 and upward. Brook mink collar and muff, $7 50. French mink collar and muff, $8 50. Mink sable, setts $25 to $35; fine rich setts, $50; Siberian squirrel setts, $12; and an endless variety of all other furs equally as low. Altering and repairing to the latest styles. Receipts given to purchasers to insure against moths.

FLEMING, Manager.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS

These celebrated water-saving and powerful wheels, of every capacity, promptly furnished for milling, manufacturing, mining, boring, pumping, &c., &c. A large assortment in stock. Wheels and machinery constructed for mule carriage into the mountains. Streams gauged and plans made. TALLCOT & UNDERHILL, Hydraulic Engineers, No. 170 Broadway, New-York.

BOUNTIES TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

Discharged soldiers who enlisted previous to July, 1863, are requested to call at our office and sign a petition to Congress, asking for the passage of a law granting them bounties, &c., equal to those who enlisted subsequently. This class embraces all those who have been discharged for sickness, wounds, promotion, or expiration of term of service.

H. J. RAMSDELL & CO.,
No. 40 Park-row, Times Building, New-York.

THE NEW-YORK NATIONAL FREEDMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION—Having added to its board a Committee on Correspondence and Organization, the ladies of that committee will be found at Room No. 22 Bible House, where they will be glad to receive the letters or visits of members of auxiliary societies in the country.

Miss ELLEN COLLINS,
Mrs. S. WEIR ROOSEVELT,
Mrs. JOSEPH SAMPSON,
Mrs. GEO. J. CORNELL,
Mrs. CHAS. R. LOWELL, JR.,
Miss SARAH HITCHCOCK,
Miss FANNY RUSSELL.

NOTICE.—THE REWARDS HERETOFORE OFfered by the undersigned for the recovery of the body of Preston King, late Collector of the port, are withdrawn.

C. B. CLINCH, S. D. Collector.
M. F. ODELL, Naval Officer.
ABRAM WAKEMAN, Surveyor.
L. L. BRIDGES.
DEC. 30, 1865. SIMEON SMITH.

SACRILEGE.—$500 REWARD.—WHEREas, the Church of the Holy Trinity, corner Madison-av. and 42d-st., was feloniously entered on Friday night, Dec. 29, and the vestments and portions of the furniture stolen and wantonly mutilated, the rector, wardens and vestrymen of said church hereby offer a reward of $500 for the apprehension and conviction of the perpetrators thereof. By order of the vestry.

E. R. TREMAIN, Clerk.

MARBLE MANTELS.—THE BEST PLACE in the city to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MR. EDMUND HENDRICKS AND MR. MORTIMER HENDRICKS have this day been admitted as members of our firm.

HENDRICKS BROTHERS.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

LUMBER.

WELLS & BONTECOU,
OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,
LUMBER DEALERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ESTABLISHED 1839.

YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.

STEAM MILL,
WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.
YARD OFFICE, No. 344 WEST-ST.
DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.

The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, SHINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c.; &c.

MACHINERY.

ERICSSON'S CALORIC ENGINES.

Clute Brothers' celebrated portable and stationary high and low pressure steam engines, grist and saw mills; pumps of every description; cotton gins, shafting, gearing, pulleys, &c. Jobbing of all kinds.

JAMES A. ROBINSON,
No. 164 Duane-st., corner Hudson, New-York.

THE HARRISON BOILER A SAFE STEAM BOILER.—The attention of manufacturers and others using steam is confidently called to this new steam generator, as combining essential advantages in absolute safety from explosion, in cheapness of first cost and cost of repairs, in economy of fuel, facility of cleaning and transportation, &c., not possessed by any other boiler now in use. The boiler is formed of a combination of cast-iron hollow spheres, each sphere eight inches external diameter, and three-eighths of an inch thick. These are held together by wrought-iron bolts, with caps at the ends. Nearly one hundred of these boilers are now in operation. For descriptive circulars or price apply to JOSEPH HARRISON, JR., Harrison Boiler Works, Gray's Ferry Road, adjoining the U. S. Arsenal, Philadelphia.

PROPELLER ENGINE FOR SALE—Second hand, in good order. Cylinder 18 inches by 2 feet stroke, high pressure, with boiler, heater, pumps and pipes, complete as taken out of vessel. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 171 Broadway.

TODD & RAFFERTY, MACHINERY MERchants, 4 Dey-st.; works, Paterson, N.J.; manufacture stationary and portable engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum and rope machinery, mill gearing, shafting, JUDSON & SNOWS' governors, lathes, planers, drills,

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PROPOSALS

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.

OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER,
FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Dec. 19, 1865.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 1 o'clock on the 31st day of January, 1866, for the transportation of Military Supplies during the year 1866, on the following routes:

ROUTE No. 1—From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above year on the west bank of the Missouri River north of Fort Leavenworth and south of latitude 42 degrees north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dacotah, Idaho and Utah, south of latitude 44 degrees north, and east of longitude 114 degrees west, and in the Territory of Colorado north of 40 degrees north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September inclusive, of the year 1866.

ROUTE No. 2.—From Forts Leavenworth and Riley, in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40 degrees north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth; and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that territory, to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from April to September, inclusive, of the year 1866.

ROUTE No. 3.—From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New-Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas, west of longitude 105 degrees west. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles at which they will transport said stores in each of the months from June to November, inclusive, of the year 1866.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on route No. 1, 15,000,000 pounds on route No. 2, and 6,000,000 on route No. 3.

No additional percentage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, lard, bread, pine lumber, shingles or any other stores.

Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their places of residence, and each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that, in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal, to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties, in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required from the contractors will be as follows:

On route No. 1	$100,000
On route No. 2	200,000
On route No. 3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be indorsed:

"Proposals for Army Transportation on Route No. '1,' '2' or '3,'" as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster-General; but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the 1st day of April, 1866, and they will be required to have a place of business or agency at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established, at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

By order of the Quartermaster-General.

J. A. POTTER,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF CHOICE WHISKY!

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 28, 1865.

Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock M. on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January, 1866, for the sale of about

9,700 gallons of Bourbon Whisky,
750 gallons of Rectified Whisky,
280 gallons of Rye Whisky.

Proposals not received for less than five barrels of each lot.

The whisky will be re-gauged before the delivery, and sold by the "proof gallon."

Payment in government funds, about fifty per cent. of which will be required on the acceptance of the bid, and the remainder as soon as the re-gauging is completed, and before the delivery commences.

No bid received from parties who have failed to comply with their contracts.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of their bids.

All purchases will be loaded at the government wharves, in Washington, D. C., free of expense to the purchaser.

The usual reservation by the government in regard to bids will be observed.

G. BELL,
Maj. and C. S., U. S. A.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
No. 2 Bridge-st., NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 28, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received by the undersigned at this office until 10 o'clock P. M. of THURSDAY, Jan. 4, 1866, for furnishing Fresh Beef in such quantities as may be required from day to day, for six months from the 10th of January, 1866, commencing on that day, at David's and Hart's Islands, Fort Schuyler and Willett's Point, Sandy Hook, Forts Wadsworth, Lafayette, Hamilton and Wood, New-York City, and all other places in the vicinities of each place and post as are not otherwise provided for.

The fresh beef is to be of good marketable quality, with due proportions of fore and hind quarter meat, (necks, shanks and kidney, tallow to be excluded,) and furnished at the expense of the contractor in such quantities and times as may be required.

No bid will be entertained that is not made by a regular butcher, who must give his name in full, his present place of business and residence.

All bids must be accompanied by a guarantee, signed by the guarantors themselves, as follows:

"We, the undersigned, hereby guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of ——— be accepted, it shall be duly fulfilled according to its true purport and conditions; also, that a written contract shall be executed with two bonds in the sum of ten thousand dollars each.

Names of guarantors, { ——— ———

Bidders themselves must be present at the opening of the proposals, and be fully prepared with their sureties to sign immediately the contract and bond. Evidence must be shown of the entire responsibility of each surety, two being required. Any informality in the proposal will be the cause of its rejection, and any other than a genuine bid, made in perfect good faith, will subject the person making it and the guarantors to the extreme penalty of the law.

A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal, and the names of two veritable sufficient sureties in the sum of ten thousand dollars. The government reserves the right to reject any bid which seems unreasonable or disadvantageous to it. Payments to be made monthly, in such funds as may be furnished by the government, viz.: currency, checks on certificates of indebtedness or others.

FRANCIS E. BERIER,
Brevet Major, C. S.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
MILITARY DIVISION OF THE GULF,
NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 2, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS ARE INVITED and will be received at this office until 12 M., March 1, 1866, for the purchase of sixty-six (66) Camels, the property of the United States, now at Camp Verde, near San Antonio, Texas.

Bids may be made for one or more of these animals.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed and addressed, Colonel C. G. Sawtelle, Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, New Orleans, La.

The Government reserves the right to reject any bids deemed too low.

Payment to be made in U. S. Currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the camels to the successful bidders, at San Antonio, Texas.

C. G. SAWTELLE,
Colonel and Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, Bvt. Col. U. S. Army.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
IN GENERAL CHARGE OF SUBSISTENCE
DEPARTMENT IN DEPARTMENTS OF
VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA,
RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 26, 1865.

SALE OF HARD BREAD.—SEALED PROposals, in duplicate, will be received at this office daily, and opened on Wednesdays and Saturdays of each week, for all the surplus hard bread in the State of North Carolina, stored in depots at Newbern, and Morehead City, N. C.

The bread is in boxes of fifty (50) pounds each, and in good shipping order.

All purchases will be delivered on board of transports without expense to the purchaser.

No proposals received for less than twenty (20) boxes, one thousand (1,000) pounds.

Payment required on delivery of the bread, in government funds.

Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for Hard Bread," and addressed to THOS. C. SULLIVAN,
Brevet Major, and C. S., U. S. A.,
Richmond, Va.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NEW-YORK NATIONAL FREEDMAN'S
RELIEF ASSOCIATION,
No. 76 JOHN-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that no person professing to be an agent of this association is entitled to credence, unless furnished with a commission dated since March, 1865.

FRAN. GEO. SHAW, President.
JOS. B. COLLINS, Treasurer.
GEORGE CABOT WARD, Rec. Sec'y.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz:

For building a sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street and Manhattan-street, from Fifth to Tenth avenues.

For building a sewer in Fifty-fifth-street, from Fifth to Sixth avenues.

For building a sewer in Forty-third-street, from Lexington to Fourth avenues.

For building a sewer in Forty-fifth-street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

For building a street basin at southwest corner of Gramercy Park.

For building a street basin at southwest corner of Twentieth-street and Irving-place.

For paving Sixty-first-street, from Third-avenue to East River, with trap-block.

For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter and flagging Fifty-ninth-street, from Third to Fourth avenues.

For setting curb and gutter, and flagging in First-avenue, between One Hundred and Eleventh and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth streets.

For building a sewer in Ninth-avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-fifth and One Hundred and Twenty-sixth streets.

The limits embraced by such assessment, include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on both sides of Fifty-ninth-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Sixty-first-street, from Third-avenue to East River, to extent of half the block.

Also, Gramercy Park.

Also, all the lots in the block bounded by Nineteenth and Twentieth streets and Irving-place and Fourth-avenue.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-fifth-street to the extent of two hundred feet east of Sixth-avenue.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Forty-third-street, from Lexington to Fourth-avenue.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Fifty-fifth-street to the extent of five hundred feet east of Sixth-avenue.

Also, all the lots on both sides of Ninth-avenue, from One Hundred and Twenty-fifth to One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street.

Also, all the lots on both sides of First-avenue, from One Hundred and Eleventh to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street.

Also, all the lots in the blocks adjacent to the line of the sewer in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth and through Manhattan streets, between Fifth and Tenth avenues.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

DANIEL E. DELAVAN,
MORGAN L. HARRIS,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, Dec. 30, 1865.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—KNOW all, that the license to infiltrate under Morgan's Patent, granted to W. A. Cushman, of New-York City, for the States of New-York and New-Jersey, is, on this 30th day of December, 1865, and hereafter, revoked. All persons are cautioned against negotiating with him in respect to the same, as such will be an infringement of the patent.

A. S. CLARK, for the Patentees.

FOR SALE.

LEFFERTS, HOFFMAN & CO.,
NO. 40 PARK ROW, (*Times* Building,) NEW-YORK
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

CITY PROPERTY, FARMS, COUNTRY RESIDENCES, MILL PROPERTY, &c., for SALE and EXCHANGE. Furnished and unfurnished houses to let. Agents for the sale and transfer of property in all the Northern and Southern States.

JAMES H. POND,
REAL ESTATE BROKER,
No. 596 6th-av., between 34th and 35th sts., New-York,

Has for sale brown-stone and brick dwelling-houses in all the cross streets from Houston to Harlem River; also in 5th, Madison, Lexington and Park avs.; business property on the avenues; also, in Lispenard and Chambers sts.; lots in desirable locations for investment and immediate improvement.

COTTON LANDS FOR SALE.

One of the best cotton farms in the cotton belt, 1,750 acres, in Brooks County, Ga., near Quitman, on the Savannah and Gulf Railroad; 1,000 acres hammock land, of which 550 cleared; balance heavy timber; all necessary buildings; health unsurpassed; mill on the place.

C. S. GAULDIN, Quitman, Ga.

For full particulars and terms apply to
SALOMON, ROOT & CO., Commercial Building,
No. 42 Broadway.

WILLIAMSBURGH HOUSES FOR SALE
BY S. COCKCROFT,
No. 165 Broadway, New-York.

No. 25 South 8th-st., corner of 2d-st, 50x100; price $7,000. Five three-story bricks, all modern improvements, $6,500 each. Clymer-st.—Three three-story brick houses, $5,000 to $9,000. Elegant house, 6 lots, stable, &c., $25,000. Bedford-av.—Three houses, $2,000 each. A house and barn at Scarsdale, $5,000.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR NEW-YORK CITY PROPERTY—A good farm of 59 acres and 20 perches, in Byberry Township, in the XXIIId Ward of the City of Philadelphia, near the Trenton Railroad and the Delaware River, by which access to and from the city is had many times daily.

The buildings are a good stone house, with frame back-buildings, erected a few years ago; stone and frame barn and outbuildings; a nice new frame two-story cottage; large lawn; fruit trees and small fruits in great variety. Evergreen and shade trees on the lawn and around the house.

Apply to
M. RUSHTON,
No. 605 Broadway.

THE AMERICAN LAND COMPANY AND AGENCY, ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
OFFICE NO. 57 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK CITY,

will buy and sell real estate, as the agent of others, in all parts of the United States, especially in the South.

Will negotiate loans on real securities. Will facilitate emigration, and will transact all business in which a responsible agent, known and trusted by all interests, may be usefully employed.

JOHN A. ANDREW, President.
FRANK E. HOWE, Vice-President and General Agent, North.

FOR SALE—THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR sale the country seat of the late O. MAURAN, with 30 acres of land, one-half wooded, situated on Castleton Heights, Staten Island. The house is 50 feet square, with a wing 43x20, and stable, poultry-house, &c. This property, commanding the most extensive view of any place within 40 miles of New-York; is bounded by three wide avenues, and lies between the Summer residences of Messrs. Geo. Law and Wm. B. Duncan. If not sold by middle of January, it will be disposed of in lots at auction. Address JAMES E. MAURAN, 1 East 15th-st.

FOR SALE—ONE FRUIT FARM, 189 ACRES.
One fruit farm, 121 acres.
One fruit farm, 140 acres.
One fruit farm, 81 acres.
One fruit farm, 50 acres.
} Good dwellings and outhouses.

Three lots of land varying from 8 to 28 acres, with good improvements.

The above are located in New-Jersey, from 1 to 1½ hours from city.

MAWBEY & CO.,
No. 200 Broadway, Rooms Nos. 7 and 8.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE LOT with the buildings thereon, No. 9 East 4th-st., being about 133 feet from Broadway; the buildings consist of front and rear buildings; the lot is 25x98 feet 10 inches and on the rear an L of 25x35 feet, making a very fine lot for a large store or any public building. Apply to

WM. H. WILSON, No. 117 Warren-st.,
or G. VAN COTT, No. 6 Wall-st.,
or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION if required, a cottage house of modern construction and arrangement, situated one mile from the depot at Rye, near the Sound shore, and commanding an extensive view of the Sound and adjacent country. The grounds are handsomely laid out, and the whole property is in order and fitted for a gentleman's residence. For permits of admission, apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 45 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—AT NEWARK—A LARGE AND pleasantly situated house, of 14 rooms, water and gas with spacious grounds, stables, &c., in a healthy and quiet neighborhood, with fine schools and churches, and convenient distance to railroad station; the grounds are neatly terraced and filled with choice fruit, flowers and ornamental shrubbery. Price, $12,000.

Inquire of N. G. FOSTER, No. 167 Broadway.

VALUABLE BROADWAY AND BLEECKER-ST. PROPERTY.—The undersigned, by direction of the heirs, offer at private sale the valuable property situate on the southwest corner of Broadway and Bleecker-st., extending through to and fronting on Mercer-st., being 25 feet on Broadway and Mercer-st., by 200 feet on Bleecker-st.

MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No 5½ Pine-st

SARATOGA SPRINGS—HOTEL SITE FOR sale, situated on Broadway, in the most eligible location now open for such a purpose in this celebrated watering place. Fine groves on the grounds, commanding elevation, with extensive views, and a park of over 20 acres. Apply to EDMUND COFFIN, No. 20 Nassau-st., New-York.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.—For sale, to close an estate, three-fourths of the block bounded by Washington, Water, Plymouth and Adams streets, near the Catharine Ferry, Brooklyn, in plots to suit purchasers. BENJAMAN G. HITCHINGS, Executer, No. 51 William-st., New-York.

BROADWAY PROPERTY.—TO BE leased for twenty years, with renewals, on the basis of the Sailors' Snug Harbor leases, lots Nos. 478, 480, 482 Broadway, and No. 40 Crosby-st., being 73 feet on Broadway and 25 feet on Crosby-st., containing 9,800 square feet. Apply to

MULLER, WILKINS & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION—A three-story brick house, No. 269 Union-st., Brooklyn; lot 22 by 100; house 22 by 50; high stoop, front basement; imitation of oak; range, wash-room, stationary tubs; halls imitation of marble; bath and gas throughout; house in good order. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE OF THE VALUABLE building lots located on the north side of 40th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., two lots, 34x100, and one, 32x100 feet. Ground rent, $9 per foot, front.

Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TO CLOSE AN ESTATE, THE PLOT of ground situated on the southwest corner of 2d-av. and 27th-st., 50 by 100 feet, together with three cottages thereon; terms easy; price $21,000. Apply to J. H. HERRICK, No. 10 South-st.

FOR SALE—A WATER FRONT, IN BROOKlyn, of nearly 300 feet, with bulkhead the whole length; suitable for any manufacturing business, or for storage. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE—IN THIS CITY, A LARGE AND valuable rolling mill in complete running order. Apply to SAMUEL MILLIKIN & CO., Agents, No. 159 Front-st.

FOR SALE—THE FIVE-STORY BRICK STORE No. 4 Fletcher-st., 25x80 feet, with additional well-lighted office in rear; dry cellar. Inquire of WM. N. CLARK, Jr., No. 170 William-st.

FOR SALE—STORE IN THE LOWER PART OF Washington-st., 37 feet wide. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FACTORIES FOR SALE IN NEWARK, N. J., with steam power. Apply to A. H. BROWN, No. 317 Broad-st., Newark, N. J.

TO LET.

TO LEASE—NOS. 26 AND 28 BROAD-ST., OCCUpying the northwest corner of Broad-st. and Exchange-place, 50 feet on Broad-st., and in immediate vicinity of Stock Exchange, Open Board, &c., &c.; will be leased for a term of years to a responsible party agreeing to improve the premises. Apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, No. 54 Wall-st.

BROAD-ST. OFFICES TO LET.—OFFICES in the Johnston Building, corner of Broad-st. and Exchange-place, in the basement, third and fourth floors. Apply to GEORGE W. COLLES, No. 69 Wall-st., second floor.

TO LEASE FOR THREE YEARS FROM May 1, the four lofts of the store corner of Warren-st. and Broadway. Apply, on the premises, to DEVLIN & CO., or to JOHN LLOYD & SONS, No. 15 Nassau-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR TWO OR THREE years, a first-class furnished house, in a desirable location, by a responsible party, who will take the best care of the property. This affords an excellent opportunity for families about visiting Europe. A fancy rent will not be paid. Address, with particulars of location, rent, &c., S. R. J., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN, A comfortably furnished room and bedroom in a genteel private family, up town. Address, stating terms, &c., F. M., Box No. 165 *Times* Office.

HOUSE WANTED IN BROOKLYN—ON the Heights preferred. Will take possession any time before the first of May. For a good house a good rent will be paid. Address H. H., Box No. 466 New-York Post-office.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

GETTY HOUSE, YONKERS, N. Y.

Families can be accommodated with board at moderate rates. W. H. DOTY, Proprietor.

A LADY DESIRES BOARD FOR HERSELF and son, both adults, or for herself only, in a strictly private family; would furnish her own rooms handsomely, if desired. Unexceptionable references given and required. Address J., Box No. 2,763 Post-office.

FIFTH-AV. BOARD FOR A PARTY requiring first-class accommodations; finest locality. Can be had on addressing HAMILTON, Box No. 403 Post-office.

A SMALL FRONT ROOM FOR ONE gentleman. Dinner at 6. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

HOTELS.

LANGHAM HOTEL, PORTLAND-PLACE.—This commodious hotel, the largest in London, is now open; it is situated on the most open and healthy site in the West End, with all modern improvements. Suites of apartments, salle à manger 100 by 40 feet, elegant ladies' room, a spacious sitting and writing room, etc. Within a short drive of all the railway termini. For terms to secure accommodation, address the manager. C. SCHUMANN

THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL, NEW-PROVIDENCE, Bahamas, is now in the most thorough order for the accommodation of guests. Rooms can be secured by application to the manager, Mr. JAS. CARROLL, at Nassau.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1866.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

Enlargement of the Daily, Semi-Weekly and Weekly Times.

The Largest and Cheapest Newspaper in the United States.

The NEW-YORK TIMES has been enlarged to the size of the LONDON TIMES.

Each number contains *eight* pages of *seven* columns each—or FIFTY-SIX columns in all—making it the largest newspaper in the United States.

The TIMES will contain regularly:
FULL CONGRESSIONAL REPORTS.
REPORTS OF THE LEGISLATURE.
MESSAGES AND PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.
REPORTS OF COURTS AND PUBLIC MEETINGS.
EUROPEAN NEWS IN FULL.
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CORRESPONDENCE.
NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
POLITICAL AND GENERAL EDITORIALS.
LITERARY NEWS, SELECTIONS AND MISCELLANY.

Everything possible will be done to make the TIMES the most valuable and interesting Family Newspaper in the United States. Its price will remain unchanged, in spite of the fact that its size and contents have been increased one-fourth.

The following are the prices of the several editions, payable in all cases in advance:

The DAILY TIMES, per annum	$10
The DAILY TIMES (Sunday Edition included)	$12
The SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$3
The WEEKLY TIMES, one year	$2

These prices are invariable. Club rates are discontinued. We have no traveling agents. Remit in Checks or Post-office Money Orders if possible.

Address
H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
TIMES Office, New-York.

☞The SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY TIMES will be enlarged about the first of January.

☞Subscriptions in clubs to the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, sent before Jan. 1, 1866, will be received at the old club rates.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, GREEN BUSHES; or, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Collier, D. E. Ralton, J. Nunan, Geo. Becks, J. G. Burnett, J. W. Blaisdell, Misses Alice Placide, Mary Wells, &c., &c., in the cast.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 8 o'clock, SECRETS WORTH KNOWING. Characters by Messrs. Frederick Robinson, Charles Fisher Mark Smith, Geo. Holland, Young, Norton, B. T. Ringgold, Graham, Pope, Ward. Mrs. Jennings, Miss Ione Burke, Mrs. John Sefton, and Miss Carman.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 8 o'clock, EVERYBODY'S FRIEND and ROBERT MACAIRE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 1, commencing at 2 o'clock, HORSHOE ROBINSON, ALADDIN; OR, THE WONDERFUL LAMP, and LANDSHARKS AND SEAGULLS. EVENING at 7, ARRAH-NA-POGUE, TURN HER OUT and BANDIT OF THE BLIND MINE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, MONTE CRISTO: Characters by Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Morton, Hind, Garrison, Lewis, Stoddard, Selwyn, Rockwell, Scott, Stanley; Misses Eliza Newton, Louisa Myers and Kate Newton.

LUCY RUSHTON'S NEW-YORK THEATRE,
Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL. Characters by Messrs. C. M. Walcot, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. J. K. Mortimer; Miss Lucy Rushton, Mrs. Clara Maeder, Mrs. Mark Smith, Mrs. A. W. Young.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, MOSE and SAM.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 1, commencing at 3 o'clock, THE FORREST OF BONDY, THE FRISKY COBBLER, and VALENTINE AND ORSON. EVENING, at 7 o'clock, THE GOLDEN AX, and FORREST OF BONDY.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTEROON, Jan. 1, at 11 o'clock, THE ORPHAN BOYS OF HUNGARY; EVENING, at 7¾ o'clock, Characters by Messrs. Daly, Hadaway, Jamieson, Wilton, Anderson, Mrs. Prior and Mrs. Jamieson

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 1. MATINEE, commencing at 2½ o'clock. EVENING, at 8 o'clock. JAMES ROBINSON and a complete troupe of Equestrian and Gymnastic Performers.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.
No. 201 Bowery.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7½ o'clock, THE VICTIM; TERRIFIC BROADSWORD COMBAT.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, Jan. 1, commencing at 7½ o'clock, ICI ON PARLE FRANCAIS, PERFECT CURES AND QUARRELSOME BOYS. Characters by N. Seymour and Dan Bryant.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
Broadway, between Howard and Grand sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, Jan. 1, commencing at 2 o'clock; EVENING, at 7¾, THE LAST NAIL; Or, THE FAIRIES OF THE LAUGHING WATERS. Characters by the troupe. Ballet, songs, &c.

No Paper To-morrow Morning.

In recognition of the general custom at New-Year, we suspend the morning issue of THE TIMES on the following day. Consequently, we shall not publish on Tuesday (to-morrow) morning. The usual evening editions will appear at 1 and 3 o'clock.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

The steamer *Atlantic*, which arrived yesterday from Aspinwall, brings news from Chili of the highest importance. On the 26th of November the Chilian man-of-war *Esmeralda* captured the Spanish gunboat *Covadonga* off Papudo, having on board the Spanish Admiral's correspondence. The engagement lasted about half an hour. Fourteen Spaniards were wounded and two killed. The *Esmeralda* was undamaged. The prisoners taken were a commandant, six officers and one hundred and ten men, who were treated kindly by the authorities and people. The commander of the *Esmeralda* was promoted to be a post-captain, and a subscription had commenced to present him with a sword of honor. Though the Spanish Admiral was only forty miles off, he was ignorant of the capture until informed by the Chili papers three days afterwards. The *Esmeralda* was commanded by Capt. John Williams. The Spanish frigate *Resolucion* and gunboat *Veucedora* were blockading Valparaiso. The port of Talcahuano is open. The Chilians had also captured a launch of the Spanish gunboat *Resolucion*, blockading between Tome and Talcahauano. The launch contained one gun and fifty men, and was used for watching the movements of vessels near the shore.

A letter from Paramaribo of Dec. 4 states that the United States steamers *Vanderbilt* and *Tuscarora* and the monitor *Monadnock* coaled and left that port on the 30th of November, pursuing their voyage to the Pacific. The monitor had behaved most excellently while at sea. The Governor of Cayenne, with other leading officers and citizens, visited the strange craft.

A collision on the New-York Central Railroad occurred on Saturday evening, at Port Byron, injuring several persons and killing a passenger and brakeman. Two of the passenger-coaches were knocked into small pieces; the bottom of one was torn out entirely, and the wreck was as complete as could be conceived. The escape of passengers from serious mutilation and death is one of the marvels that always attend accidents of this kind. The passenger killed is supposed to be a Mr. Richardson, of Chicago, as a letter to that address was found on his person.

Castle Thunder, at Richmond, has been used, since the first year of the war, as a military prison for the confinement of evil-doers of all kinds and grades, by the rebel authorities up to the evacuation, and by the Federal authorities since that time. It was vacated last week and turned over to its owners. The Libby Prison has been fitted up, and will hereafter be used as the general military prison in that city.

The White Cloud *Chief* says that a very disagreeable state of affairs exists at Nebraska City. Murders and robberies are not of rare occurrence. During the past Summer and Fall, the Copperhead paper of that city, edited by J. Sterling Morton, invited the disfranchised rebels and bushwhackers of Missouri to Nebraska. They accepted the invitation, carried the election in Nebraska City, and have succeeded in establishing a condition of society equal to the palmiest days of bushwhacking in Missouri.

The Chicago papers state that the California Overland Mail, heretofore transmitted via St. Louis and the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, thence across the plains to its destination, is to be conveyed via Chicago, thence west by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway to Boonsboro, Iowa; thence via the Western Stage Company to Omaha; and thence by Ben Halliday's Overland Line, via Fort Kearny, to Salt Lake, Idaho and San Francisco. This route affords a saving of forty-eight hours in time, and the mails will be transmitted free of cost to the government.

The Alexandria *Journal*, of the 29th, says: "A great many of those charged with being engaged in the riots in this city on Monday last, and who were arrested on that day and released on the following morning, are being rearrested by orders from headquarters at Washington. Several of them left the city immediately on their release, and are now in Richmond, Warrenton, Washington and other points. We learn that application has been made for a company of cavalry to assist in securing those in this immediate neighborhood."

The *Liberator* of last week contains the valedictory of Wm. Lloyd Garrison, who announces that this is the last number, the paper having been published thirty-five years. He says the object for which the *Liberator* was commenced has been gloriously consummated. He does not indicate what he will do in his remaining years, though he hopes to be permitted to take a little repose.

The Kalamazoo *Telegraph* publishes an article upon the project of extending the Grand Trunk from Port Huron to Chicago, in which it gives currency to the statement that the authorities of the Michigan Central Railroad have proposed to the management of the Grand Trunk Railway to build a double track from Kalamazoo to Chicago, to accommodate trains on both roads, provided the Grand Trunk makes its line from Port Huron by way of Lansing to Kalamazoo.

The Legislature of this State will meet on Tuesday (to-morrow.) It was understood last night that Lyman Tremaine, of Albany, would almost certainly be the Union candidate for Speaker of the Assembly, and that the old clerk, Mr. Cushman, and Mr. Terwilliger, the clerk of the last Senate, would be re-chosen. The message of Gov. Fenton will probably be sent in on Tuesday afternoon.

The extent of the California wine interest is comparatively little known in the Atlantic States. Every year increases the product immensely. The estimate for the present year is 350,000 gallons in Los Angelos County, 350,000 gallons in Sonoma County, and 300,000 in the remainder of the State, or 1,000,000 gallons in all—more than four times the entire product of the United States in 1860.

The Elmira *Gazette* states that the Northern Central Railway Company have purchased the Northern Division of the Erie Railway, from Elmira to Canandaigua, and during the coming season intend laying the narrow gauge track of the road on that line, so as to enable them to send through trains from Baltimore to Niagara Falls.

The Michigan Soldiers' Monument Association has appointed Rev. George Taylor, of Ann Arbor, special soliciting agent for the State. He will enter upon his duties immediately, and the work of raising $100,000 for the proposed monument will be actively prosecuted.

The California Steam Navigation Company will dispatch the first steamer of their line from San Francisco to Honolulu on the 6th of January, inst. This will be an important event in the steam navigation of the Pacific.

A Hartford paper states that Mr. J. Dickinson Ripley, a nephew of Gov. Buckingham, of Connecticut, was burned to death on the steamer *Commonwealth*. He was asleep in his stateroom, and could not be aroused.

Mrs. Hannah F. Lee, widow of the late Geo. Gardiner Lee, died in Boston on Wednesday, aged 85 years. She was the author of *Three Experiments in Living*, and other popular works.

A late attempt to subjugate a schoolmaster in Livermore, Me., resulted in the teacher drawing a pistol and maintaining his dignity *vi et armis*. The disturbers paid $75 to settle the matter.

The completion of the census of Illinois reveals the astonishing fact that since 1860 the population of the State has increased about 500,000, or nearly 33 per centum.

Morris Ellsworth, a negro, convicted of murdering his wife, is to be hanged at Newark on the 10th inst., the court having refused to commute his sentence.

The Chicago *Tribune* denies the report of the engagement of Hon. Schuyler Colfax and the daughter of Lieut.-Gov. Bross, of that city.

The Columbus *Journal* says that Mr. John S. Rarey is recovering from his late attack of paralysis.

LOCAL NEWS.

The *habeas corpus* case of Robert Martin, an alleged incendiary and spy, was disposed of Saturday, so far as the State tribunals are concerned, by Justice Leonard, of the Supreme Court, deciding that Gen. Hooker could no longer retain the prisoner in Fort Lafayette, and that he must be delivered over to the Warden of the City Prison for trial by the civil court having jurisdiction of the offence. The instant the court had rendered this decision, Mr. Courtney, who represents the Government in this proceeding, arose and said the United States Marshal was in the room, armed with a warrant, duly issued from the Federal Court, and he would now proceed to re-arrest the prisoner, to the end that he might be tried for the crime of arson, &c., in the Federal Court. The prisoner was taken into custody by Deputy Marshal McKay, and the two proceeded to the Ludlow-street Prison. Martin will probably be tried in the United States Court during the January term.

About 4 o'clock yesterday morning burglars were discovered in the lager-bier saloon of Mr. Haug, No. 36 Delancey-street. The proprietor and two friends attempted to arrest the intruders, when a chase was made, and one of the men, named George Williams, was brought to bay by an officer heading him off. A most desperate struggle ensued between Williams, the policeman, named Darke, and one of Mr. Haug's friends. Pistol shots were fired, and clubs freely used, when, after the ruffian being knocked down three times, he was finally secured. Subsequently the prisoner was committed for trial without bail.

Both boards of the Common Council held their final sessions on Saturday. A communication was received from the late Public Administrator, R. B. Bradford, stating that he had improperly converted to his own use about $40,000 of the securities deposited in his bureau, and that he had lost the amount in stock speculations. Committees were appointed to investigate the matter. The ordinance making additional appropriations for 1865 was adopted. The Board of Councilmen appointed Mr. Edwin M. Haggerty as clerk of that board. A resolution providing for the widening of Ann and Fulton streets was adopted, and both boards then adjourned *sine die*.

Both boards of the Common Council for 1866 will organize at noon to-day. The new Board of Supervisors will not meet until the 9th inst.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax delivered his lecture, "Across the Continent," before a large and very select audience, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Saturday evening. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Central Union Club of that city.

Edward B. Ketchum, indicted for forgery and embezzlement, was sentenced Saturday, by Recorder Hoffman, to serve a term of four years and six months in the State Prison.

Mayor Hoffman will hold a reception in the Governor's Room, City Hall, from 12 to 2 P. M. to-day.

The Old Year went out with a buoyant feeling in the Stock market, especially for Governments and Erie Common shares. Gold fell off to 144⅜. Money easy at 6 ₩ cent.

A Peril of the Year.—In congratulating the country at the close of the year over the happy stoppage of the scourge of war which took place in its earlier months, we must not lose sight of the fact that there is danger of our suffering in the present year from the scourge of pestilence. If it be true that cholera is in the West Indies, it may touch our Southern seacoast cities before the first quarter of the new year passes away.

The Legislature meets to-morrow, and one of the measures upon which we hope to see it take action is the Health Bill. We do not imagine that this bill, or the carrying out of the plans for which it provides, will secure us against the cholera; but it is as certain as statistics and science that its ravages may be greatly abated by the adoption of energetic sanitary measures. The arguments on the subject are known to all intelligent men, and will be again brought to the attention of members. Let them so act in the matter, that, if we are visited by the cholera, they will be able to say they have done all in their power to avert or modify it.

Important from the Pacific—Specks of War.

The news from the Pacific this morning is of more than ordinary importance. While France, England and Spain have been exchanging notes on the question of a peaceable settlement of the difficulties between the last-named Power and Chili, events have transpired, almost within sight of Valparaiso, which change the situation from one of passive warfare to active hostilities.

Anticipating the difficulty which followed Admiral Pareja's quarrel with the authorities at Callao, and the subsequent seizure of the Chincha Islands, the Chilian government seem to have taken steps to render their position less helpless than that of the Peruvians, in case of a blockade of Valparaiso and other ports. The Government of Chili were *self-conscious* of their sympathy with the sister republic. They were prepared to plead guilty of having refused to supply Admiral Pareja's fleet with coals and provisioning, while he was directing his operations against Peru; and of having thereby materially impeded his operations against that State. The arrival of the Spanish blockading fleet, therefore, was not likely to take the Chilians by surprise. The fleet arrived; redress for the indignity offered to the flag of Castile was refused; and the principal ports of the republic were sealed against foreign commerce, as far as a formidable proclamation by the Spanish Admiral, and four or five Spanish men-of-war, *could seal* them.

In the meantime a Chilian corvette, well manned and armed, had quietly sailed out of the harbor of Valparaiso, and gone—no one except the government authorities knew whither. Some supposed she had made for a Peruvian port; others conjectured that she had set out on a still longer errand. The truth, however, was that the mysterious craft had anchored in some cove or port only a few miles from Valparaiso. From the 17th of September—the date of her sailing from the last-named port—till the 26th of November, this Chilian craft (the *Esmeralda* by name) lay *perdu* in her port of concealment. On the latter day, having, evidently, foreknowledge of the approach of a coasting dispatch-boat of Admiral Pareja's fleet, the *Esmeralda* weighed anchor, ran out directly in the path of the hostile vessel, fired on her for twenty odd minutes, ultimately captured her and made prisoners of her officers and 121 men, together with Admiral Pareja's letter-box.

The Chilian victory does not seem to have ended here. A launch from one of the Spanish blockading vessels was almost simultaneously captured by the Chilians at another point on the coast. The launch, which was employed to watch blockade-runners, was manned by forty men, all of whom were made prisoners.

Along with this news there comes the report that Admiral Pareja had sailed from Valparaiso, in the direction of some Peruvian port, and the scarcely less interesting item that the *Esmeralda*, which has thus reflected lustre on the power of the Chilian Republic, is commanded by an Englishman, who had an American as his First Lieutenant. Both of these individuals, according to the decree of the Spanish Admiral, are liable to be dealt with as pirates, and not as belligerents—if they should happen to be captured.

The difficulty may thus be complicated, in various ways, beyond the power of European diplomacy to unravel it, before the good offices of France and England can be brought into active play. Probably Gen. Kilpatrick, who sailed for the scene of his mission at Santiago on Saturday, may be able to render the service of a peace-maker available sooner than the agents of the leading Powers of Western Europe. At all events, we know that our agent goes out with instructions which will enable him to take an unbiased position between the contending Powers. While our Government entertains the warmest friendship for the sister republic, it cherishes also a cordial feeling of respect and good-will toward the Government of Her Catholic Majesty. And between the contestants the voice of our representative is as likely to be listened to with deference, as is that of any other Power more eager and forward in offering remonstrance or tendering advice.

The Retrospect.

Our thoughts for the New Year are inevitably mingled with our recollections of the Old. It is impossible to attempt a forecast of the future without remembering what we have suffered and achieved in the past.

We cannot anticipate the greatness which is in store for the Republic without a backward glance at the grand events which, in less than half a decade, have made the United States, as Mr. Bright declares before his constituency, "*the most powerful nation on the face of the earth.*"

It is said that time is most truly measured by sensations. It is certainly true that neither our age nor our strength as a nation is to be reckoned by European standards. The duration of our great war was but a little over four years, but what a stride the nation made in that time in all that confers fame or enforces respect! The world has looked on in profound wonderment at our gigantic struggle, improving as we did upon the veteran skill, and not behind the veteran bravery of communities organized for a thousand years. The very magnitude of our battlefields made them at once historic: the daring and the genius of our military and naval officers rendered them the objects of wondering regard, and the tremendous energy of our people made evident powers that were unequaled even among nations the history of whose wars stretches back into gray antiquity. The schoolboy who remembered but one or two names in connection with the history of the United States, the generally well-informed reader who receives by mail his American newspaper and does not know whose features adorn the two-cent stamp upon it, have in these latter days made acqaintance with Lincoln and Johnson, with Seward and Adams and Stanton, with Sherman, Farragut and Grant. And it is becoming apparent to learners at home and abroad that the people's dynasty is not less dignified than those of crowned kings.

The vanity as well as the youth of the Republic has been a subject of reproach. Lookers-on forget that while aristocracy is the self-esteem of the few, democracy is simply the self-esteem of the many. It is doubtless true, that the magnitude of our national domain and the wonderfully rapid development of our institutions have given prominence to our faults, but those faults have been exaggerated in the eyes of strangers, who have viewed our progress with envy, if not with positive alarm. Had our critics been juster they would have cheerfully allowed us some latitude in the expression of our self-gratulation. But even in this quality of pride we have undergone, since the first shot was fired at Sumter, a considerable change. We have become a sobered people. We have made ourselves a record so grand that we shall not be likely to mar it by undignified boasting. The men who have fought for their country have no need to brag of their patriotism; the man who has stood calm amidst tempests of shot has no need to proclaim that he is brave; the armies which left the desk, the ax, or the spade, and did yoeman's service with the rifle and the sword, and then at the bidding of rulers whom they had themselves chosen, turned their bronzed faces home again to peaceful fields of industry, have no need to assure the world that what they have done when assailed by domestic foes, they can do again when assailed by foreign intruders.

The year which begins to-day begins as no year has begun for us before. It sees us at the end of a great struggle and a great lesson. The first was inevitable;—have we thoroughly learned the second? We say the struggle was inevitable, but exception may be taken to that statement. The element of slavery might have been removed from our midst had those who advocated its retention risen to a full appreciation of the necessities of the case. And although slavery was not perhaps the prime motive cause of secession—at all events did not fix the period at which secession should be attempted—its removal might, by the introduction of a new system of labor, have so changed the political status of the South, or its ideas in regard to the aristocracy of leisure, that the war might have not been entered upon. But it was not so ordered. The eyes of the blind were not opened, and the strife began.

The strife has ended, never to be renewed. Both parties to it have reason to be grateful to the Supreme Ruler. A great sin has been removed, and the true Union of the American people has for the first time begun. The labor system of the South will be completely changed; the wide political breach which so long divided the North from the South will be healed. The old local order of things prevented an admixture of populations; it rendered Northern emigration to the South impossible. It fostered the error that labor was an indignity and idleness a mark of high caste. By natural inference it taught, that the toiling son of the North was the natural inferior of the owner of a hundred slaves. This delusion, fatal to the unity of a nation whose whole political structure is based upon the equality of man, increased of course in extent, as all delusions do, until the rude awakening.

Peradventure, the over-zealous business activity of the North is not wholly without blame; for while on the one side was the lust of *ease*, on the other was the lust of *wealth*. The delusion has been dispelled, the errors of both sides have been atoned for. How many a household has gone into mourning because of this great awakening!

We look back during the past year to scenes of bloodshed, the story of which will thrill the hearts of men to the end of time. But no enmity need remain where both sides were so brave, and where each had learned to respect the other. Rightly considered those battle-fields where so many gallant men lie buried should become sad, but everlasting memorials of a new esteem, a new affection, a new confidence between North and South. After trials which could not have been endured by any nation whose government is not based upon the whole people, the brave survivors will to-day make their New-Year's calls at home. How many an eye will brighten to-day that was heavy with sadness just a year ago! How many an eye will fill with tears of joy as memory recalls the scenes amid which loved ones dwelt on the last New-Year's festival! No need now to dread each opening morn lest some cherished name should be found in the dismal list of sick or slain. No need now to fear that the nation, divided and disgraced, might be spoken of by the stranger with scorn, and our republicanism derided as a costly blunder. Of material prosperity we have and shall have a larger share than can fall to the lot of any people. Of social advancement in literature, science, the arts, we are assured by what we have already reached. Of our debt, the great revenue, which every year's increased production and emigration will swell the volume of, promises speedy extinguishment. The whole people will move forward in the path of prosperity—we believe it will be that also of sobriety and peace.

We ought, possibly, in wishing our readers all possible happiness during the year begun to-day, to have confined ourselves to a simple expression of that wish. But as we write, the retrospect of long years of turmoil crowd into the mind. The story of marches, battles, sieges, came to an end in the year that has gone. The last shot was fired, the last sod turned to make a soldier's grave. History has been acted out as no other year had acted it—and now comes the new era of American history—the era of development. Of the immensity of that development the mind can only dream. We believe that the spectacle of rewarded industry and natural productiveness which this country will present will be glowing as any picture of fairy-land. Be ours to use our gifts well and wisely, "*with malice toward none, with charity for all.*"

France and Belgium.—It would seem from the comments in the journals, both European and American, that the impression has been widely prevalent that Louis Napoleon would take immediate occasion of the death of King Leopold to seize upon Belgium; and it appears to have been matter of surprise to some that he was so prompt in giving proper recognition to the new Monarch. Nothing else would have exhibited such short-sightedness and folly on the part of the French Emperor as the carrying out of the policy here attributed to him. By such a course he would have involved France in war, not only with the Belgian people, but with more than one of the great Powers; and it is very questionable whether, at the close of such a war, the French Empire would have included any part of the present Belgian Kingdom. Besides, it is not in such vain and hasty fashion that Louis Napoleon carries out his schemes; in short, it is not in this way the great and profound strokes of policy are effected by any of the rulers of modern Europe.

The occasion of the death of Leopold did not furnish Napoleon's "opportunity," but it was doubtless a necessary precedent to the arrival of his opportunity. The King was at least Napoleon's equal in astuteness, and his relations with his own people as well as his family relations and political alliances were all of such a character as to make his throne exceptionally secure. His decease may be followed by important changes that will affect Belgium both internally and externally. Napoleon will watch for these closely, and many years may not have passed before he finds it possible to insert the small end of a wedge which will destroy the Belgian monarchy. His partisans in Belgium itself will be the instruments on whom he will chiefly rely.

The Social Science Association.

During the past week the first meeting has taken place in Boston of the "Association for the Promotion of Social Science." Papers have been presented, and addresses delivered, and discussions held on some of the great questions of society—on the treatment of crime, education, the isolation of the insane, sanitary legislation and science, competitive examinations, national resources, and similar subjects. The corresponding society in England has made a valuable contribution to our knowledge of and to the improvement in social questions, by its papers and discussions. Its President, Lord Brougham, has hardly been a true exponent of the scientific value of the society; but its secretaries and working members have truly accomplished some important results, both in practical reform and in enlightening the public mind.

In no country is a scientific association for discussing social questions so much needed as in ours. No where are there so many crude and half-formed views on all these subjects; no where are more important social questions in agitation, and no where is there greater freedom of discussion. Take, for instance, the single question of Protection. The number of fallacies and half-digested views in circulation on this we believe to be something remarkable. Or take more exact questions, such as the best methods of registration and census of a population, where we are extremely behindhand; or practical sanitary provisions and legislation, or the best systems of treating the criminal—in which we are credibly informed that Europe now is so much surpassing us; or again, methods for improving our public schools and the system of popular education; or especially that vast question which looms up in the United States—the best method of treating freed labor, or the thousand questions connected with mining. These and a thousand similar questions not only need the constant discussion of newspapers and popular assemblies, but the more careful and searching investigation and debate of investigators and scientific men. Careful papers, well thought out, would be prepared on them, and the people would gain the benefit of the researches of the learned. On all the questions of social bearing there is need in America of more thoughtful discussion. Such an association of social science would give the opportunity for this. *Savans* and experts, and original investigators, would meet from every quarter of the country, and compare their opinions and theories. No doubt most valuable conclusions of a practical and scientific nature might be elicited. The results of the experience of other countries would be brought forward, and we might discover that the American has something to learn even from the "bloated despotisms of the Old World." We regret to see that the Social Science Association, which has just met, has begun with the usual Massachusetts mistake of being too local. Provincialism is an almost inseparable peculiarity of the Massachusetts mind. Nearly all the names on the list of a society which ought above all, (if it is to be of any value,) to be national, are of men from either Massachusetts or New-England.

The true and liberal plan would have been to have selected from North, South, East and West, the names of men who had made some branch of social science their peculiar field of work or study, and to have induced them, if possible, to head a national association under some scientific or influential names of officers, such as could command the respect of the nation.

Such an association would not need, as did the Boston, the presence of gentlemen from without, to assure them that their work was praiseworthy and desirable. It would command at once the attention and interest of all thoughtful persons. Its papers and discussions would be of too much value even to practical persons, to permit them to be lost. Such a "National Association" we hope some day to see formed.

In the meantime, we hope for the practical interests of all, that the complicated questions of finance which now affect the daily life of each one of us in this solution, will be more thoroughly discussed and mastered in the country than they have thus far been. A defective system, a false theory of finance may in its practical results eat out the very vitals of our resources. True science lies at the basis often even of practical success.

The New Rumors About Mexico.—Those who claim to possess the knowledge that Mr. Seward's voyage will extend as far as Vera Cruz, connect the circumstance with the rumor that the French Emperor has proposed to withdraw his troops from Mexico if the United States Government will agree not to interfere with Maximilian thereafter. Mr. Seward, if we may believe all we hear—which we never do—has taken the opportunity allowed him since the close of the war, to arrange the whole matter properly with Louis Napoleon, and now the Secretary will have a conference at Vera Cruz with Maximilian, prove to him that everything is O. K., and over a glass of old-port establish the peace of the continent. All the ever-repeated rumors of difficulties with Mexico, or with France, or with all the Powers that sustain the imperial policy in Mexico, will thus be scattered forever. Our people will be able to devote themselves to the pursuits of peace without a thought of interruption. Industry will flourish, and bread and beef be cheap. Gold will fall, and five-twenties, and seven-thirties, and ten-forties will rise. We will go to work paying our debt, building the Pacific Railroad, opening up commerce with Asia, gaining supremacy on the seas, and showing the world the glories of republicanism.

Possibly the *quid nuncs* may be all wrong in this matter, and the health of the Secretary of State may not require a conference with Maximilian at Vera Cruz. But we fancy there are not a few people who would be willing enough to have this whole Mexican business settled up in some such way as the *quid nuncs* have drawn up. It is some months since we ourselves suggested to the French Emperor the propriety of trying our government with the proposition of withdrawing his troops, on the condition that we should not interfere with Maximilian, but leave him to settle his case with the Mexican people. If it be true that the Emperor has listened to our suggestion, it is evidence at once of wisdom and teachableness; and if it be true that he has made the proposition, and that Mr. Seward has given it friendly consideration, it is possible that our peaceful relations with France and Mexico may be indefinitely maintained.

The Strong Divorce Case.—The people of this city have been compelled to listen to the private history of the Strong and Stevens families each day during five long weeks. Through the entire catalogue of crime ran the thread of a case whose immodest generalities were only paralleled by its disgusting details.

Abortion, incest, rape, bribery and perjury seemed to be elements which entered into the very framework of the story, and the exposition of each separate felony was apparently a task in which the counsel, on both sides, luxuriated with immeasurable gusto. The suit has attracted great professional and social attention, and the press, in spite of the Pecksniff of an evening sheet, has been compelled to give it publicity. Thank Heaven! it is ended. Its end, moreover, was in keeping with its whole character. The jury, after sitting patiently four weeks, were addressed at great length by the counsel on both sides, and charged with marked clearness by a patient and conscientious Judge. But, after forty-five hours' deliberation, they stood as they did when they first went out. Yesterday morning Judge Garvin discharged them, it being understood that they were unanimous for the plaintiff on all the issues but the last, and on that they stood ten for the plaintiff to two for the defendant. The charge of bribery against one of the jurors is too indefinite for present comment, but forms a congenial element in the most wonderful combination of criminal charges we have ever heard of being mixed up with a civil trial in a court of justice. We regret to hear the cause is to be re-tried. We should have thought there had been enough already developed to show that the parties on neither side can ever hope to form more *appropriate* relations. The children, too, had as little to gain from separation as from the maintenance of the existing relation; and, on this ground few will be disposed to cast reflections on the disagreement of the jury.

The Home Weekly.

In another column, Messrs. Geo. W. Childs & Co., of Philadelphia, publish the prospectus of the *Home Weekly* for 1866. The promises there held forth—and the Messrs. Childs & Co. are not in the habit of promising what they do not fulfill—give certain indication that the *Home Weekly* is to be one of the very best and most entertaining of American hebdomadals. It would be almost impossible to select any individual star from the list of contributors; the galaxy, as a whole, is so brilliant, and so many favorite writers answer to the roll-call of the publishers of the *Home Weekly*, that it would be difficult to name one whose services have not been enlisted. Whoever subscribes to the *Home Weekly* for 1866 need have no fears but that he will get two dollars' worth of excellent reading.

The Late Public Administrator.—It is ascertained that in the accounts of estates rendered to the Surrogate by the Public Administrator, up to Dec. 26, no defalcations exist, with the exception of a small amount alleged to have disappeared from the estate of Richard Coogan, deceased, which was immediately placed under examination before an Auditor, by direction of the Surrogate. The loss of assets confessed by Dr. Bradford, in his letter to the Common Council, must, therefore, fall upon estates still in the Public Administrator's hands, where they are left, by the provisions of law, for one year before an account is rendered by him to the Surrogate. An examination of the Public Administrator's office has been carefully made by Mr. Hoffman, who has possession of it by the appointment of Mr. Develin, and public curiosity on the subject of the defalcation there will doubtless be promptly satisfied. Gen. Davies, the new Public Administrator, will enter upon his duties to-day.

Amusements.

There will be extra performances at many places of amusement, to-day and to-night, notably at Barnum's, where they begin at daybreak and go on steadily until the city is wrapped in slumber. There will be two performances at the Hippotheatron, at both the Bowery theatres, and at the American Theatre. Elsewhere, the most attractive pieces of the season are presented. Our readers will do well to consult our regular amusement columns.

The dramatic event of the week is the return to the stage of Mr. Edwin Booth, which will take place at the Winter Garden on Wednesday next. It is hardly necessary to add a word to this simple announcement. So great is the popularity of the gentleman, so merited is his position in the world of art, and so universal is the sympathy with him in that outer world where stern and pitiable tragedies are sometimes enacted, that the statement will, we are sure, call forth a response from the entire community. Mr. Booth has recently been the object of a most inhuman attack in a journal of this city. If he came before the public with no other recommendation than that atrocious paragraph he would at once win the sympathies of a public that is, happily, famed for its fairness and kindly feeling toward all. Mr. Booth commences his engagement in Shakespeare's "Hamlet."

A little later in the new year Miss Kate Bateman, whose success in Europe has been of the most unexceptionable kind, will make her *rentrée* at Niblo's Garden. The event is also one of unusual interest, particularly as this engagement precedes another of a strictly private but more permanent character.

An ingenious writer in a Chicago paper, speaking of Mr. Grover's polyglot opera, takes occasion to say that "the orchestra was better than he feared it might be"—a dexterous use of terms which leaves the mind in blissful ignorance as to whether praise or censure be intended. In other parts of the article the line is more tightly drawn. The writer speaks openly of the failure of Mr. Grau's troop in "Faust," and maintains that Mme. Rotter is a better *Marguerite* than the lady who is sillily called the "Queen of the Marguerites." Concerning the latter this truculent critic remarks that her "sole recommendation was that she had studied the part under Gounod's tuition—to no effect." After the constant peans that have been sounded about the performances in Chicago, it is a little refreshing to listen every now and then to a lusty blast of another sort. We notice by the way that Mr. Grau has given up his intention of returning to that city. The first season was so successful that he would rather not have another one. The "Africaine," which was to have been produced about this time, will probably form the principal feature of a second subscription in Havana, whither Mr. Grau and his artists repair in a few days. We shall probably hear the new company in the Spring. It need be composed of remarkable material to bear up against the puffing it has undergone.

Miss Rushton's New-York theatre attracts some attention, but the world of amusements remains calm and unruffled by the fact of its existence. There is room enough for half-a-dozen more of such establishments. Our managers need a little wholesome competition; their profits being sometimes in excess of their deserts. The new-comers, however, should enter the arena with modesty. There are three or four establishments in the city which will take a great deal of beating before they are superseded, and the serious work had better be done before the triumphal festivities commence. Miss Rushton is acting judiciously in taking time for the production of her next comedy—which will, we understand, be the "Honeymoon." In the meantime, the "School for Scandal" is to be repeated. Additional performances have imparted some smoothness to the representation, but the incongruous elements of the company forbid anything like wholeness of illusion.

Mr. J. S. Clarke makes his last appearance and takes his benefit at the Winter Garden to-morrow evening. Both events will be greeted with satisfaction by the general public. There are many who will be glad of the opportunity of paying Mr. Clarke a compliment. These, we trust, will flock to his benefit. There are others, and their numbers are considerable, who will rejoice at the termination of an utterly sterile engagement. These, we are sure, will be comforted by the comedian's departure. In private life there is hardly a bore more intolerable than he who persists in telling you the same story over and over again. We may have laughed at his sally in the first instance, and for a season or two, persevered in a decorous semblance of a smile. Nothing is more awful than the step from this to a yawn, leading, as it so often does, to mirthful dissolution in the shape of locked-jaw. Mr. Clarke is, we fear, approaching the state of this terrible creature. He returns to us at stated periods, and with shocking garrulity gives all his old Joe's. In an artistic point of view he has neither made progress nor sought to make it. For the past three months he has performed his regular round of characters, and like a mill-horse leaves off precisely where he began. The fine old sterling comedy of "The Toodles" will be given on the auspicious occasion of his benefit, and a classic farce involving eccentric pantaloons will probably be added. The attendance will undoubtedly be large, and the laughter uproarious. We have no desire to question the drawing capacity of Mr. Clarke in either particular. But Mr. Clarke's audiences are composed almost exclusively of people who are passing through New-York, not of people who reside in it. The latter have long since wearied of his tiresome farces and mutilated comedies. No artist can afford to stand still in his profession without speedily being overtaken and passed by younger and more ambitious men. Mr. Clarke, when next he commences an engagement in New-York, would do well to remember this fact.

Messrs. P. Juignet and C. Drivet, the directors of the Theatre Français, announce that an extra performance will take place at the Academy of Music on Wednesday, the 10th of January. It is given in order to furnish the public with an opportunity of hearing Mlle. Elvira Naddie, principal singer *légère* of Theatre Royal of Brussels, and M. Armand, first tenor of the Grand Theatre of Marseilles, who will appear in a condensed version of Halevy's "L'Eclair." A comic singer, M. Harndoff, will also make his first appearance on this occasion, in Masse's sparkling operetta of "Les Noces de Jeannette." These artists are engaged for the season of 1866–7. They will have to be sharp to catch the first-named year, unless they hurry up the builder of their new theatre.

A popular concert was given at the Academy of Music on Christmas night with much effect. The artists were Mme. Brinkerhoff, Mrs. J. H. Barclay, Signor Fosati, Mr. J. N. Pattison, and the others were the members of Grafulla's Seventh Regiment Band. The ladies were received with great favor—Mrs. Brinkerhoff being encored in her ballad and loudly applauded in the duet with Signor Fosati.

The artists of the Bateman Concert troupe will return to the city on Saturday next, after a tour in the East and West of unusual brilliancy and success. They will give a concert at the Academy on that evening, and also on the evenings of Monday and Tuesday, the 8th and 9th of January. These are the last opportunities of hearing Mlle. Parepa, Mr. J. Levy, and Herr Carl Rosa, who return immediately to Europe to fulfill their regular Spring engagements. Mr. S. B. Mills will also assist on these interesting occasions. There will be an orchestra under the competent direction of Mr. Carl Anschutz.

AFFAIRS IN OHIO.

The Legislature—Forthcoming Message of Governor Anderson—Interesting Survey of the Affairs of the State—The Governor's Views on Foreign Affairs.

Cincinnati, Sunday, Dec. 31.

The Ohio Legislature assembles to-morrow. Gov. Anderson's message is very lengthy and devoted principally to State affairs. The institutions of the State are represented to be in a flourishing condition. The total receipts of the State from all sources during the fiscal year were $13,190,000 against $8,600,000 in 1864. The total disbursements were $12,400,000 against $6,600,000 in 1864, leaving a balance to the credit of all funds over $700,000 against $2,000,000 in 1864. The total funded debt of the State is $12,900,000 against $13,500,000 in 1864, showing a diminution of $500,000.

The Governor devotes considerable space to the railroads of the State, which have become of immense value to the stockholders, and the people of the State. He advocates some legislation for the protection of the lives and property and other rights of the people from the encroachment or neglect of these powerful agents. He advocates a reduction of the State Militia tax, and a modification of the enrollment process. In speaking of the detention of Ohio volunteers in the field, the Governor says it was no part of the intention or expectation that these noble patriots, volunteering to fight the war for the Union, were to be detained as a police-guard, to oversee political reforms in the South, whether as to white or black; still less to be marched to the Rio Grande in order to either menace or assault Maximilian or any other despotism. The despot they engaged to suppress was Jefferson Davis, the traitor, and he had been safely and properly caged. He says, since entering upon the discharge of his duties as Governor of Ohio, the troops have been reduced to six regiments, and these are mainly serving on the Rio Grande, where there is no rebellion to suppress.

The Governor argues at some length against the principle of the Monroe doctrine and interference in Mexican affairs. He says what the Monroe doctrine exactly is we have never agreed among ourselves. Its origin is doubtful; its purposes uncertain. Its means to this day are unspecified. Mexico has never been and can never be a republic, unless her people will accommodate us to be born again and of entirely different parentage. She, with all her sister republics of South America, has been from the beginning uninterruptedly a most violent, bloody, incendiary anarchy. She has continually injured all nations with which she has held communication; has ruthlessly ruined and oppressed her own people and government, and has brought disgrace alike upon the sacred name of republican liberty and of human nature. The Governor is opposed to going to war with France, or to menace and bully her in behalf of Mexico.

California News.

San Francisco, Saturday, Dec. 30.

The steamer *Golden Age*, (query, *Golden City?*) sailed for Panama to-day, taking $1,014,901 treasure, of which $800,000 is for New-York.

The overland mail, with New-York dates to Dec. 9, has arrived.

A considerable shipment of gold and silver bullion from the Arizona mines has been received here, amounting to $20,000. The reports from the mines in that Territory are very encouraging.

Sales of mining stocks were made at the morning board to-day, at the following figures: Ophir, $372 50, buyer 30 days; Alpha, $240; Savage, $830; Chollar Potosi, $175; Imperial, $124; Yellow Jacket, $505; Crown Point, $520.

Fire in Providence.

Providence, R. I., Sunday, Dec. 31.

A fire occurred this morning in Mathewson & Allen's large block, on Broad, Dorrance, Eddy and Middle streets, occupied chiefly by manufacturing jewelers. The third and fourth stories of the west end were badly burnt, and much damage was done in nearly three stories by water. The total loss may reach $50,000 to $60,000. The principal losers are Steere & Crocker, S. M. Lewis & Co., J. A. Brown & Co., Nathaniel Grant & Co., and J. B. Mathewson & Co., all of whom were well insured. One hundred and twenty-five persons will be temporarily thrown out of employment.

Melancholy Suicide.

Boston, Sunday, Dec. 31.

A young man named Richard Owens, a landscape painter, shot himself dead with a pistol last evening, in Bruce's window-shade store on Washington-street, where he was employed. He had but lately arrived in Boston, and it is said he was from Zanesville, Ohio. He had recently manifested symptoms of insanity.

NAVAL ENGINEERING, NO. IV.

The Report of the Congressional Committee of the Last Congress on the Steam-Engineering of the Navy.

We resume this subject, as promised in the TIMES of the 26th inst., with an exposition of the deceitful character of the tables contained in the Congressional report under examination.

The tables alluded to are those which refer to the performance of the "principal screw-steamers of the British navy," and to the performance and general characteristics of our screw vessels which have been fitted with ISHERWOOD's machinery.

As to the first table, we cannot do better than give an article on the subject which appeared in the *Army and Navy Journal*. It has been carefully examined and the data and calculations found to be correct:

THE "PRINCIPAL SCREW STEAMERS OF THE BRITISH NAVY."

The Naval Committee of the House of Representatives, last Winter, in pursuing its investigations into the engines of our navy, obtained from Mr. ISHERWOOD a table of the screw vessels fitted with that gentleman's engines during the years 1861, 1862, 1863 and 1864. Plainly with a view of showing by contrast the excellence of his engines, Mr. ISHERWOOD also furnished at the same time a similar table of what he did not hesitate to call "the principal screw steamers of the British navy." The device undoubtedly had the intended effect upon the Naval Committee. But had the honorable gentlemen taken the pains to scrutinize this latter table closely, they would have found that Mr. ISHERWOOD had picked out a lot of old screw vessels whose names are as "familiar as household words," and carefully omitted the more modern and fleeter vessels which, of course, can alone be "called the principal screw steamers of the British navy." To show that this is the fact, we give below two tables, table 1, containing the list of British vessels furnished by Mr. ISHERWOOD, table 2 containing a few modern vessels, which Mr. ISHERWOOD withheld from the committee.

TABLE I.—MR. ISHERWOOD'S "PRINCIPAL SCREW STEAMERS OF THE BRITISH NAVY."

Name of Vessel.	Speed in knots.	Area of mid-section in square feet.	Size of the cylinders in inches. Number. Diam'r. Stroke.	Date of Complet'n.
Rattler	9.65	302		1844
Diadem	11.83	760	2—82x48	1857
Doris	12.04			
Mersey	13.29	886	2—92x48	1859
Marlborough	10.57	1193	2—82x48	1851
Orlando	13.80	805	2—92x48	1859
Renown	11.33	1034	2—82x48	1858
Flying Fish	11.17	—	2—58x27	1856
Industry	8.21	—	2—36x27	1858
Leven	9.27	—	2—18x18	1857
Lee	9.21	—	2—18x18	1857
Slaney	9.35	—	2—18x18	1857
Ajax	6.45	750	4—55x30	1848
Amphion	6.75	546	2—48x48	1847
Archer	7.81	372	2—46x36	1849
Arrogant	8.29	580	2—55x36	1848
Algerine	9.30	—	2—18x18	1857
Bullfinch	7.91	—	2—18x12	1859
Bee	6.82	28	1—20x24	1842
Blenheim	5.81	738	4—52x36	1848
Conflict	9.28	402	4—46x24	1849
Fairy	13.32	71	2—42x36	1845
Greenock	9.59	419	2—71x48	1846
Dauntless	10.29	522	2—84x48	1848
Desperate	10.76	388	4—56x30	1852
Dwarf	10.53	44	2—40x32	1843
Hogue	8.32	805	4—51x36	1848
Encounter	10.25	318	2—55x27	1848
Horatio	8.25	391	2—54x36	1850
Megara	10.24	353	4—49x24	1849
Niger	9.49	403	4—47x22	1849
Phoenix	8.74	327	2—62x54	1848
Plumper	7.41	204	2—27x24	1848
Reynard	8.23	184	2—28x24	1848
Rifleman	9.49	173	2—46x36	1847
Sharpshooter	9.78	192	2—46x36	1847
Simoon	8.74	555	4—44x30	1848
Teazer	7.68	82	2—27x30	1851
Termagant	9.51	587	4—62x42	1849
Vulcan	9.60	465	4—49x24	1849

TABLE II.—A FEW VESSELS OMITTED BY MR. ISHERWOOD.

Name of Vessel.	Speed in knots.	Area of mid-section in square feet.	Size of the cylinders in inches. Number. Diam'r. Stroke.	Date of Complet'n.
Algiers	12.19	819	2—76x42	1858
Anson	12.88	856	2—82x48	1861
Ariadne	13.08	771	2—82x44	1860
Atlas	13.02	810	2—82x48	1860
Bacchante	12.04	754	2—76x42	1860
Barosa	11.92	466	2—64x36	1860
Cadmus	11.29	537	2—58x39	1859
Camelion	11.02	282	2—45x24	1860
Chraybdis	11.75	471	2—64x36	1859
Clio	11.96	419	2—64x36	1859
Cormorant	11.15	221	2—45x24	1860
Signet	11.23	168	2—32x18	1860
Donegal	11.91	1004	2—82x48	1859
Duncan	13.33	798	2—82x48	1860
Eclipse	11	198	2—45x24	1861
Edgar	11.37	977	2—76x42	1859
Emerald	12	586	2—76x42	1857
Forte	11.48	550	2—64x36	1859
Freder'k William	11.77	770	2—66x42	1860
Gibraltar	12.48	832	2—82x48	1861
Hero	11.70	765	2—76x42	1858
Howe	13.56	949	2—92x48	1861
Immortalite	12.53	717	2—76x42	1860
Jason	11.63	575	2—64x36	1860
Lily	11.48	200	2—45x24	1861
Lion	10.91	635	2—58x39	1860
Melpomene	12.43	568	2—70x42	1858
Nelson	11.53	750	2—71x36	1860
New-Castle	13.28	581	2—76x42	1861
Orestes	12.26	453	2—60x36	1860
Orpheus	12.44	443	2—64x32	1860
Pelican	11.66	279	2—45x24	1861
Penguin	11.07	174	2—32x18	1860
Philomel	10.85	170	2—32x18	1860
Phoebe	11.92	573	2—65x36	1861
Prince of Wales	12.56	800	2—82x48	1860
Severn	12.13	536	2—66x42	1860
Shannon	11.70	770	2—70x42	1856
Star	11	206	2—42x24	1861
Sutlej	13.06	530	2—66x42	1860
Topaz	12.16	695	2—76x42	1858
Victoria	13.14	945	2—92x48	1860

More could be added, but these are thought sufficient to illustrate the case.

The mean speed of the pre-adamite craft which Mr. ISHERWOOD has culled from old British Naval Registers is 9.45 knots per hour; the mean speed of a few modern vessels he omitted to mention, contained in table No. 2, is 12 knots per hour, a trifle of 2.55 knots per hour more than Mr. ISHERWOOD's deceitful estimate of the mean speed of the British navy.

When it is remembered that the power required to propel a vessel varies as the *cube of the speed*, were it not for the serious national consequences involved, it would make one smile at this serious practical joke which was played on the last Naval Committee.

The cube of 9.45 being 844, and that of 12.01 being 1,728, shows that the vessels contained in Mr. ISHERWOOD's list are propelled by less than one-half of the power applied to the vessels contained in the list which he withheld from the eyes of the Committee.

Of the number mentioned in the table arranged by the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, the *Blenhiem*, *Hogue* and *Horatio*, are old 74s, supplied with worse than auxiliary power. They are of the class called "block ships," interesting only to the antiquarian. The *Megara*, *Sharpshooter*, *Simoon*, *Teazer* and *Vulcan* are of iron, among the first built in England of that material, and even if their corroded frames have not by this time enjoyed the quiet repose of the "scrap heap," they can scarcely with propriety be termed war vessels. Sir HOWARD DOUGLASS, in the postscript to the fifth edition of his *Naval Gunnery*, states that the *Megara* and *Simoon* were purchased for store and troop ships. The *Niger*, an antique craft, the same authority states, was lost during the Crimean War, therefore she cannot be one of "the principal screw-steamers of the British navy."

The *Leven*, *Lee*, *Slaney*, *Algerine* and *Bullfinch*, were vessels hurriedly built, during the late Crimean war, for special service against the Russian fortifications at Cronstadt, as Mr. ISHERWOOD himself states on page nine, volume one, of his "Engineering Precedents," published by H. BAILLIERE, No. 290 Broadway, New-York, and No. 219 Regent-street, London, J. B. BAILLIERE, *et fils* Rue Hautefeuille Paris, and C. BAILLY BAILLIERE, Calle del Principe, Madrid. "As these vessels were constructed for the sole purpose of attacking Cronstadt, and were expected to be destroyed in that service, (for both officers and crew were to be volunteers,) excellence of model, kind of machinery, economical application of power, capacity to perform sea voyages of reasonable length, &c., were quite secondary considerations—very different from what they would have been, had the vessels been destined for general, not special service."

What could have been the motive of the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering? To deceive the Naval Committee by presenting to them a table of these old and slow vessels as "the principal screw steamers of the British navy," instead of presenting a list of modern vessels built simultaneously with those contained in his table of his own vessels?

The *Marlborough*, contained in Mr. ISHERWOOD's list of English vessels, although an old line-of-battle ship, of upward of 6,000 tons displacement, nearly as broad as she is long, with the moderate draft of twenty-seven feet, goes nearly as fast as any vessel for which Mr. ISHERWOOD has controled the proportions of the machinery, except the "double-enders," which are fitted as you have observed, "with the ordinary American poppet-valve expansion paddle-wheel engine, cutting off at four-tenths of the stroke," the point usually adopted by American engineers as the best in the long run. Would it be reasonable to suppose that the speed of this enormous line-of-battle ship would be increased by fitting her with *smaller* cylinders, an improvement suggested by Mr. ISHERWOOD (see Congressional report) for the frigate *General Admiral*, the fastest war vessel under steam alone yet built in the United States.

As for the fine frigates *Diadem*, *Doris*, *Mersey* and *Orlando*, having a speed as named of 11.83, 12.04, 13.29 and 13.80 knots, the Chief of Naval Steam Bureau cannot point to a solitary screw vessel, the machinery of which he has proportioned, which can approach these powerful vessels in speed, yet their screws all have the usual slip, in which respect they differ materially from Mr. ISHERWOOD's statement of the performance of *his* screw vessels, in the Congressional document above referred to. His screw vessels, as he himself has beautifully expressed it in his paper on the *Arrogant*, in the *Franklin Journal*, are like "the case of a man wheeling a wheelbarrow, where the speed of the wheelbarrow surpassed that of the man."

A comparison between the speed of these powerful British frigates and the speed promised by Mr. ISHERWOOD in his last report to the Secretary of the Navy for our magnificent new war vessel the *Franklin*, the finest frigate in this or any other navy—viz., 10 knots—forces itself upon the most superficial observer of naval affairs.

The *Franklin* is a much larger ship than the British *Mersey*, for example; but let us assume, for comparison, that, owing to the superior model of the former, the resistance of both in passing through the water is the same. This being the case, the vessel supplied with the most powerful machinery will, as a matter of course, be the faster one, and no one in the year 1865 questions the absolute necessity of high speed in a wooden cruising war vessel.

The *Mersey* is supplied with a pair of engines, the cylinders of which are 92 inches in diameter by 48 inches length of stroke, which drive the ship, as admits ISHERWOOD, 13.29 knots per hour.

The *Franklin* is fitted with a pair of engines, the cylinders of which are but 68 inches in diameter by 42 inches length of stroke.

The capacity of the *Franklin's* cylinders, it should be observed, is so proportioned that they must be filled, according to Mr. ISHERWOOD's erroneous system, (exploded by himself on the late expansion trial, seven-tenths full each stroke, in order to consume the steam the boilers will supply. Now the screws of both these vessels are of nearly the same diameter and pitch; that of the *Mersey* is 20 feet in diameter and 29 feet pitch; that of the *Franklin* is 19 feet in diameter and 28 feet pitch; but the skillful and experienced constructors of the *Mersey's* machinery have furnished her with engines of more than twice the capacity of those with which Mr. ISHERWOOD has supplied the *Franklin*, to turn a propeller of about the same size, and propel a ship much larger."

The engines of the *Mersey* weigh 213 tons; the boilers and fixtures, 263 tons. The engines of the *Franklin* weigh about 200 tons; the boilers and fixtures about 250 tons.

So Mr. ISHERWOOD has ingeniously contrived, by putting in the *Franklin* engines of less than one-half the size of those of the *Mersey*, to make the weight about the same; what else he accomplished by such "unprecedented" practice, except spoil the ship, we leave for him to explain

"One would suppose that, with the example fresh before his eyes of the wretched failure of the excellent frigates *Roanoke*, *Colorado*, *Merrimac* and *Minnesota*, in point of speed, due solely to deficiency in steam power, he would not be the one to ruin another frigate, the finest wooden ship in the world.

It will be perceived, therefore, that none of Mr. ISHERWOOD's screw vessels equal in speed 'the principal screw ships of the British navy.'

Finally, it only remains to speak of the *Bee*, a gigantic craft of 33 tons displacement, and the *Rattler*, named in Mr. ISHERWOOD's table, and both built about the time the writer was born, to convince the British Admiralty that a screw propeller would really propel a vessel; these clearly are a little out of place in a list of 'the principal screw steamers of the British navy.'

As for the remainder of the antique vessels comprised in Mr. ISHERWOOD's statement, it is safe to assert that in the event of a war, they would not be put in commission at all.

The Naval Committee of the next Congress will do well to examine the list of *modern* British vessels. After its perusal they will hardly be as willing to 'triumphantly sustain the character and practice of the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering' as Mr. ISHERWOOD stated the last committee did."

Now it requires no knowledge of steam physics "precedents," or a pilgrimage through two ponderous official volumes of "Engineering Researches" to understand this exposition; it is as clear as noonday. That a government officer should attempt to palm off on Congress and the country such an untrue statement, as the table of the "principal screw steamers of the British Navy," contained in this Congressional report, is without precedent in the annals of whitewashing. It is intended in the next article to examine the table concerning Mr. ISHERWOOD's own vessels, which will be seen to be as deceitful as the one just analyzed.

ENGINEER.

THE NEW-YEAR.

Organization of the Common Council—Reception by the Mayor, &c.

Both boards of the Common Council for 1866 will convene at noon to-day, pursuant to law, and organize by the election of Presidents and clerks. The Mayor will send in his message, and, in view of the fact of its being New-Year's day, both boards will doubtless adjourn without transacting any further business.

For President of the Board of Aldermen it is probable that Mr. JOHN BRICE will prove the successful candidate, and the venerable Clerk, Mr. D. T. VALENTINE, will of course be reëlected. The Republicans, who have a majority of one in the Board of Councilmen, have nominated Mr. ALEXANDER H. KEECH for the office of President. Mr. EDWIN M. HAGGERTY will doubtless be the clerk of the board. It is probable that the claim of Mr. WM. L. ELY to a seat in the Board of Aldermen will be contested by Mr. MCKNIGHT, the present incumbent.

The following are the members of the Common Council for 1866:

ALDERMEN.

1. John Moore, Tammany.
2. Thomas Coman, Tammany and Mozart.
3. Michael Norton, Mozart.
4. Charles McBrien, McKeon.
5. Ignatius Flynn, McKeon and Citizens.
6. Joseph Shannon, Tammany.
7. William H. Gedney, Union.
8. Wm. L. Ely, Tammany and Reform.
9. Lewis R. Ryers, Tammany.
10. Bernard Reilly, Tammany.
11. John Brice, Tammany, &c.
12. Charles E. Loew, Tammany.
13. Peter Masterson, Tammany.
14. Joseph B. Varnum, Jr., Union.
15. James O'Brien, Mozart, &c.
16. Robert McGinnis, Mozart and Citizens.
17. B. W. Van Voorhis, Tammany.

COUNCILMEN.

District IV.—Cornelius Flynn, Mozart and Tammany.
James Long, Tammany.
John Stacom, Tammany.
Patrick H. Keenan, Tammany.
Isaac Robinson, Tammany.
Hugh O'Brien, Tammany.

District V.—Bernard Kenny, Tammany.
Edward Costello, Mozart.
Anthony Hartman, Mozart.
James G. Brinkman, Tammany.
Charles Koster, Tammany.
Clement Watts, Union.

District VI.—Alexander H. Keech, Union.
William B. White, Union.
J. Wilson Green, Union.
George D. Kellogg, Union.
George H. Mackay, Union.
Morris A. Tyng, Union.

District VII.—Stephen H. Roberts, Union.
Michael Halloran, Union.
Francis A. Thomas, Union.
George Hettrick, Union.
Christopher Pullman, Union.
Milnor Imlay, Union.

RECEPTION BY THE MAYOR.

Mr. GEO. W. MORTON, Mayor GUNTHER's First Marshal, has issued the following card:

The Common Council having tendered to Hon. JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Mayor elect, the use of the Governor's Room in the City Hall, for that purpose, he will be happy to receive his friends and fellow-citizens there, on New-Year's day, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock P. M.

G. W. MORTON,
DATED DEC. 30, 1865. First Marshal.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

The new Board will not organize until the 9th inst., when they will proceed to appoint a Recorder for the unexpired term. For President of the new Board, Mr. WILLIAM M. TWEED, who has been a member of the Board since 1858, can doubtless be elected if he chooses, but it is probable that Mr. HENRY SMITH will be placed in the Presidential chair. The clerical force will remain as it is. The following are the members of the new Board:

WILLIAM R. STEWART, Republican; ORISON BLUNT, Republican; SHERIDAN SHOOK, Republican; HENRY SMITH, Republican; ANDREAS WILLMAN, Republican; ANDREW BLEAKLEY, Republican; WILLIAM M. TWEED, Democrat; SMITH ELY, Jr., Democrat; ELIJAH F. PURDY, Democrat; WALTER ROCHE, Democrat; JOHN FOX, Democrat; JAMES HAYES, Democrat.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

First Marshal Morton's Report for the Year 1865.

Below will be found—for the first time the same has ever been prepared at the close of the year—a full tabular statement of the business of the Mayor's Office transacted under the authority of First Marshal GEO. W. MORTON. The efficiency and systematic administration of the duties of his office by Mr. MORTON are illustrated in this statement as well as in the prompt compilation of the results of his labors during the year 1865. The first year of Mr. MORTON's service showed an increase of the amount received for license fees, &c., over each of the two last preceding years exceeding $4,000 per annum; and the present statement exhibits even a more favorable result for the year just closed. The amounts received were: 1862, $18,374 50; 1863, $18,342 75; 1864, $22,570 50. Mr. MORTON was appointed by Mayor GUNTHER in January, 1864. About the first week in April, 1865, the Common Council transferred the issuing of licenses for pawnbrokers, second-hand dealers, junk-dealers, intelligence offices, stages, hacks, hack and stage drivers, from the office of the Clerk of the Common Council, to the First Marshal in the Mayor's office, where such service properly belonged, as all such licenses, as well as those issued by the First Marshal, were granted over the signature and by the authority of the Mayor, who had authority, also, to revoke at pleasure any license—a highly proper exercise of power to prevent misconduct and abuse of the privilege.

For the years 1862, 1863 and 1864 the receipts of the Clerk of the Common Council and of the First Marshal were as follows:

AMOUNT RECEIVED FOR LICENSES, ETC.

	By Clerk of Common Council.	By First Marshal.	Total.
1862	$34,692 75	$18,374 50	$53,067 25
1863	33,671 25	18,342 75	52,014 00
1864	30,724 25	22,570 50	53,294 75

The decrease of the receipts of the Clerk of the Common Council in 1864 was caused by the discontinuance of stage routes superseded by city railroads.

First Marshal MORTON shows that the receipts of his office for the year 1865 have amounted to $62,823, an increase of $9,528 25, to which is to be added the amount received by Mr. VALENTINE to the time of the transfer as above, which will increase the amount of excess of 1864 to over $10,000. This is certainly creditable to Mr. MORTON, whose labors and responsibilities have been greatly increased, and whose duties have not even had the advantage of additional clerical assistance.

Of the sum received by Mr. MORTON for the year 1865, there has been deposited with the City Chamberlain, and vouchers filed daily with the Comptroller, for the benefit of the Corporation, as follows:

To the credit of the Sinking Fund, for the payment of city debt and interest	$35,393 50
Received by First Marshal, Dec. 30, 1865, after banking hours, to be deposited to same account	40 00
Total	$35,433 50
To credit of City Treasury, General Fund	27,390 50
Grand total	$62,823 00

AMOUNT RECEIVED AT THE MAYOR'S OFFICE FOR LICENSES AND FINES FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1865.

Licenses, &c., for	City Treasury.	Sink'g Fund.
Dummy engines	$150 00	
Two-horse car	5,700 00	
One-horse car	850 00	
A horse car	400 00	
Intelligence office	525 00	
Intelligence office, renewal	312 50	
Boarding-house	550 00	
Express	2,635 00	
Express, renewal	1,327 50	
Vender	3,190 00	
Vender, renewal	255 50	
Chimney sweep	3 00	
Baggage and parcel wagons	17 50	
Public carts	3,937 50	
Public carts, renewal	2,784 00	
Charcoal	182 50	
Charcoal, renewal	60 00	
Gunpowder	60 00	
Gunpowder, renewal	31 00	
Kindling wood	432 50	
Kindling wood, renewal	34 00	
Wooden ware	10 00	
Wooden ware, renewal	1 00	
Cartman	543 00	
Cartman, renewal	253 50	
Dirt cart	342 00	
Dirt cart, renewal	40 25	
Public porter	66 00	
Public porter, renewal	44 50	
Coach driver	1,151 00	
Car driver	339 00	
Stage driver	217 75	
Fines	944 00	
Total	$27,389 50	
Pawnbrokers		$3,300 00
Second-hand dealers		7,200 00
Junk-shop		2,275 00
Junk-shop, renewal		8,437 50
Stage coaches		9,080 00
Junk boats		300 00
Junk boats, renewal		465 00
Junk cart		1,000 00
Junk cart, renewal		1,860 00
Coach		6,465 00
Coach transfer		51 00
Total		$35,433 50
		27,389,50
Grand total		$62,823 00

1,670 complaints disposed of by fines or otherwise.

Amount received by Chief Clerk in Mayor's Office and paid to City Treasury	$569 00
Forty theatre licenses issued to Society for Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents	10,000 00

The number of complaints which have received the attention of the First Marshal were: 1864, 1,336; 1865, 1,670; increase, 334.

Although the number of complaints exceed the previous year, the amount of fines is less by $81. Mr. MORTON, "tempering justice with mercy," and deeming the object of penalties to be rather to obtain a strict observance of the laws and ordinances than a source of revenue, has frequently compelled extortionate hack-drivers and others to restore the whole amount of fare received by them to the complainant, instead of imposing a fine for the benefit of the city. This, while it has operated as a fine on the hackman, who would sooner pay a greater sum than restore his unjust exactions, has been productive of a most salutary effect, as complaints of this nature are continually increasing. Beside this the complaints of a more serious character have been fewer in number, the services of Capt. BRACKETT and his officers in enforcing the regulations over refractory parties during the year having made punishments certain, prompt and proportionate to the offence, and brought the evil-disposed to a more just regard of their duties than was formerly the case.

Mr. MORTON's knowledge of the laws and ordinances relating to every department of the municipal government, combined with business talent and industrious habits, has enabled him to discharge his duties in a manner generally satisfactory. He has been well-sustained by Mr. GEORGE W. HINCHMAN, the Second Marshal, who has been many years connected with the Mayor's Office, and by a competent clerk and bookkeeper, Mr. GEORGE H. VOLLERS, who holds the position of fourth assistant clerk.

The amount received by Mr. AULD, the efficient chief clerk in the Mayor's Office, is appended to the statement of the First Marshal, showing the receipts to have been $10,569, which have been disposed of as provided by law.

SHOCKING CALAMITY.

A Whole Family Suffocated by the Fumes of a Stove.

Yesterday afternoon, the residents of the lower part of Grand-street, near the East River, were startled by the news that a whole family had been suffocated, and that two of its members had died from the effects.

It appears that a family named GAHEY, consisting of a mother, named ROSANNA, aged 67 years; her daughter, NANCY A., aged 24 years; her son, FRANCIS, aged 27 years, and his son, FRANCIS, Jr., aged four years, inhabited an apartment, 6x9 feet, on the first floor of the small tenement-house, No. 597 Grand-street.

The old lady had been ailing for some time, and consequently was not seen much by the neighbors. FRANCIS the son, a baker by trade, returned on Saturday night at about 1 o'clock, from his work, and at once retired for the night; the other three having already gone to bed. On Sunday morning, a friend named THOMAS DUNN, called to see the family, but finding the shutters closed thought nothing unusual of it, as did also a brother of GAHEY.

At about half-past 12 o'clock P. M. a Mrs. COSGROVE, of No. 589 Grand-street, intending to make a call on Mrs. GAHEY, tried the door, which she found open. Walking into the room she beheld the old lady, NANCY A., and FRANCIS, Jr., in bed, apparently dead; also FRANCIS, Sr., setting in a chair in the same state. An alarm brought Officer BROADHEAD, of the Thirteenth Precinct, to the spot, who at once took the proper measures by sending for Drs. BLIVEN and GALVIN.

An examination proved that the old lady and the little boy were both dead, and that the two others were so overcome by the noxious gas that they were unable to move, and but for the timely aid would also have perished. The Coroner was notified, and will hold an inquest to-day. The survivors were properly cared for, and, though very much exhausted, are likely to recover. No other cause can be assigned for the tragedy, than the escape of some noxious gas from a small cooking-stove into the tightly-closed room.

POLICE COURTS.

Jefferson Market—Before Justices Dodge and Ledwith.

As Mrs. NETTIE CLINE, residing at No. 375 Bleecker-street, was passing through Fourth-street on Friday afternoon, about dusk, a young man named HENRY WILSON came up behind the lady, and, as he passed her, snatched from her hand a pocket-book containing $6 20, running off with his booty. Dr. RUSSELL WITHERS, of No. 84 Charles-street, gave chase to the absconding thief, and overtaking him, took him to the Ninth Precinct Station-house. On arriving there the prisoner was searched, and the missing property found on his person. The owner of the pocket-book identified her property, when WILSON confessed having committed the robbery. He was committed for trial without bail. WILSON is 28 years of age, was born in the City of Buffalo, and is a sailor by profession. He pleaded necessity as the cause of his crime.

BURGLARY IN THE EIGHTEENTH WARD.

On Saturday morning, about 8 o'clock, ANNIE HASH, a domestic in the employ of Mr. WALTON, of No. 84 East Twenty-sixth-street, while opening her basement shutters, saw two men climbing the fence. She at once apprised her employer, Mr. WALTON, who ran to his window and fired two shots at the intruders, by that means keeping them penned up in his yard, and giving the alarm to the police. Officers HILL and MCVAY, of the Eighteenth Precinct, who were on post near by, came running to see what the trouble was. They secured the two men, whose names proved to be CHARLES BROWN and THOMAS HOWARD. In their possession were found an overcoat, an undercoat, several silver spoons and one or two other articles, valued in all at $80. On further investigation Capt. CAMERON learned the property found in the possession of the prisoners belonged to Mr. WM. F. PLATT, residing at No. 58 Lexington-avenue, near the premises where the arrest was made, and that the robbery had been effected by forcing an entrance through a rear basement window. A gun was also missing, but was subsequently found in the yard, where it had evidently been thrown by the thieves. Search was also made at the residence of the prisoners, No. 15 Monroe-street, where the wife of HOWARD was in charge; in the back basement the police found four more coats, a quantity of silver ware and a miscellaneous collection of property, evidently stolen goods. Among the latter were two bronze medals, of the English and French World's Fairs. These medals were claimed by Mr. JOHN C. MONTGOMERY, residing at No. 58 East Twenty-third-street, whose dwelling had been broken into on Wednesday night, and some $400 worth of property carried off. An additional complaint will be filed against the prisoners by Mr. MONTGOMERY during the ensuing week. Both BROWN and HOWARD were committed for trial without bail. A large amount of stolen property is now lying at the Eighteenth Precinct Station-house in Twenty-second-street, awaiting proper identification.

BORROWING A DIAMOND RING.

A party of friends were going through East Houston-street, on the night of Dec. 20, when one of the party, named ROBERT S. WINTER, asked CHAS. VOTEY, doing business at No. 64 Fulton-street, to lend him a diamond ring, valued at $200, which VOTEY wore on his hand. CHARLES complied, thinking that WINTER wished to look at it. When the ring had changed hands, WINTER improved the first opportunity to leave the party, carrying with him the ring. The next day WINTER went to Mr. RICHARD VAN HOUTEN, living at No. 109 Eighth-avenue, and exhibited VOTEY's ring, claiming it as his own, and stating that, being sadly in want of funds, he wished to dispose of the ring. VAN HOUTEN bought the article, paying $200 for it, but subsequently learned that it had been stolen. WINTER is well connected, a native of Georgia, 24 years of age, and a commission merchant down town. Detective FARLEY arrested the accused, when complaint was filed against him. The case has been postponed from day to day, as some prospect of a settlement seemed to be at hand; but the family of WINTER declined acting in the matter, so the prisoner was committed for trial in $1,000 bail.

BURGLARY.

Officer TRAINOR, of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, arrested HENRY CUNNINGHAM, a painter, 23 years of age, and residing at No. 181 Varick-street, on a charge of having committed a burglary by effecting an entrance into the store of WALTER DALEY, Nos. 186 and 188 Varick-street, by forcing open a side door leading into the store. The proprietor, Mr. DALEY, heard a noise in his premises late on Saturday night, and on going down stairs to the store he found CUNNINGHAM there. Giving an alarm the prisoner was secured by the officer making the arrest. CUNNINGHAM was committed for trial in default of $2,000 bail.

The Tombs—Before Justice Hogan.

GOLD ROBBER.

Detective COYLE arrested WM. MEYER, on Saturday, who was charged with stealing some $200 in gold coin from his employer, CHARLES BRENKE, who is in business at No. 57 Broad-street. On his arrest the prisoner confessed to the fact of taking the money, and said he had spent the gold among several "pretty waiter" girls at different saloons. He was committed for trial in default of bail. The prisoner is only 18 years of age.

STEALING OTTER SKINS.

HENRY A. HAM, a young man, 20 years of age, was arrested on Saturday by Officer STILLWELL, of the Second Precinct, on a charge of having stolen twenty-five otter skins, valued at $315, the property of Mr. REUBEN ISDELL, a merchant at No. 4 Dey-street. HAM had formerly been in the employ of Mr. WILLIAM L. BURKE, doing business at No. 469 Broadway, and he gained possession of the skins by going to the complainant's store and representing to him that Mr. BURKE had sent him for the same. Supposing that he was still in Mr. BURKE's employ, Mr. ISDELL gave HAM the skins, but afterward discovered that the prisoner had no authority for obtaining the goods in Mr. BURKE's name. HAM was committed for trial, and he states that he resides at the Franklin House, in Cortlandt-street.

Essex Market—Before Justice Shandley.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY AND BURGLARY.

Mr. JOHN M. OLIVER, residing at No. 92 Broome-street, while passing through Broome-street, between Pitt and Sheriff streets, at a late hour on Friday night, was met by MICHAEL ALWELL, EDWARD NOLAND, and two other men. They seized hold of OLIVER, and pulled him about, until finally ALWELL thrust his hand into Mr. OLIVER's pocket and took therefrom a pocket-book containing only 75 cents. The owner endeavored to regain his money, but was deterred from further effort by NOLAND telling him that they would kill him if he persisted. The gang then went up Sheriff-street to Delancey-street, meanwhile followed by OLIVER. On reaching Delancey-street he found Officer COLEMAN, of the Thirteenth Precinct, when OLIVER made a charge against ALWELL for the robbery, failing, however, to enter any complaint against the others, who escaped. The prisoner was taken to the station-house. About four o'clock on Saturday morning, a few hours after ALWELL's arrest, Mr. JOHN HOOD, residing at No. 81 Jackson-street, was awoke by his wife, who thought she had heard some one moving in the house. On going down stairs, Mr. HOOD found NOLAND in the hallway, just about to leave the premises, having in his possession a quantity of clothing, valued at $17. When accosted by HOOD, NOLAND threw the goods away, and endeavored to make his escape. Mr. HOOD seized the thief and caused his arrest. When the prisoners were brought before the court, OLIVER recognized NOLAND as the man who had threatened his life. ALWELL, who is 20 years of age, a native of New York, and resides at 33 Pitt-street, was committed for trial in default of $1,000 bail. NOLAND was committed on both charges in default of $2,000 bail. He is a native of this city, 25 years of age, and resides at 70 Sheriff-street.

ASSAULT UPON AN OFFICER.

Officer THOMAS DRAKE, of the Eighteenth Precinct, who resides at No. 345 East Fourteenth-street, while going through Rivington-street, near Chrystie, in plain clothes, was met and accosted by JOSEPHINE PASTOR, who asked him to go into some store near by and inquire for a man whose name she gave. The officer complied, saw the man and informed him that a woman wished to see him. He received a petulant and not very gracious answer. Mr. DRAKE returned to the girl and repeated the substance of the reply. Infuriated at her failure at not seeing the person, JOSEPHINE drew a knife and stabbed the officer in the right shoulder, inflicting a slight wound. JOSEPHINE was committed for trial in default of $300 bail.

STABBING AFFRAY.

Two sailors, who were boarding at the sailors boarding-house No. 20 Monroe-street, named THOMAS WHITE and ROBERT KELLY, became involved in a quarrel on Saturday night, and, argument not appearing positive enough, KELLY became excited, and, drawing a knife, stabbed WHITE three times, inflicting one wound in the abdomen, and two in the head, though none of them very serious. Officer SHALVEY, of the Seventh Precinct, arrested KELLY, and he was committed for trial without bail. WHITE is now under treatment at Bellevue Hospital.

The Dirtiest City in the World—The Condition of Our Streets.

Under the combined influences of snow and frost and thaw and rain and the utter neglect of the paid servants of the Public, the streets have arrived at a state of slimy dirtiness, to which any condition which preceded it was one of comparative cleanliness.

Unless the pavements were taken up and carts, cars, and pedestrians permitted to plunge over road and footpath indiscriminately, one cannot conceive a filthier state of affairs than that which now exists in nearly all of our principal thoroughfares. On Nassau, and on all the streets intersecting it, the mud yesterday lay in such quantities that it was impossibly to go along the sidewalks and escape being bespattered by passing horses and the wheels of vehicles. At some of the crossings it might be said with but little exaggeration that it rained unclean things, the only chance of escape being in "hugging" the stores as you passed along, and occasionally, in narrow thoroughfares like Nassau-street, taking shelter when the driving became brisk.

The sidewalks were scarcely less filthy than the streets, the slime being thrown upon them freely—that which escaped depositing itself upon the pedestrians.

Of the crossings, it may be said there were no crossings, unless those made here and there by the industrious broom of the little ragged sweepers, who required not only good pay, but an especial vocation for their profession, to sustain them in their labor at this Augean stable.

Having passed through the ordeal of these streets, one might have thought that he had met his worst experience of this kind of thing for a life time. But in this he would have been mistaken, and discovered so to his cost, had his business led him to Fulton or Washington Markets, or to any of the streets in their neighborhood. To describe the condition of the avenues to these great theatres of traffic, or convey an idea of the confusion, annoyance and disgust to which their filth-encumbered state gave rise, would be a profitless task, having already, and with cause exhausted the vocabulary for words expressive of the uncleanness by which we are surrounded at every footstep through our neglected highways.

In reply to inquiries of shopkeepers along Washington, Greenwich, and other streets at right angles to these, we learned that some scraping had been done there lately, by which the mud had been gathered into heaps, but as was customary, it was left there, and distributed in an hour or two by the traffic passing over it. From others we learned that they themselves had employed laborers to clear the crossings, so that their customers might be able to pass across the street to or from their stores, but that they found this rather an expensive experiment.

What is said of these two sections down town is equally true of any other, embracing the entire business portion of the city, with the single exception, perhaps, of Broadway, and that is not as unsoiled as a parlor carpet either. It is to be hoped that the authorities, or those who make the authorities, will some day, sooner or later, see to the remedy of this state of things, and make some effort to save us from being historically recorded as the contented citizens of the dirtiest city in the world.

The Destitute Freedmen.

AMERICAN FREEDMEN'S AID COMMISSION,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 28, 1865.

Francis George Shaw, Esq., President N. F. R. A., No. 76 John-street, New-York:

MY DEAR SIR: I have obtained from Gen. HOWARD a table, hereto appended, showing the precise number of freed people—men, women and children—dependent upon the government for food, and his estimate of the numbers likely to become dependent during the Winter.

It is probable that the proper beneficiares of the commission will number two or three times as many as are reported for rations, large numbers needing some assistance, although not entirely dependent.

There is no longer any question that all that can be collected will be needed to prevent extreme suffering and death, and to sustain the schools, upon which the destiny of the race is to turn. Very respectfully,

J. R. SHIPHERD, Secretary.

	Now Receiving Rations.	Estimate for Winter
District of Columbia	558	1,000
Virginia	12,058	15,000
North Carolina	7,259	10,000
South Carolina and Georgia	14,417	20,000
Florida	—	1,000
Alabama	2,151 (?)	40,000
Mississippi	2,603	5,000
Louisiana	1,459	2,000
Missouri and Arkansas	1,517	2,000
Kentucky and Tennessee	2,980	3,000
Texas	33	1,000
Total	45,035	100,000

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

NEW-YEAR'S DINNER AT THE TOMBS.—The butchers of Washington, Fulton and Centre Markets, having contributed a large quantity of meats and poultry, for the purpose of giving the prisoners confined in the Tombs a New-Year's dinner, a suitable spread will be made. The warden of the prison, Mr. JAMES E. COULTER, waited on the proprietors of the International, Earle's, Crook's and Sweeney's hotels, when they most kindly consented to cook and prepare the meats and other contributions furnished for the dinner. So large is the supply of eatables that Mr. COULTER thinks he will be able to give his five hundred criminals a beefsteak breakfast, turkey dinner and veal stew supper. The contributions were obtained through the exertions of the Warden, his book-keeper, Mr. JAS. FINLEY, and the matron of the prison, Miss FOSTER. Mr. COULTER desires to return his sincere thanks to the following named gentlemen for the kind assistance they gave him in the matter: Hons. Isaac Bell, James B. Nicholson, O. W. Brennan, James Bowen, M. T. Brennan, Joseph Dowling, Edward Hogan, John McCool, A. Oakey Hall, Henry Smith, Charles H. Hall, John Kelly, Robert Bonner, F. I. A. Boole, O. L. Stewart, Howe & Lalor, Isaac Wilkins, Thomas V. Boese, George Kellock, R. Walters, Wm. I. A. McGrath, Mrs. H. Thorne, Messrs. S. H. Stuart, R. H. Johnston, Robert J. Brown.

SUICIDE OF A WOMAN.—A waiter girl, named MAGGIE DOWNEY, working at the lager-bier saloon of CHARLES SWENSEN, No. 145½ Greenwich-street, committed suicide on Saturday night by swallowing poison. It appears that MAGGIE went out during Saturday evening and was absent a short time, when she returned considerably excited and apparently intoxicated, and when charged with the fact, she said that she had not drank any liquor, but acknowledged having swallowed two doses of morphine. Search was made, and a paper containing a quantity of morphine was found in the bosom of her dress. Medical aid was immediately called in, but it proved unavailing, as MAGGIE died in a few hours. It was stated the unfortunate deceased was respectably connected, her relatives living in the interior of the State. An inquest will be held to-day by Coroner WILDEY.

RETIREMENT OF RECORDER HOFFMAN.—Subsequent to the final adjournment of the Court of General Sessions, on Saturday, District Attorney HALL invited the Judges and Officers of the Courts to the Grand Juryroom, and there a formal adieu was made to the Recorder. Among the gentlemen that participated in the proceedings were Judges Leonard, Russell, Dowling, Davies, Messrs. James T. Brady, Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., Charles S. Spencer, John Kelly, Wm. M. Tweed and others. The congratulatory speeches were brief and pertinent, and the reply of the Mayor elect was to the effect that he should be gratified if within a month he did not find the Mayorial chair a chair of thorns.

FIRE IN WORTH-STREET.—About 4 A. M. yesterday a fire was discovered on the first floor of the premises No. 120 Worth-street, occupied by AUGUSTE FRANK, a German, as a lager-bier saloon. The damage to FRANK's stock was about $200, probably insured. The second floor is occupied by JOHN GAUGHAN as a dwelling, and his furniture was damaged to the extent of $300. The third floor is occupied by JOHN BUNVERHOLER, also as a dwelling, and he lost about $300. The building is owned by Dr. SWEENEY, and is damaged about $1,000. FRANK was arrested on suspicion of having caused the fire.

ROBBED IN A CITY CAR.—A gentleman named GEO. L. WATERS, residing at No. 63 Columbia-street, Brooklyn, was robbed late on Saturday night of a pocket-book containing United States coupons, amounting to $250, and a valuable diamond breastpin, while riding in a Fourth-avenue car in Printing House Square. No arrests were made, and the manner of the robbery is unknown, although it is supposed to be the work of a professional thief who was "working" the car.

THE MAYOR'S OFFICE.—Our new Mayor has not yet made any appointments in his department, but it is understood that Mr. THOMAS B. TAPPEN, who has held several offices under the City Government, and was formerly one of the Board of Water Commissioners, will be appointed First Marshal. Mr. HINCHMAN, the Second Marshal, will probably remain. Mr. J. B. AULD, chief clerk to Mayor GUNTHER, will, it is said, be offered another position in the department.

APPOINTMENT OF CLERK OF ARREARS.—Councilman JOHN HOUGHTALIN has been appointed Clerk of Arrears, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. PURDY, Jr. The salary is $3,000 per annum.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE BROOKLYN CITY GOVERNMENT.—The following city officers, elected in November last will take their positions to-day, the 1st inst.: Mayor, Samuel Booth; Comptroller, Thomas H. Faron; Treasurer, Nathan F. Morse; Auditor, James McLeer. Aldermen—First Ward, John Cashow; Second, Hugh McLaughlin; Third, Theo. Hensdale; Fourth, Lewis F. Newman; Fifth, Thos. Ennis; Sixth, Mathew O'Brien; Seventh, Thos. C. Steers; Eighth, Joseph Wilson; Ninth, Bailey J. Hathaway; Tenth, Francis Kelly; Eleventh, Jesse C. Carman; Twelfth, Dennis O'Keeffe; Thirteenth, Wm. W. Armfield; Fourteenth, Daniel Brady; Fifteenth, Andrew Cunningham; Sixteenth, John A. Saal; Seventeenth, Archibald M. Bliss; Eighteenth, Fred. W. Kalbfleisch; Nineteenth, Geo. H. Fisher; Twentieth, John K. Bulmer. The Democratic members of the board have had several meetings, and it is understood have agreed upon the following nominations. Some changes may be effected, however, before the board meets: President, Joseph Wilson, of the Eighth Ward; Clerk, Wm. G. Bishop; Health Officer, Joseph B. Jones; Keeper of the City Hall, John A. Flanagan. Mr. James McLeer, the Auditor elect, has appointed Col. Charles B. Morton Deputy, and Edward McLeer Clerk. The Republican members of the Board of Aldermen have selected Archibald M. Bliss for President, and the same party in the Board of Supervisors have nominated Charles C. Talbot, of the Fifteenth Ward, for President. Mr. E. B. Cadley will be reëlected Clerk.

KINGS COUNTY OFFICERS.—The following county officers will take their positions to-day: District-Attorney, Samuel D. Morris; Treasurer, Thomas A. Gardiner; Coroner, John H. B. Smith; Superintendents of the Poor, Francis C. Kirby, John Montgomery, Cornelius Ferguson. Supervisors—First Ward, Alexander Macgrotty; Second Ward, James Hanley; Third Ward, John J. Studwell; Fourth Ward, Charles S. Spinney; Fifth Ward, William A. Furey; Sixth Ward, William J. Osborn; Seventh Ward, Edward W. Bloom; Eighth Ward, Francis McGrath; Ninth Ward, George G. Herman; Tenth Ward, D. S. Voorhies; Eleventh Ward, Andrew J. Hicks; Twelfth Ward, John Foran; Thirteenth Ward, Charles W. Cheshire; Fourteenth Ward, Stephen Simmons; Fifteenth Ward, Charles C. Talbot; Sixteenth Ward, John Raber; Seventeenth Ward, James S. Clark; Eighteenth Ward, A. Vandervoort; Nineteenth Ward, James Stewart; Twentieth Ward, William M. Little.

BROOKLYN MORTALITY.—The total number of deaths in the city during the past week was 147. The diseases were classified as follows:—Consumption, 19; convulsions, 12; inflammations, 15; congestion of the brain, 7; diphtheria, 7; dropsy, 9; tuberculosis, 2; burns, 1; typhoid fever, 8; bronchitis, 2; marasmus, 7; drowned, 1; unknown, 1; dysentery, 1; pyemic fever, 1; old age, 2; debility, 2; premature birth, 3; apoplexy, 4; scalds, 1; disease of the heart, 4; diarrhea, 2; congestive fever, 1; whooping-cough, 3; ulceration, 1; typhus fever, 4; measles, 2; scarlet fever, 4; enlargement of liver, 1; delirium tremens, 1; sprue, 1; abscess, 1; gangrene, 1; disease of spine, 1; hemorrage, 1; erysipelas, 1. Of the deceased, 27 were men, 27 women, 46 boys, 47 girls. Natives of the United States, 104; Ireland, 23; England, 7; Germany, 9; British America, 3; unknown, 1.

SURROGATE'S COURT.—The wills of the following-named persons were proved in the Surrogate's Court during the past week; Percilla Lynan, Sarah A. Witty, Anthony Leivinger, all of Brooklyn. Letters of administration were granted to the estates of John S. Smith, Michael Logan, Henry Moody, John E. Calhoun, Susan E. Franklin, Sarah M. Wolven, Thomas Peel, Agustus Vohs, Johannah Thompson and Enoch Holsey, all of Brooklyn.

MAYORS' RECEPTION.—The outgoing and incoming Mayors of Brooklyn will receive their friends today, at the City Hall, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M.

NEW-JERSEY.

THE HOBOKEN BOUNTY FRAUDS.—The case of JAMES HUGHES, of the firm of ALLEN, HUGHES & RILEY, charged with defrauding recruits of their bounty at Hoboken, was up before Judge FIELD, at Princeton, on Wednesday last, on a motion to discharge the prisoner, which was denied. On Friday, Mr. SHUPE applied to have the bail reduced, and offered to surrender all the parties implicated and give bail in $10,000 each, to appear at the next term. This course will be taken, and will lead to a full investigation in the case.

ARREST OF A COUNTERFEITER.—A young man named FRANK RANSOM, on Saturday was committed for trial by United States Commissioner JACKSON, of Jersey City, on a charge of passing counterfeit United States fractional currency on several parties in Hoboken.

FINE SLEIGHING.—The snow fell in Jersey City and vicinity on Saturday, to the depth of five inches. The sleighing yesterday was very good, especially on the Bergen Point plank road, and during the entire day the road was filled with splendid equipages, and the day was one of a general sleighing carnival.

CONVICTION OF A MURDERER.—In the trial of GEORGE DICKSON, at Elizabeth, last week, charged with being an accomplice of O. GRADY in the murder of FERGUS COLLINS, the jury on Friday night came in with a verdict of guilty of murder in the second degree.

THE EXECUTION OF THE NEGRO ELLSWORTH.—The execution of the negro, MORRIS ELLSWORTH, for the murder of his wife last Summer, by shooting, will take place at Newark on the 10th of January, the court having refused to commute the sentence.

ROBBERY BY RIVER THIEVES.—The schooner *Sarah Burns* was boarded by river thieves on Friday night, while lying in the stream near Jersey City, and robbed of a yawl worth $125 and about $75 worth of rope.

SUDDEN DEATH.—On Friday night, a man named THOMAS FORD was found lying dead in the rear of the file-shop, No. 57 Railroad-avenue, Newark. His death was evidently caused by heart disease.

Burnett's Cocoaine has received universal indorsement. No other preparation possesses such remarkable properties for embellishing and strengthening the hair, and rendering it dark and glossy. It cures baldness and eradicates dandruff. It has stood the test of time and competition. Sold all over the world.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing Machine—Making the celebrated "Willcox & Gibbs Stitch"—strong, elastic and durable. WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

Bricks.—30,000 to 35,000 splendid bricks are made per day by the National Brick Machine. Satisfaction guaranteed. ABRAM REQUA, No. 130 Broadway.

Metcalf's Great Rheumatic Remedy, wholesale depot No. 151 Grand-st., Brooklyn, E. D.

Ericsson's Caloric Engines, for Pumping and all light work unequaled. 164 Duane-st., N. Y.

Brown's
VERMIFUGE COMFITS,
OR, WORM LOZENGES.

Much sickness undoubtedly with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of worms in children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Sold by Druggists, Chemists and dealers in Medicines, at Twenty-five Cents a Box.

Mail Robbery.

Parties having lost letters containing money or other valuables, addressed to them, at the New-York City or Williamsburgh (N. Y.) Post-offices, will confer a favor on the business community by calling on or sending particulars and time of loss to SAMUEL P. LEWIS, Attorney-at-Law, No. 335 Broadway, New-York.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials,** is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

We Pledge our Reputation for the Fulfillment of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been administered. Cures dysentery and diarrhea and wind colic. Sure to regulate the bowels. Price thirty-five cents a bottle.

Brilliancy of Complexion is desirable in a lady; and for the preservation of it BURNETT'S KALLISTON is guaranteed to be a most powerful auxiliary. Inflammation from sunburn and the dryness caused by the wind and air is remedied by its application. It softens the skin, and is admirably adapted for gentlemen's use after shaving. For sale by all druggists.

Biokrene Strengthens the Mind by strengthening the nerves. Hypochondriacs receive immediate relief from it. Its effects are permanent. For dyspepsia it is the one thing needful. Ladies in feeble health will find it the safest and most general of all tonics. Depot No. 28 Dey-street, New-York. Sold by all druggists.

Take Biokrene and Defy Fever and AGUE.—This glorious vegetable tonic fortifies the system against intermittents, cures dyspepsia, puts the nerves in order, clears the brain, sustains the constitution, and restores the lost vigor of any and every organ. Depot, No. 28 Dey-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists.

Atlantic White Lead and Linseed Oil Co.
Manufacturers of **Pure White Lead, Red Lead, Litharge, Glass-Makers' Red Lead, &c.**
Also, **Linseed Oil, Raw, Boiled and Refined.**
For sale by druggists and dealers generally, and by
ROBERT COLGATE & CO., General Agents,
No. 287 Pearl-st., New-York.

Bradbury's Pianos "the Best."—Pronounced "**the Best**" by the most renowned artists. "**Superior** in tone, touch, power, **Durability** and elegance of finish." Warerooms Nos. 427 and 425 Broome-st., corner of Crosby. Call or send for circular.
WM. B. BRADBURY.

Holiday Presents of Affection and CHARITY.—WHEELER & WILSON'S LOCK-STITCH SEWING-MACHINES, No. 625 Broadway, New-York, are adapted to all kinds of family sewing, army clothing, and to the use of seamstresses, dress-makers, tailors, manufacturers of shirts, collars, skirts, cloaks, mantillas, clothing, hats, caps, corsets, ladies' boots and shoes, linen goods, umbrellas, parasols, &c. They work equally well upon silk, linen, woolen and cotton goods, with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind, and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the articles sewed.

THE QUALITIES WHICH RECOMMEND THEM ARE:

1. Beauty and excellence of stitch alike on both sides of the fabric sewed.
2. Strength, firmness and durability of seam, that will not rip nor ravel.
3. Economy of thread.
4. Attachments and wide range of application to purposes and materials.
5. Compactness and elegance of model and finish.
6. Simplicity and thoroughness of construction.
7. Speed, ease of operation and management, and quietness of movement.

Holiday Presents.—BALL, BLACK & CO., Nos. 565 and 567 Broadway, are now receiving a very choice collection of watches, clocks, jewelry, bronzes, paintings, fancy goods, &c., suitable for presents, purchased in England, France and Germany, by Mr. Ball, during the past three months, expressly for this Holiday season. Those wishing to purchase, either for presents or to furnish their residences, will find the largest stock and most extensive variety ever exhibited in this country.

Hall's Hair Renewer

Is the best preparation extant for restoring gray hair to its original color, preventing its falling out, and promoting its growth. It is also a beautiful Hair Dressing. For sale by all druggists.

Hull's Demulcent Soap.

For chapped or tender hands and nursery, use J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 Park-row, N. Y. Sold everywhere.

Won't Use Any Other.

WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR is the greatest blessing to those whose hair has turned gray from any cause ever yet discovered.
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General Agents.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Trusses, &c.—"WHITE'S PATENT LEVER TRUSS," the best in the world for curing Rupture—no pressure on the back; light, clean and easy; superior supporters and Braces. GREGORY & CO., 609 Broadway.

Pyle's O. K. Soap—the People's Friend—For laundry, bathing and toilet use, becomes extremely hard and unliable to waste. Sold by grocers everywhere. Depot, No. 350 Washington-st.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamental, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Diseases and Abuses which prematurely prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Fact.—Cheapest good sewing machines are the new Bartlett Sewing Machines, No. [illegible] Broadway. Price $25. Same stitch as "Wilcox & Gibbs;" hand or treadle.

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Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Peat Machine.—The NATIONAL PEAT MACHINE is universally admitted to be the best machine in America for compressing Peat. A. REQUA, Agent, No. 130 Broadway, New-York.

Second-Hand Safes in large numbers, of our own and others' make, taken in exchange for our new patent ALUM and DRY PLASTER SAFES. For sale low. MARVIN & CO., 265 B'dway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Phila.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches. NO. 505 BROADWAY.

A man is known by the company he keeps; a lady by the perfume she uses. Ladies of the highest taste and refinement will use none but PENNEY'S EGYPTIAN LOTUS.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine and Button-hole Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

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Dame's Pulmo-Bronchial Troches for Coughes, Colds, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hoarseness, &c. DAME & CO., No. 438 4th-av., or C. FOX, No. 81 Barclay-st.

The Universal Clothes Wringer, with cogs. The best in use, R. C. BROWNING, 347 Broadway.

MARRIED.

DALE—TILOTSON.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 28, at the residence of the bride's parents, Denville, N. J., by Rev. Dr. Crane, HENRY W. DALE, Esq., of New-York, and ELLA TILOTSON, of the former place. No cards.

LEEDS—LAMBERT.—On Thursday, Dec. 21, by Rev. Dr. Joseph P. Thompson, CHARLES H. LEEDS and SALLIE P., eldest daughter of William G. Lambert, all of this city.

UPJOHN—MILLS.—At St. John's Church, Cohoes, N. Y., on Wednesday, Dec. 27, by Rev. J. H. Hobart Brown, Rev. JAMES A. UPJOHN, of Dover, N. Y., and MARIA LOUISA, only daughter of the late Lewis H. Mills, Esq.

VAN BUREN—HUTT.—On Wednesday evening, Dec. 27, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. John Paddock, EDMUND R. VAN BUREN, Esq., and LOUISA M., daughter of Joseph W. Hutt, all of Brooklyn.

WILLIS—MURPHY.—At Newark, N. J., by Rev. C. W. Clark, GEORGE B. WILLIS and MATTIE S. MURPHY. No cards.

DIED.

BROWN.—In Brooklyn, E. D., on Saturday, Dec. 30, JANE, widow of Joseph Brown, of Scotland, aged 84 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the Lee-av. R. D. Church, on Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

BILYIEU.—On Saturday, Dec. 30, after a short illness, WHITFIELD, only son of Cornelius B. and Eliza C. Bilyieu, aged 13 years.

BARNES.—On Saturday, Dec. 30, JAMES BARNES, late President of the Merchants' Exchange Bank, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 1 o'clock, from his late residence, No. 147 West 23d-st., without further invitation.

CORSA.—At Fordham, on Friday, Dec. 29, GEORGE W., son of John and Dorcas Corsa, aged 37 years, 10 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral at the Reformed Dutch Church in Fordham, on Monday, Jan. 1, at 11 o'clock.

COMBS.—On Sunday, Dec. 31, FANNIE, only child of James S. and Frances E. Combs, aged 4 months and 13 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 168 East 65th-st., on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 1 o'clock P. M.

CURTIS.—Suddenly, on Saturday, Dec. 30, JOHN A. CURTIS, of the firm of Haggerty & Co., in the 40th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral at his late residence, No. 4 West 22d-st., on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 1 o'clock.

GUTMAN.—On Friday, Dec. 29, HERMAN GUTMAN.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral on Sunday, at 3 P. M., from his late residence, No. 56 West 10th-st.

HOLLISTER.—On Saturday, Dec. 30, MARY DE FOREST, youngest child of Thompson N. and M. Louisa Hollister.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, No. 31 East 38th-st., on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 3 P. M.

JARVIS.—At Hartford, on Sunday, Dec. 24, SAMUEL O., only son of the late Seymour Jarvis, of Stamford, Conn.

KNAPP.—On Wednesday, Dec. 27, LUCY, widow of Eben Knapp, in the 80th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Tuesday, the 2d inst., at 3 P. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. P. Coolidge, No. 235 5th-av.

MOSES.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 30, OLIVE C., wife of John M. Moses, aged 50 years.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, at 1 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 63 North Moore-st.

SUCKLEY.—At Rhinebeck, on Saturday, Dec. 30, RUTSEN SUCKLEY, Jr., eldest son of Thomas H. Suckley, in the 13th year of his age.

SCOTT.—On Saturday morning, Dec. 30, of diphtheria, FREDERIC B., only child of Edward W. and Annie M. Scott, aged 21 months.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his grandmother, No. 16 East 42d-st., on Tuesday, Jan. 2, at 12 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, near Fulton-st.,
offer for the holidays a fine assortment of
VULCANITE JEWELRY,
Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Sleeve-buttons, Chains
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INDIA RUBBER TOYS, BALLS AND FANCY ARTICLES
in endless variety, at wholesale and retail.

CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR.

THE HIGH RECOMMENDATIONS of our best physicians, combined with the approval of all who use CHEVALIER'S LIFE FOR THE HAIR, places it beyond comparison with any other preparation, either in Europe or America, for restoring gray hair to its original color. It imparts life, health and strength to the weakest hair, stops its falling out, keeps the head clean and free from dandruff, and heals any irritation of the scalp. Sold by all druggists, and at my office, No. 1,123 Broadway, where information as to treatment of the hair will be freely given from 1 to 3 P. M.
SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

LOVE, COURTSHIP AND MARRIED LIFE.—Whom to Marry, When to Marry, and Whom Not to Marry; Likes and Dislikes; Adaptation; Right Age to Marry; Marrying Cousins; Jealousy, its Cause and Cure; Useful Hints to both Married and Single; with Physiognomy, Ethnology, Physiology and Psychology, in the PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for 1866. New volume begins now. Only $2 a year.
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Pearl Mottled, Best Family, Genuine Castile, Toilet and other Soaps, constantly on hand.
Store No. 211 Washington-st.; Factory No. 440 West-st.
Merchants are requested to send for list of prices.

SEVENTH REGIMENT.
NATIONAL GUARD.
The Seventh Regiment will give a reception at the Academy of Music, on the EVENING of Jan. 31, 1866, in honor of those members who have served in the regular or volunteer army and navy during the late rebellion, and all members, whether active or exempt at the time of entering the service, as well as those who served with the regiment during either of its three campaigns and then entered the United States service, are requested to send their address immediately, with rank and the number of the company in the Seventh to which they belonged, to Capt. GEORGE MOORE SMITH, Chairman of the Committee on Invitations, Box No. 987 New-York Post-office.

LADIES WILL FIND THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for 1866 most interesting. There are "SIGNS OF CHARACTER" in the talk, walk, voice, hair, eyes, ears, chin, nose, lips, teeth, hands, skin, hand-writing, illustrated and explained. It is exactly adapted to the Social Circle, and all the members will enjoy it. Only 20 cents a number, or $2 a year.
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Let those who languish under the fatal severity of our climate through any pulmonary complaint, or even those who are in decided consumption, by no means despair. There is a safe and sure remedy at hand, and one easily tried. WILBOR'S COMPOUND OF COD LIVER OIL AND LIME, without possessing the very nauseating flavor of the article as heretofore used, is endowed by the phosphate of lime with a healing property, which renders the oil doubly efficacious. Remarkable testimonials of its efficacy can be exhibited to those who desire to see them. For sale by A. B. WILBOR, Chemist, No. 166 Court-st., Boston; in New-York by DEMAS BARNES & CO., F. C. WELLS & CO., and W. H. SCHIEFFELIN & CO.

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"A TIP-TOP" NUMBER.—THE PICTORIAL DOUBLE NUMBER, PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL for January, now ready, 20c. For the year, only $2. Contains "Signs of Character, and How to Read Them," Physiognomy, Psychology, Ethnology, with Portraits of the Good and Bad, Love, Courtship and Marriage, Training of Children, Choice of Pursuits. Should be read by every family.

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After years of experimental research and labor, Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN has found a positive and speedy cure for Fits and Dyspepsia, by the employment of healing, soothing, purifying anti-spasmodic and invigorating plants, which may be easily obtained from druggists. A full history of this discovery, with the Receipt, is given in a pamphlet of 48 octavo pages, beautifully illustrated and will be sent to any person upon the receipt of 10 cents to pay postage, &c. Address Dr. O. PHELPS BROWN, No. 19 Grand-st., Jersey City, N. J.

INTERNAL REVENUE CASES.
J. W. SCHUCKER'S LAW OFFICES, No. 81 CEDAR-ST., N. Y.
Mr. S. was for three years in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, at Washington—a large part of that time as private secretary to Secretary Chase—and has a familiar experience in the Departmental business. WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO INTERNAL REVENUE CASES. Refers to Hon. William Orton, late Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Hon. John J. Cisco; Hon. M. B. Field, late Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Hon. Edwards Pierrepont, Hiram Barney, John Austin Stevens, Jr.; Jay Cooke, Philadelphia.

THE SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY for the transportation of merchandise, valuable packages, specie, bank notes, bonds, &c., for all parts of the South and Southwest, in connection with ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, have established their agency at No. 59 Broadway, New-York, where orders to call for goods, to be forwarded South, will receive prompt attention. Merchandise and valuables delivered to Harnden's, Kinsley's, American and United States Express Companies, for the Southern Express Company, will receive prompt dispatch.
For particulars, rates of freight, &c., apply at the office of the SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 59 Broadway.
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UNRIVALED AND BEAUTIFUL CURLS secured by Mme. DEMOREST'S Universal Hair curler, (a tube with a fountain to be filled with boiling water.) Curls the hair in beautiful, soft, and durable ringlets, without the possibility of scorching or injury to the hair. Price $1 50. Sold wholesale and retail at Mme. DEMOREST'S Emporium of Fashions, No. 473 Broadway. Sent, postage free, on receipt of price.

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JERSEY CITY COUPON BONDS.
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 27, 1865.

Notice is hereby given that the coupons due Jan. 1, 1866, on the bonds of this city, will be paid on presentation at the Tenth National Bank, New-York, and the Second National Bank, Jersey City.
E. F. C. YOUNG, City Treasurer.

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD—Coupons of First Mortgage Bonds;
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DETROIT AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD—Coupons; and
DETROIT AND PONTIAC RAILROAD—Coupons due Jan. 1, 1866,
Will be paid at our office, No. 59 Exchange-place, New-York, on the 2d day of January, less government tax.
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} EXPRESS STOCKS FOR SALE.

Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR, No. 46 Pine-st., dealer in Telegraph and Express Stocks, and all description of securities not sold at the Stock Exchanges.

MISSISSIPPI AND MISSOURI RAILROAD COMPANY.—The stockholders and bondholders of the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad Company, are hereby requested to deposit the stock and bonds held by them without delay with the Union Trust Company, No. 73 Broadway, in conformity with the resolution passed at the meeting of 20th October last.
GEO. W. STANTON, Jr.,
JOHN ELLIOTT,
E. WILSON,
} Committee.

BANK DEPARTMENT,
ALBANY, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE GENESEE RIVER BANK, MOUNT Morris, has this day filed in this office a notice of the appointment of the NATIONAL PARK BANK, in the City of New York, as agent for the redemption of its circulating notes, together with a revocation of the appointment of the Metropolitan Bank, as such agent, agreeable to the act entitled "An act to amend the several acts relating to incorporated banks, banking associations and individual bankers," passed April 17, 1851.
EMERSON W. KEYES, Dep. Superintendent.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, NOS. 27 AND 29 PINE-ST.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING of the shareholders of this bank for the election of nine Directors and three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at their banking-house, as above, on the second TUESDAY of Janurry next, (9th prox., at 12 o'clock noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day.
B. SEAMAN, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, 8th December, 1865.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this bank, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking-house No. 33 Wall-st., in this city, on MONDAY, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.
F. CHANDLER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR directors of this bank, and for inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January proximo, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this bank will be held at the banking room on TUESDAY, the 9th of January next, from 12 M. until 1 o'clock P. M.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY,
CORNER BROADWAY AND 42D-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company, on MONDAY, Jan. 8, 1866. Poll open from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M. The transfer book will be closed from Dec. 23 to Jan. 9, both days inclusive.
WM. G. HART, Secretary.

BROAD TOP COAL AND IRON COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 26 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE COUPONS OF THE MORTGAGE bonds of this company, due Jan. 1, will be paid in gold coin, free from government tax, on and after the 2d prox., at the National Mechanics' Banking Association.
S. JAUDON, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD CO., 14th-st., between Avenues A and B, NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of the Company, and for Inspectors for the next ensuing election, will be held at this office, on the 8th day of January proximo.
Polls open between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
A. B. HODGES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF COMMONWEALTH SILVER MINING COMPANY, No. 80 Broadway, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, from 12 to 2 P. M.
WILLIAMSON BACON, Secretary.

TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY. OFFICE NO. 10 PINE-ST.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Tarr Farm Petroleum Company held Dec. 12, 1865, the capital stock of the company was reduced to one million of dollars, to be reissued in one hundred thousand shares of $10 each.
JAMES WADSWORTH, President.
J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 8 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.

THE COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1866, FROM Bonds of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, will be paid, less government tax, on presentation at this office, on and after the 2d of January.
JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company, and for inspectors, will be held at the company's office, No. 71 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, commencing at 1 o'clock and closing at 2 o'clock P. M.
A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

AN ELECTION FOR SEVEN TRUSTEES for the PHELPS AND GILLMORE GOLD MINING COMPANY will be held at their office, Nos. 23 and 25 Nassau-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 10, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed from the 8th to the 12th of January.
W. H. STURDEVANT, Acting Secretary.

OCEAN NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 16th of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.
J. S. HARTSHORNE, Assistant Cashier.

AN ELECTION OF TRUSTEES OF THE Mendenhall Oil and Mining Company will be held at their office, No. 1,261 Broadway, Jan. 9, 1866, from 11 A. to 6 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Trustees.
HARVEY BAKER, Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 1 Beekman-st., Room No. 6, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

DEALERS IN
U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL
U. S. 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
U. S. 5 PER CENT. LEGAL TENDER NOTES.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES,
AND ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
ALSO, QUARTERMASTERS' CHECKS AND CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
ORDERS FROM BANKS AND BANKERS EXECUTED ON FAVORABLE TERMS.
MARCH, MAY AND NOVEMBER

Coupons Cashed in Gold.

Gold in any amount under $5,000 bought and sold over the counter at market rates, and orders for a larger amount executed in the Gold Exchange by one of the firm.

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD

STATE AID BONDS.
Interest at the rate of
SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM,
IN GOLD,
Payable semi-annually,
Guaranteed and paid by the
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

The bonds are secured by a mortgage on 160 miles of road, from Sacramento to the California State line, forming part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE, ADOPTED AND AIDED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are further secured by a SINKING FUND of $50,000 PER ANNUM, reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION. They are a first-class security in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a VERY ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE INVESTMENT. For further particulars inquire at our office, No. 5 Nassau-st.

FISK & HATCH, BANKERS.

THOMPSON & CORNING,
STOCK AND BOND BROKERS,
No. 43 Wall-st., New-York.

Government securities, stocks, bonds and gold bought and sold on commission.
CHARLES G. THOMPSON. EDWIN CORNING,
Member of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

MANGAM & TALBERT,
BANKERS,
NO. 40 WALL-ST.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT STOCKS.
BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DAILY BALANCES, SUBJECT TO CHECK AT SIGHT.

NORWOOD & LOCKWOOD,
BROKERS
IN
STOCKS, BONDS AND GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
NO. 17 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK.
A. G. NORWOOD, JNO. F. LOCKWOOD,
of the N. Y. Stock Exchange. late of Buffalo.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 56 WALL-ST.
ISSUE COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELERS' CREDITS FOR USE IN THE COUNTRY AND ABROAD

VALUABLE COAL LANDS FOR LEASE.—THE COAL RIDGE IMPROVEMENT AND COAL COMPANY is prepared to lease their lands, situated near Mount Carmel, Northumberland County, Penn., containing 2,313 acres in one basin of about four miles in length, in which are the celebrated Mammoth, Skidmore and other veins of first quality of coal. The Mammoth and Back veins have been worked to some extent on both the north and south dips.

The Lehigh and Mahonoy Railroad passes through these lands, and will be prepared to carry coal on the opening of next season, making a direct outlet to Elizabethport and other shipping points near New-York. There are connections with the Mine Hill and Reading Roads, the Shamokin Valley and Northern Central Railroads, giving a Southern market to Baltimore, &c., &c.; also by the Sunbury and Erie Railroad to the lakes and New-York. There is abundance of timber on the lands for mining purposes.

The whole tract will be embraced in one lease, if desired.

For further information, apply or direct to the office of the company, No. 329 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.
JOS. C. WRIGHT, President.
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 6, 1865.

OFFICE OF CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, for the election of trustees, will be held at the office of the company on TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., (the first Monday in January, the regular day of meeting, being a holiday.)
Polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.
Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 30 to Jan. 3, both days inclusive.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MUSK-RAT RUN PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 11 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Musk-Rat Run Petroleum Company, of Venango County, Penn., for the election of a Board of Directors to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at this office, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.
The polls will be open from 11 A. M. to 12 M.
W. J. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY BOURBON CO.,
No. 80 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Company for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office, No. 80 Broadway, New-York, on Monday, Jan. 8, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.
C. H. SANBORN, President.

THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will be held on TUESDAY, January 9, 1866, from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING Fund of the State of Ohio will, on the 1st day of January, 1866, at No. 25 William-st., New-York, pay the interest and twenty per cent. of the principal of the Five Per Cent. Ohio Stocks, payable at the pleasure of the State after Dec. 31, 1865. By order of the Board.
JAS. H. GODMAN, President.

OFFICE OF TARSHISH SILVER MINING COMPANY,
No. 80 BROADWAY, Dec. 27, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company for the election of Trustees, will be held at the office of the company on MONDAY, Jan. 8, from 12 to 1 P. M.
ALFRED A. POST, Secretary.

MILL CREEK OIL COMPANY, No. 77 Cedar-st.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, Jan. 9 next, from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M.
W. B. HOYT, Secretary.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank, and for Inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the Banking-house on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
JAMES L. WORTH, Cashier.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this association will be held at the banking-room, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. By order of the board.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,
No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of the Metropolitan National Bank will be held on TUESDAY, 9th January proximo.
The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.
GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL CITIZENS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank will be held at the Banking-room, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next. Polls open from 12 to 1 o'clock, P. M.
W. H. OAKLEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 240 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house on the second TUESDAY of January next, (9th proximo,) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 650 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
CHARLES HUDSON, Cashier.

THE CROTON NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, 17 Nassau-st.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 9, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking rooms on Tuesday, January 9, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
R. M. HEDDEN, Cashier.

GROCERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 11, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank, will be held at the Banking-House, on TUESDAY, 9th day of January, 1866, from 12 to 1 o'clock.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

OFFICE MONTAUK S. N. CO.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Montauk Steam Navigation Company has been adjourned to WEDNESDAY, Jan. 17, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., at the office, No. 171 Broadway.
C. W. COPELAND, President.

PHENIX NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank, and for inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the banking house, on TUESDAY, the 9th of January proximo. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.
JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Hudson River Petroleum Company will be held at No. 89 Maiden-lane on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, at 1 o'clock P. M.
SAMUEL L. MITCHILL, Jr., Secretary.

JERSEY CITY WATER LOAN BONDS.—Office of the Water Commissioners, Jersey City, Dec. 23, 1865.—Notice is hereby given that the interest coupons due Jan. 1, 1866, of the Jersey City Water Loan Bonds, will be paid upon presentation at the Second National Bank of Jersey City, and the Tenth National Bank of New-York.
I. F. BOICE, Register.

CONSOLIDATED LAND AND MINING COMPANY OF LAKE SUPERIOR.—The annual meeting and election for trustees of this company will be held at the company's office, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 68, on TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866. Polls open from 12 to 1 P. M. By order of the President.
GEO. SHEPPARD, Secretary.

WANTED—$100,000 SPECIAL CAPITAL IN A well-established business, for which a fair interest will be paid and guaranteed for five years; the general capital being large and fully equal to the hazards of the business, renders it a favorable opportunity for safe investment. Inquire at Atlantic National Bank, or address A., Post-office Box No. 6,749.

LOST—CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT NO. 266, FOR the sum of $300, made by the Park Bank to the order of H. Nordlinger, and endorsed by W. H. Frasiar. All persons are cautioned against negotiating such.
SURSFELD, LORSCH & CO.,
No. 18 Maiden-lane.

LOST—A CERTIFICATE FOR 100 SHARES QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY, No. 4,134, in the name of Isaac H. Reed. Notice is hereby given that cause must be shown why a new certificate should not be issued therefor.
GEO. W. RYERSON, Jauncey Court.

COUPONS OF THE PLACERVILLE AND SACRAMENTO VALLEY RAILROAD, due Jan. 1, 1866, will be paid on presentation at our office after that date, less government tax.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway.

FINANCIAL.

FISK & HATCH,

BANKERS AND DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
No. 5 NASSAU-ST.,

Keep on hand and buy and sell at market rates, all issues of UNITED STATES BONDS, SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, &c.

Agents for the sale of the UNITED STATES 30-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, issued in aid of the Central Pacific R. R., and of the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD STATE AID BONDS, bearing 7 PER CENT. interest in GOLD, GUARANTEED and PAID by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others received on favorable terms.

Orders for the purchase and sale of Miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, executed with care and promptness at the
REGULAR STOCK EXCHANGE.

H. J. MESSENGER,

BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,

All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.

Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

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7 3-10 CURRENCY COUPONS,
DUE DEC. 15.
1881 GOLD COUPONS,
DUE JAN. 1, 1866,
cashed by
MANN & BRUNDAGE,
No. 38 Pine-st.

A. J. MAYER & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 46 Exchange-place, up stairs, New-York.

CHARLES BONNER,
MINING ENGINEER,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,

Inspects mining properties throughout the Pacific States and reports on their merits, conditions, methods of working, &c. Every description of mining work and machinery projected and executed. Mining enterprises in California and Nevada conducted in the most economical and advantageous manner. Special attention will be paid to all orders from the Atlantic States.

For the correct and faithful execution of all work entrusted to him, refers, by permission, to
Messrs. BARRON & CO., San Francisco.
W. C. RALSTON, Esq., San Francisco.
Messrs. PARROTT & CO., San Francisco.
WILLIAM T. COLEMAN, Esq., San Francisco.
Messrs. DONAHUE, KELLY & CO., San Francisco.
J. B. DICKINSON, Esq., New-York.
Hon. W. M. STEWART, U. S. S., Nevada.

UNITED SATTES TREASURY.
INTEREST DEAPRTMENT.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

Parties holding thirty (30) or more Coupons of the several United States Government Loans, upon which the interest is due and payable Jan. 1, proximo, are requested to hand them in to this office, with schedule, at any time previous to the 29th inst.

Holders complying with the above request will have their coupons examined and checks given for them on the 30th instant, after 3 o'clock P. M. Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Coupon Interest Department.
H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer United States.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors, will be held at their banking-house on the second TUESDAY in January next. By order of the board.
J. C. MARSELLUS, Assistant Cashier.

SOUTHERN INVESTMENTS.

H. WALLER is now at the Banking-house of LEES & WALLER, No. 33 Pine-st., prepared to arrange for loans to planters, secured by mortgage, on the best plantations in Mississippi and Louisiana, to raise the cotton crop of 1866, with a return of interest and a share of the profits. Parties desirous of investing will please apply promptly.

LOCKWOOD & CO., BANKERS,
NO. 94 BROADWAY AND NO. 6 WALL-ST.
Dealers in government and other securities.
Interest allowed upon deposits of gold and currency subject to check at sight. Gold loaned to merchants and bankers upon favorable terms.

TRAVELING CREDITS.

Circular notes for £10 and upwards, on the Union Bank of London, available in all the principal towns and cities of Europe, for sale, at the current rate of exchange, by L. P. MORTON & CO., Bankers, No. 35 Wall-st.

GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO.,
STOCK BROKERS,
No. 44 Exchange-place, New-York.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.—Agreeably to the provisions contained in the Indenture of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, dated April 1, 1863, sealed proposals (indorsed proposals for Bonds) addressed to Wm. H. Swift, at Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon of TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866, for the sale to the undersigned of $44,000 of the Land Bonds of said company.

The bids will be opened at the office of the company, in Boston, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, at 12 o'clock noon, and the accepted bids declared.
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER,
WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
} Trustees.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

STATE OF MICHIGAN,
STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE,
LANSING, Dec. 27, 1865.

THE INTEREST DUE JAN. 1, 1866, ON Bonds issued by the State of Michigan, will be paid at the National Metropolitan Bank, in the City of New-York. The following described "War Loan Bonds," issued under the Act of 1861, will be paid at the same time and place; interest will cease after Jan. 1, 1866:
$1,000 Bonds—Nos. 20, 36, 294, 691, 699, 794, 952, 964.
$500 Bonds—Nos. 43, 93, 181, 226, 278.
J. OWEN, State Treasurer.

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1866, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., bankers:
Chicago City Municipal.
Chicago City Water Loan.
Albany City six per cent.
Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Convertible.
Missouri State issued to Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad.

THE NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 5, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR fifteen directors of this bank and three inspectors for the following election, will take place at the Banking House, on the SECOND TUESDAY in January ensuing.
The poll will open at 12 M., and close at 1 o'clock, P. M.
By order, W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

OFFICE STAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
CORNER OF GREENWICH AND DEY STS., NORTH RIVER BANK BUILDING, NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

ELECTION.—The annual election for directors of this company will be held at the office on MONDAY, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.
NICHOLAS C. MILLER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MONTAUK S. N. COMPANY,
No. 171 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of this company will be held at their office, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 14, at 2 o'clock P. M., to take into consideration the increasing of the capital stock of the company.
CHAS. W. COPELAND,
JAMES HOWE,
G. SWAN,
} Directors.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' AND DROVERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank and for three inspectors of the next election will be held at the banking-house, No. 124 Bowery, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9 next. The poll will open at 1 o'clock and close at 2 P. M. By order of the board.
R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE HONEY BROOK COAL COMPANY,
No. 209 Walnut-st.,
PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 19, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS and election for Directors of the Company will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, 3d proximo, at one o'clock P. M.
S. McHENRY, Secretary.

PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Directors of this Bank will be held at their banking-house, TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board,
R. BUCK, Cashier.

ST. MARK'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this company will be held at the office of the company, No. 67 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M.
WASHINGTON POST, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE BIGELOW BLUE STONE COMPANY,
MALDEN, Ulster Co., N. Y., Dec. 26, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF TRUSTEES of this company and inspectors of the next election will be held at the office of the company on Monday, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock.
H. BOGARDUS, Secretary.

CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE AND ASHTABULA RAILROAD COMPANY, CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 28, 1865.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS DUE JAN. 1, 1866, ON the Special Mortgage Bonds of this company issued to the Sunbury and Erie Railroad Company, will be paid at the Ocean National Bank of New-York.
GEO. B. ELY, Treasurer.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 27, 1865.

NOTICE.—THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bonds of the Columbus and Indianapolis Railroad, and Columbus and Indianapolis Central Railway Company, due 1st January next, will be paid at the Saint Nicholas National Bank on and after the 2d prox.
R. E. SMITH, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT there will be a meeting of the stockholders of CLARK'S PATENT STEAM AND FIRE REGULATOR CO., at their office, No. 117 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 10, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the transaction of any business that may come before the meeting. By order of W. H. PERRINE, President.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Muskrat Run Petroleum Company for the election of directors will be held at the office of the company, No. 11 Wall-st., New-York, on the second TUESDAY in January next (9th) at 12 o'clock M.
DEC. 26, 1865. J. E. CARY, President.

SEVENTH WARD NATIONAL BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at its banking-house on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, from 1 until 2 o'clock P. M.
G. MONTAGUE, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this Bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next, from 12 M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK.—THE annual election for fifteen directors of this bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 680 Broadway, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January, 1866, between the hours of 2 and 3 o'clock P. M.
W. S. CARMAN, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

EWELL & CLARKE,

(SUCCESSORS TO STEDMAN, EWELL & CO.,)
BANKERS & BROKERS,
No. 57 Exchange-place and No. 19 Broad-st.,
NEW-YORK.

Prompt attention given to the purchase and sale on commission of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD BONDS, RAILROAD and PETROLEUM STOCKS.
Mail and telegraphic orders executed with dispatch.
Interest allowed on deposits.

INSURANCE SCRIP.
JAN. 1, 1866.

WILLIAM C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., offers for investment, in sums to suit buyers, the following desirable
INSURANCE SCRIP:
$5,000 ORIENT MUTUAL.
$5,000 NEW-YORK MUTUAL.
$5,000 SUN MUTUAL.
$5,000 PACIFIC MUTUAL.
$5,000 ATLANTIC MUTUAL.
$2,500 UNION MUTUAL.
$3,000 COMMERCIAL MUTUAL.
$3,000 MARKET FIRE SCRIP.
$3,000 SECURITY FIRE SCRIP.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO. WILL PAY interest on the following securities Jan. 2, 1866:
Indiana State 5 per cent. bonds.
Indiana State 2½ per cent. bonds.
Indiana Central Railroad 10 per cent. bonds.
Indiana and Illinois Central Railroad bonds.
Dayton and Michigan 1st mortgage bonds.
Dayton and Michigan funded debt.
State of Kansas bonds.
City of Wheeling, Virginia, bonds.
Town of Marietta, Ohio, bonds.
Town of Harmer, Ohio, bonds.
Washington County, Ohio, bonds.
Junction Railroad Company, Indiana, bonds.
Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad 1st and 2d mortgage bonds.

THE COUPONS AND BONDS OF THE CITY OF BUFFALO, due Dec. 31 and Jan. 1, 1866, will be paid on and after the above dates, on presentation at the office of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., Bankers.

REMOVAL.—THE OFFICE OF THE GERMANIA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY has been removed to their new building, No. 175 Broadway.
DEC. 28, 1865.

DIVIDENDS.

SIX PER CENT., FREE FROM
GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 26TH-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A Semi-annual Dividend, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, (free from government tax,) on all sums from $1 to $1,000, will be paid on and after the third MONDAY in January.

DEPOSITS made on or before January 10 will draw interest from the 1st. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL
DIVIDEND NO. 13.

The Board of Trustees of the Illinois and Michigan Canal have, by a resolution dated Nov. 20, 1865, ordered a Dividend of Ten Per Cent. to be paid on the 2d of January, 1866, on account of the principal of "Registered Illinois and Michigan Canal Bonds."

Payment will be made to the holders of said bonds by the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees, at his office, No. 89 Maiden-lane, in the City of New-York, on and after the day above named.

The bonds must be presented to the Treasurer before the day of payment, in order that they may be examined and stamped.
WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
HENRY GRINNELL,
SHERIDAN WAIT,
} Trustees I. & M. Canal.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 21, 1865.

DIVIDEND.
GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 25, 1865.

AN INTEREST DIVIDEND OF THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. on the capital stock of this company for six months, ending 31st inst., will be paid on and after Jan. 2 next.
The transfer books will be closed to that date.
By order HENRY V. GAHAGAN, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
No. 82 Nassau-st., New-York.

DIVIDEND.—A Semi-Annual Dividend at the rate of six per cent. per annum, free of government tax, on all sums entitled thereto, will be paid depositors on and after MONDAY, Jan. 15, 1866.

Interest not withdrawn will bear interest as principal from Jan. 1. HENRY R. CONKLIN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PANAMA RAILROAD COMPANY,
TONTINE BUILDINGS, No. 88 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

THIRTY-FIFTH DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Four (4) Per Cent. out of the earnings of the road for the three months ending 31st inst., and Two (2) Per cent. out of the earnings of steamers, sailing vessels, &c., payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 5th of January next.

The transfer books will be closed this evening, and reopened on the morning of the 7th of January.
HENRY SMITH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—OFFICE OF THE SPRING MOUNTAIN COAL COMPANY, NO. 111 BROADWAY.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

The Board of Directors of this Company, after reserving the sum of one hundred thousand dollars from the profits—pursuant to circular of Oct. 2, 1865, have this day declared a dividend of Five per cent. out of its surplus profits, payable at the office of the company on and after Jan. 20, 1866. The transfer books will be closed from the 10th to the 20th January, inclusive.
By order of the board.
CHAS. RUNYON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD CO.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 13, 1865.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF Directors of this Company, held this day, it was *Resolved*, That a dividend of five per cent. in cash, free of government tax, be paid on the 1st day of February next, to the holders of the full-paid shares registered on the 20th day of January, and that the transfer books be closed on the said 20th day of January, and opened on the 3d day of February.
THOMAS E. WALKER, Treasurer.

ROME, WATERTOWN AND OGDENSBURGH RAILROAD CO., WATERTOWN, Dec. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THIS COMPANY will pay a semi-annual dividend of Five (5) per Cent., on the 15th January. The company also assume the payment of the government tax on the same. Dividends on stock registered in New-York will be paid at the Mercantile National Bank. The books will be closed from the 1st to the 15th January, inclusive.
R. E. HUNGERFORD, Treasurer.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 3 CHAMBERS-ST.

DIVIDEND.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 15th day of January, 1866, there will be paid on all sums entitled thereto, the usual semi-annual dividend, at the rate of 5 and 6 per cent. per annum, and the government tax.

Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Thursdays from 5 to 7 o'clock.
WM. H. SLOCUM, President.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—ON AND AFTER THE 2D DAY of January, a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free from government tax, will be paid the stockholders of this bank. The transfer books will be closed to that day inclusive.
By order. DANL. V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free from government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank on and after the 2d day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to the 2d proximo. By order of the Board.
C. A. SMITH, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., free from government tax, out of the profits of the current six months, payable on and after the 2d of January.

The transfer books will be closed from 25th inst. to 2d proximo, inclusive. W. A. KISSAM, Cashier.

NATIONAL BUTCHERS' & DROVERS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have declared a dividend of Five per cent., free of government tax, from the earnings of the current six months, payable on the 2d day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed until the day of payment.
R. P. PERRIN, Cashier.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., free of Government tax, payable on and after Jan. 5th, 1866, from the net earnings of the past six months. The transfer books will be closed from 27th inst. until 6th proximo, inclusive. C. F. TIMPSON, Cashier.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. free from government tax, payable on and after the 2d of January next. The transfer book will be closed from this date until Jan. 2.
WM. H. COX, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SEVEN (7) PER CENT. has been declared, free from government tax, payable on and after the second day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 20th instant until the 2d proximo, inclusive.
J. L. WORTH, Cashier.

THE MARKET NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Six per Cent., free of government tax, payable to stockholders on and after Tuesday, the 2d day of January next.
A. GILBERT, Cashier.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK,
No. 363 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT., free of government tax, has this day been declared payable on and after Jan. 2d, 1866. The transfer books will be closed on the 20th instant, to reopen on the 2d January, 1866. By order of the board.
JOHN T. HILL, Cashier.

HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six per Cent., free of government tax, payable on the 2d day of January next. The transfer books will be closed until that date. JOHN T. BANKER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of twelve per cent. on the capital stock of this bank, and the government tax will be paid on and after the 2d day of January ensuing. By order of the board.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK have THIS DAY declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., and the government tax, payable, out of the profits of the bank, on and after Jan. 2, 1866. The transfer books will be closed from the 23d inst. to the 2d prox.
CHARLES HUDSON, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT., free of government tax, has been declared payable on and after the 2d of January next. The transfer-books will be closed until 2d of January, 1866. By order of the board.
W. B. MEEKER, Cashier.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
BROOKLYN, Dec. 29, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF SIX PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank, and the government tax, will be paid on and after the 2d day of January ensuing. By order of the board.
OLIVER M. DENTON, Acting Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 237 BROADWAY, ENTRANCE ON PARK-PLACE.

DIVIDEND.—The trustees of this institution have directed that the usual dividend on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of six per cent. per annum on sums not exceeding $500, and five per cent. over $500 (free from Government tax), will be paid on and after Monday, January 15, 1866.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 429 CANAL-ST.

Has declared a dividend at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on deposits of $500 and under, and Five per Cent. on larger sums, free of tax, payable after Jan. 21.
F. V. HAUGHWOUT, President.
SOLOMON L. HULL, Treasurer.
G. S. CHAPIN, Secretary.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 Warren-st.

DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of this institution have directed that the usual interest on deposits, for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on sums entitled thereto, (free of government tax,) will be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 15, 1866.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NORWICH AND WORCESTER RAILROAD COMPANY,
TREASURER'S OFFICE, NORWICH, CONN.,
Dec. 27, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a Dividend of Five Per Cent., free of government tax, from the net earnings of the last six months, payable on the 10th proximo to the stockholders whose names are on the stock ledger on the 4th day of January, 1866. Dividend payable at the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company's Office, corner of Exchange-place and William-st., New-York.

The transfer books will be closed from the 4th to the 11th day of January, 1866.

Stockholders will please take notice of the following extract from the law, when they authorize the transfer of stock, or give an order for their dividend:

"Every corporation having capital stock divided into shares, shall register the names and residence of all its shareholders, and shall issue no certificate of stock to a shareholder or purchaser of a share, until he informs the corporation, or its transfer agent, of his actual place of residence, and shall pay no dividend to a shareholder until he informs the corporation thereof."
G. L. PERKINS, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE MORRIS CANAL AND BANKING CO.,
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 18, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE FEBRUARY DIVIDEND OF 1866 TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE.—The Board of Directors have this day declared, from the earnings of the canal, a semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent. upon the amount of the Preferred Stock, and a Dividend of Six per Cent. upon the amount of the Consolidated Stock—free of government tax—payable on the 10th day of January next, at the office of the Company in Jersey City, or to Stockholders resident in and near Philadelphia, at the Banking House of E. W. Clark & Co., in that city.

This Dividend is in anticipation, and in lieu of that which would otherwise be paid in February, 1866.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 24th inst. until the 10th of January, inclusive.
JOHN RODGERS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND NO. 8.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this company have declared the regular dividend of Two and One-half (2½) per cent. on the capital stock, for the quarter ending Dec. 31 inst., payable, free of government tax, on and after Jan. 16 prox.

The semi-annual dividend of Three and One-half (3½) per cent., due April 1, 1866, on the third mortgage bonds, has also been ordered paid in anticipation, less government tax, on and after Jan. 16 prox.

Shareholders and bondholders registered at New-York will receive their dividends at the banking-house of Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., and those registered at Pittsburgh of the Treasurer, in that city.

The transfer books will close Dec. 30 inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., and will reopen Jan. 17 prox.
By order of the board.
F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

THIRTIETH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of this institution have directed that interest be paid on all deposits by the rules entitled thereto, at the rate of six per cent per annum, on amounts of $500 and less, and five per cent. per annum on all amounts exceeding $500, payable on and after the third Monday in January, the institution paying the government tax.

The interest will be credited under date of Jan. 1, and if not withdrawn will receive interest the same as a deposit of that date.
E. J. BROWN, President.
EDWARD SCHELL, Treasurer.
C. F. ALVORD, Secretary.

OFFICE GREAT WESTERN (MARINE) INSURANCE CO.,
No. 39 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

TWENTIETH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.—The usual semi-annual interest dividend of THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. on the $1,000,000 cash capital stock of this company, will be paid at this office, (free from Government tax,) on and after Jan. 2, 1866. Transfer books will be closed from on and after the 28d inst. until Jan. 2, 1866.
WM. T. LOCKWOOD, Secretary.

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
No. 142 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of six (6) per cent., free from government tax, out of the profits of the current six months, payable on and after the 2d of January. The transfer books will remain closed until Jan. 3, 1866.
J. E. SOUTHWORTH, President.

UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 47 EXCHANGE PLACE,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

THE UNITED STATES PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of TWENTY-FIVE (25) per cent., payable on THURSDAY, Jan. 4, 1866. The Transfer Books will close on THURSDAY, the 28th inst., and re-open on MONDAY, Jan. 8, 1866. By order. P. G. FENNING, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HOME PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.

DIVIDEND NO. 3.—THE TRUSTEES OF THE HOME PETROLEUM COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE PER CENT. upon the capital stock of the company, payable Jan. 15, 1866.

Transfer books will be closed from Jan. 10 to 15, both days inclusive. AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY, NO. 10 PINE-ST.—At a meeting of the Trustees of the Tarr Farm Petroleum Company, held Dec. 16, 1865, a Dividend of One Per Cent. upon the capital stock of the company (one million dollars) was declared, payable Jan. 2, 1866. The transfer books will be closed from Dec. 23 to Jan. 3, inclusive.
JAMES WADSWORTH, President.
J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

BANK OF AMERICA, NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the BANK OF AMERICA have this day declared a dividend of Five (5) Per Cent. for the current six months, free from Government tax, and payable on and after TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866. The transfer books will remain closed from this date until the morning of Friday, Jan. 5.
WM. L. JENKINS, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL MINING COMPANY,
No. 25 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE Central Mining Company have this day declared a dividend of two dollars and a half per share, payable on and after TUESDAY, Jan. 16 next. The transfer books will be closed from the evening of the 5th to the morning of the 16th January.
JAMES M. MILLS, Treasurer.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,
No. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., free of government tax, payable after the first Monday of January next. The transfer books will remain closed until Jan. 8, 1866.
G. I. SENEY, Cashier.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 240 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THIS bank have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five per cent. and the government tax, payable on the 2d day of January next. Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 26 to Jan. 2, 1866.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF SEVEN (7) PER CENT., free of government tax, will be paid to the stockholders of this bank on and after Tuesday, second day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed from 23d inst. to Jan. 3. By order of the Board. O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
December 18, 1865.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per cent. has been declared, free of government tax, payable on and after the 2d of January next.
The transfer books will be closed from the 20th instant until the 2d proximo. E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO.,
CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 23, 1865.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF 1 3-4 per cent., free from government tax, due Jan. 1, 1866, on Joliet and Chicago Railroad stock and Alton and St. Louis Railroad stock, will be paid by the United States Trust Company, No. 48 Wall-st., New-York, on the 2d proximo. W. M. LARRABEE, Treasurer.

BULL'S HEAD BANK.—TWENTY-EIGHTH DIVIDEND.—New-York, Dec. 22, 1865. The Board of Directors have THIS DAY declared a QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of government tax, out of the net profits of the past three months, payable on and after the second day of January next. The transfer books will remain closed from this date to Jan. 2, inclusive. G. W. WILLETT, Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS' AND MERCHANTS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE Manufacturers and Merchants' Bank have this day declared a dividend of five per cent. free of government tax, payable on and after Jan. 2, 1866.
Transfer books will be closed from the 23d to 31st Dec.
A. MASTERTON, Cashier.

PHENIX NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free from Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on and after the 2d of January, 1866.
JOHN PARKER, Cashier.

TWENTY-SEVENTH DIVIDEND.—HANOVER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—The Board of Directors of this company have declared a semi-annual dividend of Five (5) per cent., free from government tax, payable on demand at their office, No. 45 Wall-st. B. S. WALCOTT, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 2, 1866.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual dividend of Five per cent., free of government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank on the 2d day of January next, until which date the transfer books are closed. By order of the Board
G. L. CROWELL, Cashier.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVING decided to change the dividends from March and September to January and July, have this day declared a dividend of 5 per cent. free from government tax, payable Jan. 8. The transfer books will close 3d and open 10th January. B. SEAMAN, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual Dividend of Five per cent., free from government tax, has been declared on the capital stock of this bank, payable on and after Jan. 8. R. F. VAIL, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF THE COMMONWEALTH will pay a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (free of tax) to its stockholders on MONDAY, the 8th of January next. GEORGE ELLIS, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, December 19, 1865.

GROCERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 28, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of five per cent. on the capital stock of this bank, and the Government tax, will be paid on and after the second day of January next. By order of the Board.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

EAST RIVER NATIONAL BANK DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of Four Per Cent. from the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866. W. S. CARMAN, Cashier.
DEC. 28, 1865.

THE TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF SEVEN AND ONE-HALF per cent., free from tax, will be paid on and after Jan. 2, 1866. ANTHONY HALSEY, Cashier.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of STURGES, BENNET & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOSIAH S. BENNET retires from business. The remaining partners will sign in liquidation.
JONATHAN STURGES,
JOSIAH S. BENNET,
BENJAMIN G. ARNOLD,
FREDERICK STURGES.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.
No. 125 FRONT-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership under the firm of STURGES, ARNOLD & CO.
JONATHAN STURGES,
BENJAMIN G. ARNOLD,
FREDERICK STURGES,
EDWARD STURGES.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

We have this day admitted ROBERT MURRAY FERRIS and JOHN WOOD, Jr., into partnership with us, and will continue our business under the firm of MURRAY, FERRIS & CO. Either partner will sign the name of our late firm in liquidation.
MURRAY & NEPHEW.
NOS. 61 AND 63 SOUTH-ST., NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have formed a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Exchange and Banking business in the City of New-York and Richmond, Va., under the style of C. W. PURCELL & CO., in Richmond, Va., and HART & PURCELL, in New-York. Offices No. 74 Broadway and No. 9 New-st.
BENJAMIN HART,
C. W. PURCELL.

COPARTNERSHIP.

MR. CHARLES E. MILNOR,
(of the late firm of Babcock & Milnor,)
is admitted a partner in our firm from this date.
L. P. MORTON & CO.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the limited partnership heretofore formed by the undersigned, to be conducted under the name or firm of DAVID VALENTINE, will by mutual consent be dissolved on the first day of January, A. D. 1866.

DATED NEW-YORK, Dec. 29, 1865.
DAVID VALENTINE, General Partner.
JOHN A. WILSON,
J. F. COLE,
} Special Partners.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned, desirous of forming a limited partnership, pursuant to the laws of the State of New-York, do certify that,

The name or firm under which such partnership is to be conducted is DAVID VALENTINE & COMPANY.

The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is importing, buying and selling dry goods on their own account and on commission.

The names of all the general and special partners interested therein are: DAVID VALENTINE, who resides in the City of New-York; FREDERICK A. MACY, who resides in Factoryville, Staten Island, and CHARLES C. KEELER, who resides in the City of New-York, all general partners; and JOHN A. WILSON, who resides in the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, the special partner.

The amount of capital which said WILSON, the special partner, has contributed to the common stock is $75,000 in cash.

The period at which the partnership is to commence is the 1st day of January, in the year 1866, and the period at which it will terminate is the 1st day of January, in the year 1871.

In witness whereof we have hereunto severally signed our names at the City of New-York, this 29th day of December, 1865.
DAVID VALENTINE,
FREDERICK A. MACY,
CHARLES C. KEELER,
JOHN A. WILSON.
{ U. S. Int. Rev. stamp, 5 cents, canceled. }

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that DANIEL ADAMS, Jr., of the City of Brooklyn, in the County of Kings and State of New-York, and CYRUS W. PRATT, of Bergen, in the County of Hudson and State of New-Jersey, have formed a limited partnership, pursuant to the provisions of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York, and of the several acts amendatory thereof, in the Hide, Leather and General Commission business therein, in which all the parties interested are the said DANIEL ADAMS, Jr., who is the general partner, and the said CYRUS W. PRATT, who is the special partner; that the said CYRUS W. PRATT, as such special partner, has contributed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars as capital toward the common stock; and that the said partnership is to commence on the first day of January, A.D. 1866, and is to terminate on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1868. Dated at the City of New-York aforesaid this 30th day of December, A. D. 1865.
DANIEL ADAMS, Jr., General Partner.
CYRUS W. PRATT, Special Partner.
[STAMP.] jl-law6wM.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF STEDMAN, EWELL & CO. is this day dissolved by its own limitation. The accounts will be settled by Messrs. J. N. EWELL and CHS. E. CLARKE, Jr., who succeed to the business under the firm name of EWELL & CLARKE.
E. C. STEDMAN,
J. N. EWELL,
CHS. E. CLARKE, Jr.,
T. M. NEWBOULD.
NO. 57 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have this day formed a limited copartnership for the transaction of the Banking and Stock Commission business, under the firm of EWELL & CLARKE, succeeding to the business and offices of the late firm of STEDMAN, EWELL & CO.
J. N. EWELL,
CHS. E. CLARKE, Jr.
NO. 57 EXCHANGE-PLACE, NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the style of FARNHAM, GILBERT & CO., for the transaction of the dry goods commission business in New-York and Boston, and have taken stores No. 59 Leonard-st., New-York, and Nos. 143 and 149 Devonshire-st., Boston.
FARNHAM, KIRKHAM & CO.,
Philadelphia.
HORATIO N. SHANNON,
GEORGE H. GILBERT, Jr.,
CHARLES B. YARDLEY,
New-York.
WILLIAM H. BALDWIN,
Boston.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

THE SPECIAL COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the name and firm of BURDETT & EVERIT, expires this day by limitation.
CHARLES P. BURDETT,
RICHARD M. EVERIT,
GEORGE MERRITT.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, and will continue business under the name and firm of BURDETT, EVERIT & CO.
CHARLES P. BURDETT,
RICHARD M. EVERIT,
SAMUEL G. POND.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing between EDWARD HARRIMAN and LAWRENCE R. JEROME, under the firm of HARRIMAN & JEROME, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
LAWRENCE R. JEROME retires from business.
Either party will sign in liquidation.
EDWARD HARRIMAN,
LAWRENCE R. JEROME.

EDWARD HARRIMAN will continue the Banking and General Stock Commission Business for his own account, on the premises occupied by the late firm of HARRIMAN & JEROME, at No. 20 Exchange-place.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE—THE UNdersigned have this day formed a copartnership, for the purpose of importing and jobbing silk and fancy dry goods, under the firm name of HURD, CURRAN & CO., at No. 85 Leonard-st., said copartnership commencing Jan. 1, 1866, and expiring Dec. 31, 1868.
FREDERICK N. HURD,
JOHN P. RICE,
HUGH McC. CURRAN,
MANNING A. GOODWIN,
PINCKNEY WALKER,
JOHN T. MONTROSS,
CHRISTOPHER S. CHAMPLIN.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of S. F. JOHNSON & CO. is this day dissolved by limitation.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of JOHNSON, GRIFFEN & WOOD, and will continue the importing and jobbing of fancy goods, hosiery, &c., at No. 46 Walker-st.
S. FISHER JOHNSON,
HENRY GRIFFEN.
WILLIAM WOOD.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

THE SPECIAL PARTNERSHIP HEREtofore existing between GEORGE CHAPMAN, CHARLES H. NOYES, ROBERT S. LYON and JAS. WINSLOW, under the firm name of CHAPMAN, NOYES & LYON, expired by its own limitation on the 31st day of December, 1865.
GEORGE CHAPMAN,
CHARLES H. NOYES,
ROBERT S. LYON,
JAMES WINSLOW, Special partner.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE DEATH OF SAMUEL C. SWARTZ, the firm of CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO. is this day dissolved.

The business will be continued by the undersigned under the firm name of CARHART & NEEDHAM, who will settle all accounts of the late firm of CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.
J. CARHART,
E. P. NEEDHAM,
Nos. 97, 99 and 101 East 23d-st.

THE SPECIAL COPARTNERSHIP UNder the firm of GARBUTT, BLACK & HENDRICKS expires this day by limitation.
DEC. 30, 1865.

The undersigned will continue the wholesale grocery and commission business under the firm of GARBUTT & BLACK, at Nos. 168 and 170 Chambers-st., corner of Greenwich-st., New-York.
ELMER H. GARBUTT.
WM. H. BLACK.
JAN. 1, 1866.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership under the firm of SHAW, BROTHERS & WIGHT, for the transaction of a Commission business in the sale of domestic and foreign dry goods, No. 43 Park-place.
WILLIAM SHAW,
HENRY SHAW,
EDWARD WIGHT.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

OFFICE OF WILMERDING, CORNWELL & HECKSCHER,
No. 5 NEW-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

THE FIRM OF WILMERDING, CORNWELL & HECKSCHER is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by any of the partners, at No. 5 New-st.
JOHN C. WILMERDING,
CHARLES R. CORNWELL,
JOHN G. HECKSCHER.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing under the firm of PARK & SEAMAN, is dissolved by the death of Mr. CHARLES F. PARK. The business of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partner and continued at the same place, Nos. 117 and 118 West-st., New-York.
ROBERT SEAMAN.

NOTICE.—CHARLES McDOUGALL AND GILMAN W. PRICHARD have retired from our firm by mutual consent. HENRY W. BANKS, CLARENCE C. HARD and PETER G. LECOUR, are associated with us as partners from this date.
STANTON, SHELDON & CO.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—J. WARREN ROGERS, HAVING ASsociated with him THEODORE ROGERS, has resumed the Stock Commission Business, under the firm of J. WARREN ROGERS & Co., office No. 14 Broad-st.
J. WARREN ROGERS,
THEODORE ROGERS.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—MR. C. HUTTEROTT RETIRES from our business on account of ill-health. Mr. THOMAS ACHELIS, Jr., has been admitted partner from this date.
FRED. VICTOR & ACHELIS.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

CYRUS A. SMITH, LATE CASHIER OF the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, is this day admitted as a partner in our house, the firm name remaining as heretofore.
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—MR. JAMES W. HARRIS is admitted as a partner in our business from this date. The style of the firm will remain as before.
E. A. HAYT & CO.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

MR. GEORGE B. BURNETT IS ADMITTED as a partner in our firm from this date.
D. P. CLARK & BROS.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The firm of LONEY, IDDINGS & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the undersigned is authorized to attend to the settlement of the business of the firm.
B. S. LONEY,
W. P. IDDINGS,
J. A. CLIFTON.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

This is to certify that the subscribers have formed a limited partnership, pursuant to the provisions of title 1, chapter 4, part 2, of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York, and of the several acts amendatory thereof, for the transaction of mercantile business within the State of New-York, to be conducted under the name or firm of ALDRICH, IDDINGS & CLIFTON. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted is the dry goods commission business. The names of all the general and special partners interested therein, and their respective places of residence, are as follows: General partners, JAMES H. ALDRICH and WILLIAM P. IDDINGS, both residing in the City of New-York, and JUNIUS A. CLIFTON, residing in the City of Brooklyn; special partner, HERMAN D. ALDRICH, residing in the City of New-York. The amount of capital which HERMAN D. ALDRICH, the special partner, has contributed to the common stock is the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in cash. The partnership is to commence on the thirtieth day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and will terminate on the thirty-first day of December, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight.
JAMES H. ALDRICH,
W. P. IDDINGS,
J. A. CLIFTON,
} General Partners.
H. D. ALDRICH, Special Partner.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of FARRINGTON, LEONARD & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books of the late firm will remain for settlement at No. 115 Broadway. Either partner will sign in liquidation.
HARVEY FARRINGTON,
WM. B. LEONARD,
GEORGE B. FARRINGTON.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 31, 1865.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership and will continue the wholesale grocery business at No. 115 Broadway, under the firm name of H. & G. B. FARRINGTON.
HARVEY FARRINGTON,
GEORGE B. FARRINGTON.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership for the transaction of a domestic dry goods commission business, under the name and style of LEONARD, SCHOFIELD & CO., at No. 44 White-st., New-York, and Nos. 223 and 225 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.
(Signed) W. B. LEONARD,
H. B. SCHOFIELD,
JOHN H. RHOADES.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of HEMSLEY, SCHOFIELD & CO., was dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1865, by its own limitation. The name of the late firm will be used in settlement, by either partner, at No. 108 Chestnut-st.
(Signed) F. H. HEMSLEY,
H. B. SCHOFIELD,
ALEX. HEMSLEY.
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of KEEFER, KNOX, ARMS & CO., for the purpose of transacting a jobbing business in foreign and domestic woolens, at No. 20 Murray-st.
SAMUEL KEEFER,
O. L. KNOX,
WM. D. ARMS,
WILLIAM H. FAYMAN,
WALTER R. MARSH.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 26, 1865.

DISSOLUTION—The partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the firm of KEEFER, NICHOLS & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, H. M. NICHOLS retiring therefrom. The business of the late firm will be settled by SAMUEL KEEFER, O. L. KNOX and WM. H. FAYMAN, who are alone authorized to sign in liquidation.
SAMUEL KEEFER,
H. M. NICHOLS,
O. L. KNOX,
WILLIAM H. FAYMAN.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 23, 1865.

GEORGETOWN, D. C.

NOTICE.—THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIfied that the copartnership heretofore existing under the firm and name of HENDERSHOT & BURROWES was dissolved on the 20th of October, 1865, by the consent of said BURROWES, the subscriber selling out all his interest in said firm to J. V. LAWRANCE, with the understanding that all debts and liabilities incurred by the late firm of HENDERSHOT & BURROWES are to be met and discharged by BURROWES & LAWRANCE, and they are authorized to collect the assets of the late firm.
S. F. HENDERSHOT.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of JEROME, RIGGS & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
LEONARD W. JEROME,
G. RIGGS,
GEORGE W. McLEAN,
W. A. SLINGERLAND.

THE FIRM OF BOONEN GRAVES & CO. was dissolved on the 6th October last, by the death of Mr. F. BOONEN GRAVES, senior partner.

The undersigned, surviving partner, will liquidate the affairs of the old house, and continue the business for his own account, under the same firm name, (public notice having been given,) with unimpaired capital.

Mr. JOHN M. STORY will continue to sign per procuration.
J. WILFRED HARTLEY.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between JOHN SPERRY and J. N. WEATHERELL, under the firm name of JOHN SPERRY & CO., looking-glass and picture-frame manufacturers, Nos. 191 and 193 Chrystie-st., is this day dissolved by limitation. The business will be continued hereafter by the undersigned. JOHN SPERRY.
JAN. 1, 1866.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of LAWTON & WHITE was dissolved Dec. 31, 1865, by limitation.
(Signed,) WALTER E. LAWTON,
R. CORNELL WHITE.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT EDWIN GAASBEEK this day withdraws from our firm, and that EDWARD LYNES and J. ERASTUS SHEDDON are admitted as partners from this date.
SHELDON, HOYT & CO.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

JOSEPH L. KING BECOMES A PARTNER in my business from this date. The business hereafter will be conducted under the style of A. G. HYDE & CO. ALBERT G. HYDE.
NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 30, 1865,
Nos. 36 and 38 Barclay-st.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CHARLES W. OPDYKE is this day admitted as a member of our firm. GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.

NOTICE.—MR. HOWELL L. WILLIAMS, JR., and Mr. WILLIAM W. GANDY have been admitted as partners in my business, which will hereafter be continued under the firm of SHEPPARD GANDY & CO.
JAN. 1, 1866. SHEPPARD GANDY.

THOMAS HOWARD IS THIS DAY ADmitted a partner in our house.
HAVILAND, LINDSLEY & CO.
JAN. 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 1, 1866.

MR. CHARLES OSGOOD IS THIS DAY admitted a partner in our firm.
SMITH & DUNNING.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square, opposite Mott-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED,
Free of Government Tax.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 2, *will receive interest as from 1. Jan.*

SIX PER CENT.—FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 3d-av. and 26th-st.
PRESENT DEPOSITS, $2,350,000.

SIX PER CENT. interest paid on all sums from $1 to $1,000, free from government tax.

All moneys deposited on or before Jan. 10 will draw interest from the 1st.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8 o'clock.
SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
RICHARD KELLY, Secretary.

CITIZENS SAVINGS' BANK,
NO. 58 BOWERY, CORNER CANAL-ST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from Government Tax, paid on deposits made on or before Jan. 2.

Open every day for the reception of deposits and payments of money, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, from 5 to 7 o'clock. Bank books in German, French and English.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
No. 283 Bowery.

Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under. Five per cent. on larger sums.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 2 will draw interest from Jan. 1. Open daily from 10 to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 5 to 7 P. M.
CHAS. PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
(LATE MARINERS,)
NO. 1 THIRD-AVENUE.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID FREE FROM TAX.

Deposits made on or before the 20th of January draw interest from 1st January.

BANK OPEN DAILY from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7 o'clock.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.

Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, CORNER of 14th-st. and 8th-av. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Mondays and Thursdays from 5 to 8 P. M. Six per cent. interest free from government tax. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10 will draw interest from Jan. 1. THOS. CHRISTY, President.
R. H. BULL, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 429 CANAL-ST.
INTEREST SIX PER CENT., FREE OF TAX.
Deposits before Jan. 21 draw interest from Jan. 1.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF HORSES, ONE BLACK, the other gray, very stylish, sound, kind in all harness, single or double; either suitable for saddle; one has been used by a lady; also, a bay horse, that has been ridden and driven by a boy 11 years old; sold for want of use; can be seen at first stable east of 5th-av., on north side 37th-st. Inquire of EDWARD, coachman, before 9½ every morning.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE.—THE IMMENSE stock now in the three large warerooms, entrance No. 450 Broadway and No. 16 Crosby-st., will be sold at greatly reduced prices; 300 sets harness, several second-hand carriages. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT SHIFTING-TOP WAGON, one express wagon. Also, three sets harness and one black mare. For particulars, apply to WM. A. READ, butter-stand, Nos. 51 and 53 Centre Market, New-York.

SLEIGHS.—STORE OPEN ON NEW YEAR'S morning—200 sleighs to be sold, cheap; 1,000 straps sleigh bells. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway.

SLEIGHS.—100 FOR SALE, $50 EACH; 2,000 straps sleigh bells at $1; carriages of all styles, selling off below wholesale prices; 100 sets harness at $25 per set, until Jan. 15. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,450	
SCOTLAND	3,695	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	McNevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

QUEEN	SATURDAY, Dec. 16
HELVETIA	SATURDAY, Dec. 23
VIRGINIA	SATURDAY, Dec. 30
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY, Jan. 6

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.

C. B. EDWARDS, Manager.

For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 273 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND BREMEN.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
First-class Mail Steamship
WESTERN METROPOLIS,
(2,600 tons, 1,000 horse power,)
CHAS. HOYER, Commander,
Being thoroughly refitted for passengers for the ocean service, will leave for Bremen, calling at Cowes,
On the 17th of MARCH.

Price of passage, payable in gold:

First Cabin	$105 00
Second Cabin	69 50
Steerage	37 50

An experienced surgeon on board.

The Company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

Another first-class steamship will leave 31st March.

For freight or passage, apply to
RUGER BROTHERS, Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, as follows:

ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	Jan. 20, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO	HENRY A. GADSDEN	March 17, 1866.
FULTON	JAMES A. WOTTON	April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin............$132 50 | Second cabin............$80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to
ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:

WASHINGTON	3,204 tons	900-horse power
LAFAYETTE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
EUROPE	3,204 tons	900-horse power
NAPOLEON III		1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT	(Building)	Great power.
PEREIRE	(Building)	Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS	(Building)	Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.
Pier No. 50 North River.

EUROPE	A. DUCHESNE	FRIDAY	Jan. 5
WASHINGTON	M. SURMONT	FRIDAY	Feb. 2

Carrying only cabin passengers.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent,
Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 3.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 10.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 17.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 24.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 31.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Feb. 7.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	Jan. 6
KANGAROO	WEDNESDAY	Jan. 10
CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	Jan. 13

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$90	Steerage	$30
First Cabin to London	95	Steerage to London	33
First Cabin to Paris	105	Steerage to Paris	40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35. Payable in U. S. currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND by TAPSCOTT'S favorite lines of LONDON and LIVERPOOL PACKETS, sailing every week. Parties wishing to send for their friends or remit money to the Old Country can do so on the most favorable terms by applying to
TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

FOR HAVANA—DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
The new, fast and elegant steamship
FLAMBEAU,
WILLIAM P. EATON, Commander,
Will leave for the above port from pier No. 36 North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodation for first-class passengers, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.
Agents at Havana, Messrs. PATRICK & CO.

FOR HAVANA VIA NASSAU, N. P.

The British and North American Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's new steamer CORSICA, Capt. LE MESSURIER, will sail for the above ports, from the company's wharf at Jersey City, on
MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, and MONDAY, Jan. 29.

Passage money to Nassau	$45
Passage money to Havana	50

payable in gold or its equivalent.

No freight received on day before sailing.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship
EAGLE,
J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, at 3 o'clock, P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

P. S.—The favorite steamship COLUMBIA will succeed the EAGLE, and leave on Jan. 10.

NEW-YORK AND VIRGINIA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE OLD LINE.
From Pier No. 21, North River, foot of Fulton-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.
STEAMERS GO TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.
The new and elegant sidewheel steamships,
NIAGARA,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
Leaves New-York every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA,
ADOLPH L. KING, Commander,
Leaves New-York every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
Bills of lading signed at the wharf
Passenger accommodations unsurpassed.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway.

Goods to and from all parts of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, &c., forwarded by the company's agents free of commission.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.
The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.

Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.—DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR WEEKLY LINE,
connecting with railroads and steamboats for the interior.
RALEIGH, Capt. WALKER.
ADELE, Capt. BOUTELLE.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamship RALEIGH, will leave her pier, No. 36 North River, for the above port on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

All goods consigned to the agents at Wilmington, Messrs. Harris & Howell, will be promptly forwarded.

Bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR MOBILE DIRECT.

REGULAR LINE.
The first-class steamships
GULF CITY, Capt. JAMES STEWART.
GULF STREAM, Capt. ROBERT MOUNT.
VICKSBURGH, Capt. WILLIAM F. MCCOREY.
MERCEDITA, Capt. E. C. WILLIAMS.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to
SMITH & DUNNING,
No. 65 South-st.

Extra freight will be charged on all goods for which bills of lading are not taken out before the steamer sails.

PORTLAND STEAMSHIPS—CHANGE OF PIER.—The business of the New-England Steamship Company's Portland line of steamers, will be removed on Jan. 1, 1866, from Pier No. 9, North River, to Pier No. 38, East River, foot of Market-st. This new wharf is covered with a substantial water-proof building, affording thorough protection to inward and outward cargoes.
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

DECEMBER.
30th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with SACRAMENTO.
JANUARY.
11th. ATLANTIC, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
20th. NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES, IN CURRENCY.

First Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
$300	$260	$100

A discount of ONE-QUARTER from steamers' rates will be allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers accompanied by their families.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$225.	$125.	$50.

The Central American Transit Company will sell passage tickets at above rates.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO,
sailing from New-York on the splendid steamer
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY W. SMITH, Esq., Commander,
from Pier No. 29 North River, at NOON on Jan. 20.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Apply early for your tickets by a remittance by mail, or at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight office on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; those dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No slow freight received on day of sailing. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at No. 84 Broadway. Our usual package express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Hotel and on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our FRANKED ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reached by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of freight per Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers will receive orders for delivery at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 84 Broadway, upon surrender of their bills of lading.

Goods remaining on the wharf twenty-four hours after discharge will be stored at expense and risk of consignees.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
Sole Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

FROM PIER NO. 2, NORTH RIVER.
EMPIRE SIDEWHEEL LINE.

The splendid sidewheel steamship SAN JACINTO, W. LOVELAND, Commander, of the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's Line, will sail for Savannah, direct, from Pier No. 2, North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock precisely.

Freights to all parts of Georgia, Florida and Northern Alabama, forwarded by our agent at Savannah, free of commission.

Rates furnished by the undersigned.

The steamer SAN SALVADOR follows SATURDAY, Jan. 13.

The passenger accommodations of these steamers are unsurpassed. Apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.
Agent at Savannah,
B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., DIRECT.

ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE
of side-wheel steamers, connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON	Capt. J. B. BAKER.
NIGHTINGALE	Capt. WM. SHEARER.
GEN. BARNES	Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.

The new and splendid side-wheel steamship HERMAN LIVINGSTON leaves on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Agent at Savannah, JOHN R. WILDER, who will forward goods intended for the interior.

All bills of lading furnished and signed on board.

Steamship GEN. BARNES follows.

FOR SAVANNAH—PIONEER LINE.

Cabin passage............$35 | Deck............$10

A first-class steamship will leave Pier No. 4 North River at 3 P. M. on THURSDAY of each week, landing cargo in Savannah on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship
TYBEE,
Capt. CROWELL,
will leave on THURSDAY, Jan. 4.

For freight or first-class passage, apply to
LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.

For deck passage apply on board.

Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

MURRAY'S LINE.
The first-class steamships
ZODIAC, DEARBORN, Commander.
VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander.
LEO, MERRILL, Commander.

The ZODIAC is now receiving freight at Pier No. 16 East River, and will sail on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
Late MURRAY & NEPHEW,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship EVENING STAR, will leave on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

ATLANTIC AND MISSISSIPPI STEAMSHIP LINE.

First-class steamships and superior accommodations for passengers.

$40 FIRST CABIN PASSAGE.
SAILING SATURDAYS.

The A 1 ocean steamship MISSOURI, JAMES SHERMAN, Commander, will sail from Pier No. 3 North River SATURDAY, Jan. 6. Freight will be received for her commencing TUESDAY, Jan. 2. For engagement of freight or passage, at low rates, apply to
GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.
The first-class steamship
MONTGOMERY,
Capt. CALVIN RYDER,
will leave Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 P. M. This line is now prepared to receive freight at all times during business hours, upon the pier No. 13 North River.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 54 Wall-st.

GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EMILY B. SOUDER	Capt. H. LOCKWOOD
MONEKA	Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship
MONEKA,
sails on THURSDAY, Jan. 4, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation,
Apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.
GRANADA,
ALHAMBRA,
ALDALUSIA,
SARAGOSSA,
and the QUAKER CITY,
WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,
Will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from pier No. 14 East River.

Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The favorite and fast steamship
ALHAMBRA,
R. B. BENSON, Commander,
is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3.

FOR MOBILE.

MURRAY'S LINE.
Goes to the wharf with all her cargo.
To sail on
SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M.
The fine fast-sailing steamship
JAMES S. GREEN,
E. S. HARDY, Commander,
now loading at Pier No. —, and will sail as above.

For freight or passage apply to
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO.,
(Late Murray & Nephew.)
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.,
or to JAMES W. ELWELL & CO.,
No. 57 South-st.

A. J. INGERSOLL & CO., Agents, Mobile.

NOTICE—CHANGE OF PIER.

PHILADELPHIA OUTSIDE LINE,
SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.

The above line will, on Jan. 1, 1866, remove from Pier No. 4 North River to Pier No. 33 North River, foot of Jay-st.
THORN & TOBIAS,
No. 144 Cedar-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $6,000 TO $8,000, cash capital, to engage in a profitable manufacturing business in New-York City; one acquainted with the dry goods trade preferred. Address, with real name, &c., T. B. B., Box No. 3,727 Boston, Mass.

AN EXTENSIVELY ESTABLISHED BUSINESS FOR SALE—The celebrated Polar Refrigerator, the only perfect provision preserver made, and having a large foreign and domestic trade. Address A. H. BARTLETT, Patentee, Box No. 121 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED JEWELry-store in Tompkinsville, Staten Island, opposite the Post-office. Good reasons given for selling. Inquire in the store.

ASTROLOGY.

CLAIRVOYANT.—MME. DECOLAM, NO. 910 Broadway, (Room No. 22;) her powers cannot be equaled; past, present and future foretold. The doubtful invited.

MEDICAL.

THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES

Successfully treated by
E. B. BARDIN, M. D.,
No. 1,147 Broadway, New-York.

Consumption is disrobed of more than half its terrors. Dr. BARDIN, who is a thorough diagnostician, has learned from an extensive observation and practice, that more than half the cases of apparent lung disease which are called consumption by quacks and empirics, are not consumption, but proceed from irritation of the air-passages, and with proper treatment and care are perfectly curable. Also, a timely treatment of the various diseases of the throat, which, if allowed to go on, lead to the great lion of human maladies, Consumption, will save you from pain, anxiety, nightly restlessness, and finally, premature death by phthisis pulmonalis. Dr. BARDIN has no one panacea with which he proposes to cure all the diseases the human organism is subject to, but carefully diagnosticates each case in the minutiæ of detail, and treats all upon rational and scientific principles.

MEDICAL COMMON SENSE.

400 pages, 100 illustrations. Price $1 50. Contents tables mailed free. Book sent by mail, postage-paid, on receipt of the price. Address Dr. E. B. FOOTE, No. 1,130 Broadway, New-York.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 38 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.

Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 12 Court-st.

AFFLICTED RESTORED—IGNORANCE EXPOSED—FALLACIES UNMASKED.—Highly important to both sexes, married or single, in health or disease. Dr. Larmont's Paris, London and New-York MEDICAL ADVISER AND MARRIAGE GUIDE. New edition; 400 pages. Nearly 100 anatomical illustrations upon debility, affections of the bladder and kidneys, sexual diseases, European hospital practice, the author's unequaled Paris and London treatment, &c. All who would avoid unsuccessful and barbarous treatment with quack specifics, antidotes, instruments, &c., should purchase this original work of E. WARNER, No. 1 Vesey-st., for $1 50, closely sealed, or consult the doctor, No. 173 Broadway, up stairs, New-York, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

"We concur with other papers in recommending Dr. LARMONT and his work."—*Courrier des Etats Unis, German die Reform, Dispatch, Staats Zeitung, Atlas, Medical Review, &c.*

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D. No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

MEDICAL AND SURGICAL CONSULTATIONS.—Dr. R. COBBETT can be consulted with the most honorable confidence on private diseases at his conveniently-arranged suite of offices, No. 20 Centre-st., between Chambers and Reade sts., having a private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place. From Dr. C. being one of the oldest, and probably the only qualified physician and surgeon in this city who makes diseases of the genito-urinary organs a specialty, he is thus enabled to guarantee speedy and permanent cures, or make no charge. Strictures of the urethra, seminal weakness, nervous and general debility treated on the most scientific principles. N. B.—Dr. C.'s diplomas, in his office, as member of the New-York University Medical College, and College of Surgeons, London. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 8½ P. M.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. COOPER, NO. 14 DUANE-ST., MAY be confidentially consulted on all diseases of a private nature. A practice of 30 years, devoted to the treatment and cure of syphilitic, mercurial and diseases of a delicate nature, enables Dr. C. to make speedy and permanent cures, no matter of how long standing the case may be. Strictures of the urethra and seminal weakness, brought on by a secret habit, effectually cured. The victims of misplaced confidence, who have been misled by quack advertisements, can call on Dr. C. with the certainty of being radically cured or no charge made.

PILES, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, FISTULA, RUPTURE—Their modern treatment and radical cure—SCALPEL No. 46, edited by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., 64 pages, elegantly printed cuts; 50 cents. EVERARDUS WARNER, Vesey-st., Astor House, or Box No. 3,121. For full set of the SCALPEL in volumes, (six—pages 500 each,) at $18, apply to the Editor, No. 42 5th-av. Office hours from 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROP are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR FEMALES, No. 7 Beach-st., New-York, conducted by Dr. DURANT & CO., is fitted up elegantly, expressly for the convenience of ladies requiring nursing during confinement, and the utmost attention is paid to the comfort and welfare of the patient. The strictest confidence always observed. Competent nurses in constant attendance.

DR. DURANT OFFERS, WITH CONFIDENCE to the ladies, his celebrated remedy for the removal of all irregularities or obstructions; relieves after all other so-called remedies have failed. Ladies, try it. Office No. 7 Beach-st., New-York.

THE DEBILITATED RESTORED TO pristine vigor and all impurities removed by Dr. H. A. BARROW, author of medical work "Human Frailty," No. 194 Bleecker-st., four doors below Macdougal-st., New-York, from 11 till 2, and from 4 till 8.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, where their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 542 Broadway, N. Y.

DR. DURANT INSURES THE LADIES a speedy relief from all special irregularities and obstructions at one interview. No. 7 Beach-st., New-York.

GENTLEMEN CAN, WITH CONFIDENCE consult Dr. LEWIS, at his old-established office, No. 7 Beach-st., three doors from West Broadway, New-York.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

FURNITURE.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS. (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

ESTABLISHED 1826.

An extensive assortment of parlor, chamber and dining-room furniture, in every variety and style. All goods warranted.
WM. H. LEE, No. 199 Fulton-st.

BEDROOM ENAMELED FURNITURE of warranted manufacture. Also solid Chestnut and walnut chamber suites, plain and ornamental, at H. F. FARRINGTON'S, No. 388 Canal-st., opposite Wooster. Established 1848.

MATTRESSES—HAIR AND STRAW MATtresses and pillows, suitable for steamboats and public institutions, for sale in large quantities, and less than one-half of the original cost, by
WILLIAM MATTHEWS,
No. 44 Park-place, up stairs.

LOST AND FOUND.

CAUTION.—TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—A HORSE and CART owned by the subscribers and in the care of John W. Sherman, a cartman employed by them at No. 132 William-st., was last seen on Tuesday morning. The cart has iron axle and springs; horse is a dark roan Canadian pony, heavy neck and mane, about 14 hands high. The above reward will be paid upon the return of the property to
DIETZ & CO., No. 132 William-st., N. Y.

LOST—ON OR ABOUT THE 16TH INST., A MARBLE CLOCK CASE AND BRONZE FIGURE. (No movements.) Was left by mistake at somehouse unknown in the upper part of the city. The party who received it will confer a favor by notifying SCHUYLER, HARTLEY, GRAHAM & CO., No. 19 Maiden-lane and No. 22 John-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager............Mr. LESTER WALLACK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
Open at 7½; begin at 8.

Mr. WALLACK begs to announce that in order to carry out the system of
NOVELTY AND VARIETY
which seems most acceptable to the frequenters of his Theatre, he will present for the next few weeks
INTERESTING AND EFFECTIVE DRAMA,
alternating with
SPARKLING AND BRILLIANT COMEDY
1866.
MONDAY,
NEW-YEAR'S NIGHT,
Morton's standard comedy,
SECRETS WORTH KNOWING,
Will be repeated, in which will appear Messrs. Frederick Robinson, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Geo. Holland, Young, Norton, B. T. Ringgold, Graham, Pope, Ward, Mrs. Jennings, Miss Ione Burke, Mrs. John Sefton and Miss Carman.
TUESDAY—LOVE'S SACRIFICE.
WEDNESDAY—LOST IN LONDON—23d time.
THURSDAY—(First time this season) THE POOR GENTLEMAN.
FRIDAY—LOVE'S SACRIFICE.
Mr. Wallack has received from London a play, by
TOM TAYLOR,
founded on Miss Braddon's celebrated novel, entitled
HENRY DUNBAR;
OR, THE OUTCAST,
which will soon be produced with new scenery, music, &c., and
A GREAT CAST.

BROADWAY THEATRE.

GEORGE WOOD............Manager.
Performances begin at 7¾; close at 10¾ o'clock.
LAST NIGHTS OF CHANFRAU.

MONDAY, Jan. 1	THURSDAY, Jan. 4.
TUESDAY, Jan. 2	FRIDAY, Jan. 5.
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3	SATURDAY, Jan. 6.

When, in keeping with arrangements long since effected, he will close his great engagement of fifteen weeks.
MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866,
98th and last night but four of De Walden's comedy,
SAM.
Sam............Mr. Chanfrau
To conclude with the celebrated local drama of
MOSE.
Mose............(His original character)............Mr. Chanfrau.
On SATURDAY, Jan. 6, at 1½ o'clock,
LAST MATINEE OF SAM.
MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 8, the eminent comedian,
JOHN E. OWENS............as............SOLON SHINGLE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THE BATEMAN CONCERTS.
THREE GRAND FAREWELL CONCERTS.
SATURDAY, Jan. 6, MONDAY, Jan. 8, TUESDAY, Jan. 9.
Positively the last appearances in America of
MLLE. PAREPA,
the celebrated Cantatrice,
and the only opportunities of hearing this great artist, together with the extraordinary Cornet performer,
Mr. J. LEVY,
and the esteemed Violinist,
Herr CARL ROSA.

To add to the brilliancy and variety of these concerts Mr. Bateman has effected an engagement with
MR. S. B. MILLS,
the great pianist, who will take part in each programme, assisted by
A GRAND ORCHESTRA,
under the direction of
Herr CARL ANCHUTZ.

Tickets, One Dollar. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents Extra. The sale of which will commence on TUESDAY MORNING, Jan. 2, at the Academy of Music, and Beer & Schrimer's, No. 701 Broadway.

A GREAT HIT!

GRAND-STREET THEATRE,

Cor. Grand and Crosby Streets.
The cheapest place of amusement in the city.
CONDUCTED ON FIRST-CLASS PRINCIPLES.
Admission 25 cents; Parquette 30 cents; Gallery 15 cents.
BRILLIANT HOLIDAY OPENING.
NEW-YEAR'S DAY AND EVENING.
An unprecedented array of artistic talent in
DRAMA, PANTOMIME AND BALLET!
Curtain rises at 3 afternoon, and 7½ evening.

SOLON SHINGLE AT HOME.

The eminent Comedian,
Mr. JOHN E. OWENS,
will make his first appearance in New-York, since his return from Europe,
AT THE BROADWAY THEATRE,
on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 8, 1866,
in his
NEW THREE-ACT version of
SOLON SHINGLE.
The Box Office for the sale of reserved seats will be opened at the
BROADWAY THEATRE
on WEDNESDAY MORNING, Jan. 3, where seats can be secured six days in advance.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.

No. 201 Bowery. NEW-YEAR'S DAY, at 2½ o'clock, TONY PASTOR will receive his calls, from his legion of friends. First appearance of the Bowery favorites, Mr. JOSH. HART and Miss LAURA LE CLAIRE, who will appear in their original drama, THE VICTIM, with imitations of all the popular actors. Also, in their TERRIFIC BROADSWORD COMBAT. First appearance of Miss LIZZIE DONALDSON. Regular matinées every Wednesday and Saturday.

DANCING.

C. H. RIVERS'

PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY,
No. 33 Schermerhorn-st., corner Court-st., Brooklyn; second quarter, classes for beginners are now forming; all the fashionable dances are taught. For a circular containing terms, &c., send or apply as above; inclose twenty-five cents for a pamphlet containing the German Cotillon.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 59 West 14th-st.—Open for the reception of pupils on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, from 2 to 4, from 4 to 6, and from 8 to 10½ P. M. Also, on TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, at 8 o'clock, commencing Jan. 2, 1866.

NEW CLASSES for beginners, for advanced pupils, and for "the German."

Just received from the "*Société Académique des Professeurs de Danse de Paris*," the new and beautiful Quadrille, LES VARIETES PARISIENNES.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES, No. 212 5th-av., New-York,
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.
Classes now open for reception of pupils, afternoon for children, evening for gentlemen. Send for circular.

J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, No. 292 Fourth-avenue, near 23d-st. A new class, afternoon at 4; evening at 8 o'clock. Classes formed for the German, and private lessons every day.

RAILROADS.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.

FALL ARRANGEMENTS, 1865.
COMMENCING MONDAY, SEPT. 18.
PASSENGER LINES FOR CAMDEN, MANCHESTER AND LONG BRANCH.

The steamer JESSE HOYT, Capt. SEELY, will leave Pier No. 3 North River, daily, (Sundays excepted,) as follows:

AT 11:45 A. M., EXPRESS LINE FOR CAMDEN DIRECT,

taking passengers for Port Monmouth, Red Bank, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squan, Bricksburg, Manchester, Toms River, Woodmansie, Shamong, Barnegat, Tuckerton, Otsion, Jackson, and all stations on Camden and Atlantic Railroad.

Through to Camden in five hours. Fare $2.

Excursion ticket, good for three days, $3.

At 4:15 P. M., Way Passenger Line for Manchester, Toms River, Long Branch and intermediate stations.

THROUGH FREIGHT LINE CAMDEN AND NEW-YORK.

Leave New-York at 4:15 P. M., arriving at Camden 1:30 P. M. next day.

Leave Camden at 2:30 P. M., arriving at New-York 4 A. M. next day.

Freight taken at low rates. Apply to S. C. HASTY, Local Freight Agent, Red Bank, N. J.
W. S. SNEDEN, Supt.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.

On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.

11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.

3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.

4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad, connecting with Western trains. Sleeping-cars attached at Albany.

6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.

10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.

From foot of Cortlandt-st., New-York 7 and 10.

Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.

Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.

Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.

5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.

6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:15 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 5:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

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AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
COMMONWEALTH, Capt. J. W. WILLIAMS,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 4 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the steam-boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR PROVIDENCE DIRECT.

The new and staunch side-wheel steamer CITY OF PROVIDENCE, 900 tons burden, GEO. B HALL, Commander, will leave Pier No. 33, North River, foot of Jay-street, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply on board, or to E. PHILLIPS, No. 149 Pearl-st. Fare $3.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains go North and East from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

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The side-wheel steamer CORNUBIA, length 190 feet by 24 feet, and 14 feet deep; iron propeller steamer PRESTON, length 170 feet, by 23 feet, and 13½ feet hold; screw gunboats WINONA, and PANOLA, length 168 feet by 28 feet 10 inches, and 11 feet 8 inches. Apply to C. W. COPELAND, No. 171 Broadway

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Lessee and Manager............WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
Doors open at 7¼; begins at 7¾.
HOLIDAY AND NEW-YEAR'S ENTERTAINMENT.
MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1866,
the distinguished artiste,
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN,
will appear, in consequence of the
DECIDED SUCCESS,
in the romantic drama in three acts entitled
GREEN BUSHES;
OR, A HUNDRED YEARS AGO,
sustaining the characters of
MIAMI AND MADAME ST. AUBERT.
Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, George Becks, D. E. Ralton, J. Nunan, E. Holmes, W. H. Danvers, E. Barry, Alice Placide, Marie Maeder, Mary Wells, &c., &c., in the principal rôles.
NEW SCENERY, COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS. TIME, 1745 TO 1748.
Musical Conductor, H. B. Dodworth. Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.,) 30 cents.

LUCY RUSHTON'S NEW-YORK THEATRE.

Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway, (opposite New-York Hotel.)
Sole Lessee and Manageress...MISS LUCY RUSHTON
Miss RUSHTON has the honor to inform the public of New-York, that she will repeat, EVERY EVENING until FURTHER NOTICE, Sheridan's sterling comedy of
"THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,"
with the following powerful cast:

SIR PETER TEAZLE	Mr. C. M. WALCOT
SIR OLIVER SURFACE	Mr. HARRY PEARSON
JOSEPH SURFACE	Mr. J. K. MORTIMER
CHARLES SURFACE	Mr. D. W. WALLER
CRABTREE	Mr. T. PLACIDE
MOSES	Mr. J. MOORE
SIR BENJAMIN BACKBITE	Mr. WM. A. MESTAYER
ROWLEY	Mr. H. CUNNINGHAM
CARELESS	Mr. W. S. HIGGINS
SNAKE	Mr. T. C. GOURLAY
TRIP	Mr. DAVIES
LADY TEAZLE	Miss LUCY RUSHTON
MRS. CANDOR	Mrs. CLARA MAEDER
LADY SNEERWELL	Mrs. MARK SMITH
MARIA	Mrs. A. W. YOUNG

The orchestra will be under the leadership of Mr. H. Tissington.

Prices of Admission—Parquet Circle, 75 cts.; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Dress Circle, 50 cts.; Balcony Seats, $1; Balcony Private Boxes, $5, $6, $7 and $8; Private Boxes, $10.

Doors open at 7¼; performance to commence at 7¾.

Acting Manager and Treasurer............Mr. J. H. DAVIS
Stage Manager............Mr. J. SCHONBERG

Box office open from 8 A. M. till 5 P. M. Seats secured six days in advance. In active preparation, several novelties.

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Fourteenth-street, opposite the Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT............MANAGER
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
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MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½.
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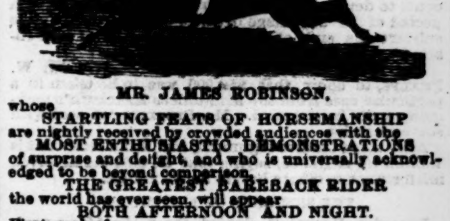
MATINEES EVERY DAY AT 2½.
SUPERB ARRAY OF ATTRACTIONS,
EQUESTRIANISM, GYMNASTIC AND ACROBATIC,
bringing into requisition the entire strength of
THE LARGEST
AND INCOMPARABLY THE BEST TROUPE
of daring riders and accomplished gymnasts ever brought together in America.
EVERY AFTERNOON AND NIGHT,
at 2½ and 8 o'clock, will be presented
A MAGNIFICENT PROGRAMME OF
BRILLIANT ARENIC NOVELTIES.
THE CHAMPION BAREBACK RIDER,



MR. JAMES ROBINSON,
whose
STARTLING FEATS OF HORSEMANSHIP
are nightly received by crowded audiences with the
MOST ENTHUSIASTIC DEMONSTRATIONS
of surprise and delight, and who is universally acknowledged to be beyond comparison.
THE GREATEST BAREBACK RIDER
the world has ever seen, will appear
BOTH AFTERNOON AND NIGHT.
First week of
JOE PENTLAND, THE FAVORITE CLOWN,
who will appear in no end of drolleries, in conjunction with
MESSRS. NAT AUSTIN AND W. CONRAD.
FULL-DRESS CAVALCADES!
SCENE RIDING!　TRICK RIDING!
TERRIFIC BATTOUTE LEAPS!
TIGHT-ROPE DANCING!
SLACK-ROPE VAULTING!
EXERCISE OF THE GYMNASIUM!
and every variety of
DASHING HORSEMANSHIP
AND EXTRAORDINARY ATHLETIC EXPLOITS,
together with astonishing feats by
DANCING AND TRICK HORSES,
AND EDUCATED MULES.

The very eminent artiste,
MR. LEVI J. NORTH,
whose graceful and classic style of equestrianism has rendered his name celebrated throughout the world, is engaged, and will shortly appear.

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Sole Proprietor............Mr. J. W. Lingard
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
HAPPY NEW-YEAR.
2
GRAND PERFORMANCES.
6
IMMENSE PIECES.
The unequaled spectacular drama
OF
ARRAH-NA-POGUE.
Beautiful Scenery and Gorgeous Effects.
Mr. T. H. GLENNEY
as SHAUN THE POST, with the Song of "Wearing of the Green."
The AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. Doors open at 1.
Drama in three acts of
HORSESHOE ROBINSON.
The magnificent Fairy spectacle,
ALADDIN;
OR, THE WONDERFUL LAMP.
The nautical drama of
LANDSHARKS AND SEAGULLS.
EVENING at 7 o'clock; doors open at 6. The wonderful drama of
ARRAH-NA-POGUE.
Mr. T. H. GLENNEY............as............SHAUN THE POST
The roaring piece of
TURN HIM OUT,
and the drama of the
BANDIT OF THE BLIND MINE.
Every artist of the establishment in the above pieces.
FRIDAY EVENING—Benefit of Mr. T. H. Glenney.

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JOHN BROUGHAM, FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY,
Commencing MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866.
Supported by popular artists from the New-York theatres.

SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT

N. G. S. N. Y.
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ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
FRIDAY, Jan. 5, 1866.
TICKETS, FIVE DOLLARS,
admitting a gentleman and ladies. To be had at all the principal hotels and music stores.
Private boxes for sale at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

LIGHT GUARD BALL.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 25, 1866.
Tickets Five Dollars.
Admitting a gentleman and ladies.
To be had of the company, at the hotels and music-stores.

FINE ART GALLERY, 625 BROADWAY.

The exhibition of Bierstadt's great painting,
THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS,
WILL CLOSE WEDNESDAY, JAN. 3, 1866.

THE FOURTH EXHIBITION IN NEW-YORK of FRENCH, ENGLISH and FLEMISH PICTURES is open DAILY, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and on MONDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS from 7 to 10, at the STUDIO BUILDING, No. 15 10th-st.
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DO NOT HAVE YOUR TEETH EXtracted without using DR. HOYT'S ANÆSTHETIC NITROUS OXIDE, as it is the only method by which you are freed from the necessity of reinhaling the impure air, or carbonic acid gas, from your own lungs. Dr. H. has extracted thousands of Teeth with perfect success. Only office No. 878 Broadway, near 18th-st.

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I WISH TO INFORM MY FRIENDS AND patients that I do use the
LAUGHING GAS
constantly. It is as harmless as air, and the operation absolutely painless. O. A. JARVIS, Dentist, No. 93 West 13th-st., 3 doors west of 6th-av., N. Y.

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This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
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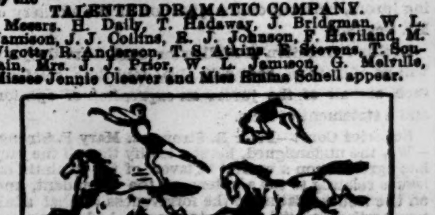
A CARNIVAL OF FUN.
A FESTIVAL OF MIRTH,
in celebration of
NEW-YEAR'S DAY.
GRAND HOLIDAY PERFORMANCES
NEARLY EVERY HOUR, DAY and EVENING,
commencing at 11½ A. M.
THE GREAT ARRAY OF LIVING CURIOSITIES
will be on constant exhibition.
LADIES, CHILDREN AND FAMILIES
may here enjoy a
DAY OF DELIGHTFUL RECREATION.
At each performance will be presented
AN INTERESTING DOMESTIC DRAMA,
THE ORPHAN BOYS OF HUNGARY;
OR, THE CHARTER OF OLVANER;
by the
TALENTED DRAMATIC COMPANY.
Messrs. H. Daily, T. Hadaway, J. Bridgman, W. L. Jamison, J. J. Collins, R. J. Johnson, F. Haviland, M. Vigotty, R. Anderson, T. S. Atkins, E. Stevens, T. Sontein, Mrs. J. J. Prior, W. L. Jamison, G. Melville, Misses Jennie Cleaver and Miss Emma Schell appear.



CIRCUS TROUPE and THOROUGHBRED HORSES.
TRICK PONY, "WILD BILL."
A GALAXY OF EQUESTRIAN STARS.
MR. EATON STONE,
the original BAREBACK-RIDER.
CHARLES SHERWOOD, the eccentric Equestrian.
MADAME VIRGINIA, the best Equestrienne.
JOHN FOSTER, the talented Clown.
MISS AMELIA, the charming Vocalist.
Prof. LANGWORTHY, the elegant "Master of the Circle."
Master C. SHERWOOD, Jr., the Boy-Wonder,
together with the great
CORPS OF AUXILIARIES,
appear in the most daring acts in the
BEST ARENA IN THE WORLD.
W. B. HARRISON, Extemporaneous Singer.

GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES.
NOAH ORR, Ohio Giant, 8 feet 2 inches high.
ANNA SWAN, Nova Scotia Giantess, 8 feet 1 inch.
ANDREW HANSON, Norwegian giant, 8 feet high.
THREE OF THE SMALLEST DWARFS LIVING.
MAJOR COLVIN, aged 11, 19 inches high, weighs 15 lbs.
GEN. GRANT, Jr., aged 14, 23 inches high, weighs 18 lbs.
MISS LIZZIE READ, Miniature Lady.
TWO BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRLS.
JOHN BATTERSLY, Living Skeleton, weighs 67 lbs.
HANNAH BATTERSLY, his wife, weighs 702 lbs.
A MAMMOTH FAT WOMAN and celebrated
SNAKE CHARMER,
HANDLES THE LARGEST LIVING SNAKES.
AN ALBINO BOY.
WOODROFFE'S BOHEMIAN GLASSBLOWERS.
A GLASS STEAM ENGINE IN MOTION.
The best Cosmoramas, Learned Seal, Happy Family, Grand Aquaria, and over
100,000 OTHER CURIOSITIES.
Admission 30 cts.; Children, under ten, 15 cts.
EXTRA CIRCUS PERFORMANCE EVERY MORNING AT 11, DURING THE WEEK.

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A HAPPY NEW-YEAR.
EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.
NO ABATEMENT OF NOVELTIES.
NEW STARS AND OLD FAVORITES.
MONDAY, NEW-YEAR'S DAY,
TWO PERFORMANCES,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
AFTERNOON AND EVENING,
Afternoon performance commences
AT TWO O'CLOCK, PRECISELY.
A BRILLIANT BILL,
In which all
THE FAMOUS TROUPE
will appear in their
GLORIOUS COMIC ACTS, &c.
Last performance of the original Pantomimical, Fairy, Spectacular Piece, entitled
THE LAST NAIL;
OR, THE FAIRIES OF THE LAUGHING WATERS.
With a splendid cast.
Afternoon, doors open at 1; to commence at 2 o'clock.
Evening performance commences at 7 o'clock.

GRAND JUBILEE MEETING AT COOPER INSTITUTE.—Liberty has been proclaimed throughout all the land to all the inhabitants thereof. This monster meeting for rejoicing over this truth will be held TUESDAY EVENING, Jan. 2, 1866.

INSTRUCTION.

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CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
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No. 212 5th-av., corner of 26th-st.
Open from 9½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,

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will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.
H. M. PIERCE, President

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Rev. WHITMAN PECK, A. M., Principal.
Miss G. M. PECK, Assistant.

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Jos. B. Varnum, Esq., No. 110 Broadway.
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HON. W. H. SEWARD, PRESIDENT.

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YONKERS, N. Y.
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FOR THE THOROUGH INSTRUCTION OF A FEW BOYS, NO. 907 BROADWAY.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union, New-York.—Academic, collegiate, civil and mechanical engineering courses given; individual instruction in mathematics and the languages; students received at any time. Open day and evening. Prof. J. G. FOX, A. M., Principal.

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D. S. ROWE, A. M.

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A HOME FOR SIX BOYS, WITH SPECIAL care and instruction. Rev. Jas. Tufts, Monson, Mass.

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A YOUNG LADY, WITH SEVERAL years' experience in teaching, desires an engagement of a couple of hours' daily, to give private instruction in English and mathematics. Address M., No. 54 Water-st., New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

WINTER GARDEN.

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
MONDAY, JAN. 1, 1866,
A JOYOUS HOLIDAY BILL.
A JOYOUS HOLIDAY BILL.
A JOYOUS HOLIDAY BILL.
THE LAST NIGHT
THE LAST NIGHT
BUT ONE
BUT ONE
of the great comedian,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
MR. J. S. CLARKE,
who, in compliance with many written applications, will appear in his great comic rôle of
MAJOR DE BOOTS,
MAJOR DE BOOTS,
MAJOR DE BOOTS,
in Coyne's Comedy of
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND.
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND.
EVERYBODY'S FRIEND.
To conclude with the Comic Drama of
ROBERT MACAIRE.
ROBERT MACAIRE.
JAQUES STROP............Mr. J. S. CLARKE
TO-MORROW, (TUESDAY,) JAN. 2,
FAREWELL NIGHT
of
J. S. CLARKE.
Only night of the great comic institution,
CLARKE'S TOODLES.
WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3,
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will make his first professional appearance in nine months, in the character of
HAMLET.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8 o'clock.

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Sole Lessee and Manageress........Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager............J. H. SELWYN
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"A HAPPY NEW-YEAR."
THIS EVENING AND EVERY EVENING,
AND DURING THE HOLIDAYS,
Will be presented the successful Spectacular Romance of
MONTE CRISTO
or the
LONE PRISONER OF THE CHATEAU D'IF,
with the eminent and favorite artist,
MR. E. L. DAVENPORT.
The Spectacle produced in a style of magnificence surpassing any previous production at this theatre, with
GORGEOUS SCENERY, DELIGHTFUL MUSIC,
HUMOROUS MASKS, COSTUMES,
WONDERFUL MECHANICAL EFFECTS,
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"As presented at the present time, on the Olympic stage, MONTE CHRISTO has become at once the most entertaining dramatic performance of the day. The elements of tragedy, of farce, of pantomime and ballet are all here, and the scenes are never permitted to tire from too long lingering on any one."—*Express.*

Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; curtain rises precisely at 7¾ o'clock.

Seats secured three days in advance.

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NEW-YEAR'S DAY.
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES.
MISS FANNY HERRING.
The Dramatic and Pantomime Companies.
The Wonderful Dogs
LAFAYETTE AND THUNDER.
AFTERNOON, commencing at 2.
THE FOREST OF BONDY.
THE FRISKY COBBLER.
VALENTINE AND ORSON.
EVENING, commencing at 7.
CONNOR THE RASH.
THE GOLDEN AX.
FOREST OF BONDY.
TUESDAY—Repetition of the Holiday bill.

BRYANT'S.

Mechanics' Hall, No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
HAPPY NEW-YEAR.　BRILLIANT NOVELTIES.
First appearance of the popular vocalist and cornet,
MR. CHAS. HENRY.　SIG. JOSE GARATAGUI.
LITTLE MAC as Jocko, the Monkey.
Ici on parle Français, Perfect Cures, Quarrelsome Boys.
DAN BRYANT, the Stump Orator.
Nelse Seymour, Dave Reed, Dan Emmett, Little Mac,
BLACK-EYED WILLIAM.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,

ESTABLISHED 1823.

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

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Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are sole agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the *best piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

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GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES,
are now acknowledged the best instruments in America as well as in Europe, having taken thirty-two First Premiums, Gold and Silver Medals, at the principal fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and in addition thereto they were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with two hundred and sixty-nine pianos from all parts of the world.

Among the many and most valuable improvements introduced by Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS in their Piano-fortes,
THE SPECIAL ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS
is directed to their
PATENT AGRAFFE ARRANGEMENT.

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Among the chief points of the uniform excellence of the STEINWAY Pianos are:

Greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness, and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and, above all, a surprising duration of sound, the pure and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch.

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LINDEMAN & SONS'
CELEBRATED AND UNEQUALED
PATENT CYCLOID PIANO-FORTES
Were awarded at the late Fair of the American Institute
The
FIRST-PREMIUM GOLD MEDAL.
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Similar testimonials were awarded these Unequaled Instruments at the State Fairs of Michigan, Indiana, Kansas, and wherever they have been Exhibited in Competition during 1865. The Cycloid Piano has superiority of actual melodious power, and a purity and vocality of tone, a perfection of touch, a just mechanical construction, and will stand in tune longer than any other form of piano. N. B.—Warranted for six years. Warerooms, No. 2 Le Roy-place, Bleecker-st., one block west of Broadway.

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Manufactory and Warerooms,
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BOARDMAN & GRAY'S PIANO-FORTES.—A full assortment of these splendid instruments for sale at the depot, No. 748 Broadway.

THE STRONG DIVORCE CASE.

ITS TRIAL AND TERMINATION.

The Jury and Their Deliberations—Forty-five Hours in the Room, with no Change of Opinion.

SKETCH OF THEIR ACTION.

The Conclusion a Disagreement.

Charges of Bribery--A Card from the Jury.

The end of the Strong-Stevens case is as remarkable as its trial. The jury were discharged yesterday morning by Judge GARVIN, after a five weeks' trial and forty-five hours of deliberation. We give a sketch of their transactions from 12 M. on Friday until 9 A. M. on Sunday, at which time they were discharged.

When the jury retired from the court-room to the jury-room on Friday morning, they stood ten to two on the entire case—unanimous, we believe, on all but the two final issues. The question of forgiveness bothered them, and it was not until His Honor Judge GARVIN charged that they needed express proof of cohabitation and actual intercourse, that they agreed on that point. All during the night they argued and slept, and discussed and rested—the ten men continued obstinate, and would not yield to the dulcet tones of the two. Mr. DRAPER, the foreman, was quiet, good-natured and easy. Mr. JOB LONG was really ill, and ought not to have been compelled to stay. His next friend was somewhat troubled about the question of forgiveness and the credibility of MARY SMITH. The fifth juror, while firm in his own opinion, was tolerant of others, and was disposed to sleep while the others talked. Mr. SMITH, the sixth juror, a keen-eyed, self-possessed man of thin habit and clear intellect, had a memorandum of points, and was determined not to budge from his position, come what might. Mr. MACKIE, the eighth juror, was equally determined, but formed one of the ten, he didn't care to hurry, he was an old hand at the bellows, and was prepared for a sleep on the floor, a wrangle at the table, or a good story with his neighbor. Mr. BERRY, the eleventh juror, was really to be pitied. He is a dealer in butter and cheese at Washington Market, and his business has suffered greatly by his absence. He is, however, a conscientious juror, and having formed opinions that were indorsed by a majority of his brethren, could not, with propriety on fairness, yield them. Mr. WILLETTS, the twelfth juror, was quite argumentative, but perfectly composed and prepared for anything. Judging from the statements in court, the jury agreed mainly on the questions of Mrs. STRONG's adultery, and of the absence of express proof of forgiveness, and stood ten to two on the question of Mr. STRONG's adultery.

At 1 o'clock Saturday, they sent for Judge GARVIN, who had spent the entire morning in the pleasant and boudoiristic office of the District-Attorney, OAKEY HALL. Having taken his seat and opened court, the Judge was apprised that there was no possibility of the jury's agreeing, and of their desire to be discharged.

At 5 o'clock they went through the same farce, but the Judge would not let them go. Ten of them went to CROOK & DUFF's, in charge of Officers REID and RYAN, but Messrs. LONG and WILLETTS, who were quite under the weather, were compelled to take their rations in the court-room. We looked in upon the party at CROOK & DUFF's. Eight of them sat at one table, jolly, full of fun and frolic, and hungry as bears. Foreman DRAPER presided, and he saw to it that none of his happy family suffered from want. At a little side table sat SMITH, the juror of whom Mr. CRAM said, "He's too thin for a long trial," and BURKE, the juror of ye melancholic visage, who seemed from the very beginning of the trial to be in a despondent and hopeless mood. After dinner they returned to their dreary room, where they whittled, read the old newspapers that were left there by accident, growled a little, laughed a good deal, smoked some, and finally gathered about the stove.

All the evening WORSTELL, whose experience in juries led him to think as he did, believed the two outstanders would agree with their ten brethren. The question which divided them was the reliability of MARY SMITH and Mrs. Dr. WALSH, in regard to the adultery of Mr. STRONG and Mrs. POTTER, and on this they were resolved to split. Blankets were ordered, and the long hours between 7 and 9 were passed in comparative quiet.

At 9 o'clock Judge GARVIN, in the presence of counsel, opened the court with the same result; at 11 o'clock and again at 12, desiring instructions, the jury sent for Judge GARVIN, and Mr. SMITH, who was a strong Mrs. Strong man, said that he was willing to convict a man of adultery on evidence which he would not deem sufficient for a conviction of adultery. Others wanted to know if inferential evidence could be used. The Judge gave his views on the matter, and asked if there was any prospect of their agreeing.

Juror BURKE—Not the least, Sir.

Juror LONG—Well, I don't know. I feel better than I did, and I don't care to go out in the storm. I think we'd better pass the night here.

Judge GARVIN—So long as any of the jury think there is a possibility of an agreement, I shall deem it best to keep you. I will now go home for the night, and will respond to any summons you may send.

THE FINAL SCENE.

The jury yesterday morning sent for Judge GARVIN, and between 9 and 10 A. M. the Judge, Mr. CRAM and Mr. GERRY arrived.

The court inquired of the jury whether they had agreed upon a verdict, or were likely to agree. The foreman answered "No," and several of the jurors expressed the opinion that they never could agree upon a verdict, stating that they had agreed upon all the issues excepting the two last, (those charging Mr. STRONG with adultery.) The court asked the jury then whether there was any difficulty about any question of law. They answered "No," but only questions of credibility of witnesses.

The Judge then intimating that he should discharge the jury,

Mr. CRAM moved that their verdict should be recorded upon all the issues upon which they had agreed.

Mr. GERRY objected, and the court denied the motion.

Juror WORSTALL then arose and asked whether he might be permitted to make a statement.

Mr. GERRY objected.

The court expressed its opinion that it was better the jury should quietly separate at once.

Mr. CRAM said—Will not the Court permit the juror to make his statement? I do not know what he has to say, but I am resolved that whatever it is it shall be heard somewhere; if not here then elsewhere, and made public. It shall be known at some time or place.

Juror LONG—Yes, and we will make an affidavit of it.

Mr. CRAM—Will not your Honor permit the juror to make his statement?

The court then proceeded to make some observations on the close of the trial, and on the discharge of the jury, at the close of which

Mr. CRAM—Does your Honor refuse to let the juror make his statement?

The COURT—I have not prevented him.

Mr. CRAM—Go on, Mr. WORSTALL.

Juror WORSTALL—Sometime before the close of this trial I saw Mr. SIGLER, (one of the two dissenting jurors,) going away from the court in company with the detective JONES, (one of the defendant's detectives.) Immediately after that I had a conversation with Mr. SIGLER, and he said he had made up his mind on the subject of Mr. STRONG's guilt, and that nothing would ever induce him to change it, and he has ever since remained in the same condition, and declares that nothing would induce him to change it.

Juror WORSTALL then proceeded to refer to the other dissenting juror, (JAS. RUFUS SMITH,) and stated that SMITH preferred crediting such witnesses as MARY SMITH and Mrs. WALSH to all the witnesses who contradicted them, and was proceeding to explain the course which this juror had taken in the discussions in the jury-box, when the Court interrupted him, and stopped all further remarks of Juror WORSTALL.

During Juror WORSTALL's remarks, several jurors expressed their assent to the statements made by him.

Mr. CRAM then denounced with great warmth the impropriety of sending detectives after jurors to corrupt them. He said that parties who would use detectives to corrupt witnesses would of course use them to corrupt jurors.

SOME OF THE JURORS—"That's so!"

The jury were then discharged.

Mr. CRAM—The money of the other side and its influence has been too powerful.

SEVERAL JURORS—"That's so!"

The ten jurors, who were in favor of the plaintiff on all the issues, then gathered around counsel for the plaintiff, shook hands with him, and warmly expressed their sympathies and regrets.

The jury stood as follows:

They all of them had agreed that the defendant was guilty of adultery, and that the plaintiff had not forgiven it, and on the only remaining issue, ten of the jurors were for a verdict in favor of the innocence of Mr. STRONG on the charge of adultery against him. J. J. SIGLER and JAMES RUFUS SMITH, the two dissenting jurors, held out on the question of the adultery of Mr. STRONG.

In this connection the following card from the jury will be of interest, as it will, also, doubtless, call from each and all of the jurors an expression of opinion and a statement of facts.

Superior Court—Peter R. Strong vs. Mary E. Strong.—We, the undersigned, hereby testify that all the jury had agreed upon a verdict in favor of the plaintiff on issues relating to the adultery of the defendant, and on the issues relating to the forgiveness of that adultery by the plaintiff, that is to say, we had all agreed that the defendant had been guilty of adultery, and that the plaintiff had not forgiven her.

On the remaining question, the charge of adultery against Mr. Strong, ten of us were for a verdict in his favor, and the remaining two jurors, James Rufus Smith and John J. Seigler, refused their assent to this, and it was upon the disagreement on this point that the jury were discharged this morning.

DEC. 31, 1865.
JOB LONG,
No. 62 West Thirty-seventh-street.
JOHN P. WORSTELL,
Corner of Sixth-avenue and Fortieth-street.
JNO. T. WILLETTS,
No. 27 West Thirty-fifth-street.
ROBERT MACKIE,
No. 237 West Fourth-street.

The names and occupation of the jurors are as follows:

EDWARD T. DRAPER, dry goods, No. 218 Third-avenue.

JOB LONG, distiller, No. 191 West Thirty-seventh-street.

FRANCIS BURKE, merchant, No. 577 Second-avenue.

NATHANIEL C. BETTS, shoe dealer, No. 101 Eighth-avenue.

JOHN P. WORSTELL, agent, No. 254 Broadway.

JAMES R. SMITH, merchant, No. 111 West Forty-fourth-street.

WILKES GAY, clerk, No. 21 Perry-street.

J. J. SEIGLER, mouldings, No. 311 West Twenty-fifth-street.

ROBERT MACKIE, merchant, No. 237 West Fourth-street.

I. N. SICKELS, pattern maker, No. 753 Washington-street.

CHARLES BERRY, butter dealer, No. 321 Washington Market.

JOHN T. WILLETTS, merchant, No. 303 Pearl-street.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Defalcation of a City Official—The Widening of Ann and Fulton Streets—The Foundling Hospital—A New Railroad—Adoption of the Ordinance Making Additional Appropriations for 1865—Adjournment Sine Die.

This board met at 11 A. M. on Saturday, Mr. JONES in the chair.

A communication was received from the late Public Administrator, stating that he had wrongfully appropriated about $40,000 belonging to his bureau, and had lost the amount in stock speculations. (The communication will be found in another column.)

A special committee was appointed to investigate the facts.

The resolution directing the widening of Ann and Fulton streets, said streets when so widened to be called New-Broadway, was concurred in.

The resolution appropriating the buildings and ground at the corner of Lexington avenue and Fifty-first-street, for the use of a foundling hospital, (amended by the other board so as to include the whole building,) was concurred in.

The ordinance making additional appropriations for the year 1865 was received from the other board, who declined to concur in the amendments made by this board.

Mr. RYERS said he hoped the ordinance would not be concurred in. The items struck out by this board were such as ought not to be provided for.

Mr. SHANNON said the money would have to be paid, whether the ordinance was concurred in or not. The parties interested could easily get their money by bringing suits against the city.

On motion of Alderman MOORE, the paper was referred to a committee of conference, Messrs. MOORE, SHANNON and RYERS being designated as such committee.

A resolution was offered by Mr. VAN VOORHIS granting the High Bridge Railroad Company the right to construct and operate a railroad on Third-avenue, from One Hundred and Thirtieth to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, thence through Manhattan-street and Bloomingdale Road to High Bridge.

Alderman JEREMIAH moved to strike out the names of the grantees, and to sell the franchise to the highest bidder, which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted.

A resolution increasing the salaries of the Messengers in the Finance Department to $1,500 was concurred in.

A resolution to donate the sum of $10,000 to St. Mary's Parochial School was lost.

A committee was then announced from the Board of Councilmen, who announced that the board was ready to adjourn.

The Chairman said the Board of Aldermen would communicate with the other board hereafter.

A resolution in favor of widening Morris-street was presented and subsequently withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. JONES, a committee was appointed to wait on the Board of Councilmen and inform them that this board was about to adjourn *sine die*, and Messrs. JEREMIAH, MCKNIGHT and SHANNON were appointed as such committee.

A committee comprising Messrs. RYERS, KELLY and NORTON were appointed to wait on the Mayor.

The list of Commissioners of Deeds, as amended by the other board, was taken up and concurred in.

The committee appointed to wait on the Mayor here reported that they had had an interview with His Honor, and that he had requested them to ask the board to reconsider their action in regard to the resolution for the widening of Morris-street, the mercantile interests of the city requiring the passage of the resolution.

The report was accepted and the committee was discharged.

The report of the Conference Committee on the ordinance making additional appropriations for 1865 was taken up. The committee report that they were unable to agree on the following items: sewerage system, $20,000; railing for Madison-square, $20,000; station-house in Thirty-second Precinct, $40,000; judgments, $32,890.

The report of the committee was adopted, as was also the ordinance itself.

The usual complimentary resolutions to the President, MORGAN JONES, the clerks, the reporters, &c., were adopted, and the board adjourned *sine die*.

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

Appointment of a New Clerk—Railroad Grants—Adjournment of the Board Sine Die.

The board met Saturday afternoon, Mr. JAMES HAYES in the chair.

A resolution appointing a Sergeant-at-Arms for the Mayor's office, with a salary of $1,500 a year, was concurred in.

Mr. EDWIN M. HAGGERTY offered his resignation as a member of the board, which was accepted.

Mr. JAMES M. SWEENEY sent in his resignation as clerk of the board, which was also accepted.

A resolution was then adopted appointing Mr. HAGGERTY clerk of the board.

The list of Commissioners of Deeds for the year 1866 was amended and returned to the other board.

A resolution was offered, giving to JOHN T. MILLS the right to run accommodation conveyances daily upon Broadway, the Third, Sixth, Eighth and Ninth avenues, Astor-place, Fourteenth and Twenty-third streets, and to connect with the ferries leading to Brooklyn, by running through Fulton, Wall and Whitehall streets to the East River, provided that said MILLS provide and run adequate vehicles and pay to the city annually ten per centum of the net profits arising therefrom, and a license fee of not over $25 on each vehicle; and further, provided, that no fare shall be charged to a passenger who is not seated, and that no higher rate of fare shall be charged to any passenger than is now charged by other conveyance companies; and further, provided, that said MILLS acknowledge his acceptance of the grant on or before the 1st of January next.

The resolution was adopted, but subsequently was reconsidered and referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The resolution from the other board, granting to the High Bridge Railroad Company the right to operate a line of road in the upper part of the city, was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

The usual complimentary resolutions were passed to the officers of the board, and the board then adjourned *sine die*.

Prize Money for the Captors of New-Orleans.

It is rumored that an effort will be made in Congress, when it meets again, to pass a bill giving to the captors of New-Orleans the prize money so justly due them, for their services in wresting from rebel hands that important stronghold. It is stated the bill will call for a sum not less than eleven million dollars, to be distributed between the squadron of Admiral FARRAGUT and the mortar flotilla of Commander D. D. PORTER.

The Revenue Service.

There are at present in the revenue service of the United States thirty-four vessels, stationed at various points along the coast from Maine to Oregon. The seizures made by these cutters amount to several millions of dollars annually.

THE WIDENING OF ANN AND FULTON STREETS—The resolution authorizing the widening of Ann and Fulton streets was signed by the Mayor on Saturday, and transmitted to the Corporation Counsel.

THE KETCHUM DEFALCATION.

The Prisoner Sentenced to a Term of Four Years and Six Months.

RECORDER HOFFMAN'S REMARKS.

EFFORTS TO PROCURE A PARDON.

Saturday being the last day on which Recorder HOFFMAN occupied a seat on the bench, EDWARD B. KETCHUM, indicted for forgery and embezzlement, was arraigned for sentence. The prisoner entered the court room about noon, accompanied by his father, two or three of his brothers, his counsel, ex-Judge ALLEN, and the counsel of the firm of KETCHUM & Co. Young KETCHUM was deadly pale, and he had evidently suffered intense mental anguish, but he betrayed no trepidation. The friends of the prisoner were deeply affected, his father being quite overcome by emotion.

District-Attorney HALL moved for sentence.

Ex-Judge ALLEN, counsel for KETCHUM, then rose to move for a postponement of sentence. He said he had been requested to read an affidavit of Mr. BANGS, containing some very important reasons why this course should be taken. He then read a voluminous affidavit giving a statement of the cases in which KETCHUM's evidence would be of importance, and concluding as follows:

> Deponent further says that on the examination which has already taken place as aforesaid in said action, No. 4, the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM has testified under oath, in substance: That the amount of assets already lost to said KETCHUM, SON & Co., by means of operations of said EDWARD B. KETCHUM prior to Aug. 1, 1865, was upward of two millions of dollars; that the amount of outstanding stock contracts in which he, the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM, was concerned on Aug. 14, 1865, was upward of fourteen millions of dollars; that deponent does not know where to obtain the necessary information upon which to advise the said assignees concerning many alleged rights and liabilities of the estate in their hands without constant resort to the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM for information as occasion arises from time to time; that deponent has exerted himself diligently and in good faith to get all pending litigation into such a position as to enable deponent either to take the evidence of the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM at the earliest possible moment after the service of a complaint when it could legally be taken, or to dispense altogether with the necessity of relying upon his evidence.
>
> Deponent further says that, in naming the litigation in which the said estate is now involved, he has only referred to cases in which he regards the evidence of the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM as material; that other suits are pending for and against the said estate in which deponent does not regard the evidence of the said EDWARD B. KETCHUM as being material to either party.

Mr. BANGS said the application was made entirely in view of the interests of the assignors of the estate of KETCHUM, and not with any desire to interfere with the proposed punishment of the prisoner. The counsel did not consider that he was asking anything that could be understood in the light of a favor to young KETCHUM. It had been announced that no deduction of punishment would be made on account of any time that should pass before sentence. It appeared, however, that the prisoner has already been the author of very serious losses to his connections, and their interests, with those of two hundred other persons, were depending upon his knowledge and testimony. For the court to deprive the firm with which he had been connected of the advantage of his testimony would be to subvert the ends of justice which the laws were enacted to subserve.

Mr. BANGS then read an affidavit of WALTER W. PHELPS, to show that $50,000 was to be taken in a particular case from the firm unless KETCHUM's testimony could be obtained. Mr. PHILLIPS followed with some remarks.

After some further argument, Mr. HALL renewed his motion for sentence, saying that all offences involved misfortunes to others beside the criminals.

THE SENTENCE OF THE COURT.

Recorder HOFFMAN denied the motion for a postponement of the sentence, saying that the interests of the State required that sentence should now be passed.

EDWARD KETCHUM advanced to the bar.

The Clerk of the Court then asked—"What have you now to say why judgment should not be pronounced against you?"

KETCHUM replied in a full voice: "Nothing."

The Recorder then passed sentence as follows:

"I have given your case, EDWARD B. KETCHUM, most anxious and careful consideration; not because I ever doubted what the interests of society required or duty demanded of me, but for the reason that I well knew that many gentlemen of high character and of excellent judgment entertained views entirely at variance with my own.

Occupying as you did an exalted position among the business men of this great commercial city; commanding as you did unlimited confidence and credit; possessed as you were of great wealth and influence, you became involved in speculations as vast as they were dangerous and ruinous; and then, to save the financial ruin of yourself and house, which seemed imminent, you did what no one of inferior position or credit could have done, raised immense sums of money upon paper which you forged, the genuineness of which no one doubted, simply because you presented it.

It was the every-day story, varying only from other stories in the magnitude of the forgeries and the greatness of your fall, and you gave a shock to credit and to confidence from which the business interests of the city did not readily recover.

Your friends, and those who ask for you the mercy of the court, say you were laboring under a mania. But every man whose personal sympathies do not to some extent warp his judgment, knows that it was no other mania than that which seizes on every man who commits a crime in order to avert a personal calamity which he cannot endure to meet.

If, sitting here as a Judge, I should mitigate your punishment for any of the reasons assigned, or because hearts are aching and fainting, or because of my own personal sympathies with those who mourn for you, I should feel that every sentence I had passed upon a first offender had been a wrong, and that I was indeed a 'respecter of persons.'

It is my duty so to administer the law that all men may feel and know that none are beyond either its protection or its power.

It may well be, as claimed by your friends, that if you were permitted to go free, you would soon be able to redeem your reputation and reëstablish your position. But if this court should yield to their application, it would be an official declaration that men of influence and station could offend against the laws without the fear of punishment.

Public interests and necessities demand that the penalties of violated law should be visited upon the offender by way of example as well as of punishment.

If you had been put upon trial upon all the indictments brought against you, the term of your imprisonment would have extended through the greater part of your life.

The District-Attorney has vindicated the law by arraigning you upon one to which you have pleaded guilty, with full knowledge of the consequences.

Upon that plea the extreme punishment is five years' imprisonment. The law, however, directs that the term of imprisonment shall not expire during the Winter months.

In discharge, therefore, of my duty, I must pronounce the sentence of the court, which is that you be imprisoned in the State Prison for the period of four years and six months."

The prisoner was then removed from the court-room. It is said that several influential gentlemen are endeavoring to procure a pardon for him.

ATTEMPTED HOMICIDE BY A BURGLAR.

He is Surprised, and Attempts to Kill an Officer and a Citizen—A Desperate Struggle and his Arrest.

About 4½ o'clock yesterday morning, Mr. MICHAEL HAUG, who keeps a lager-beer saloon at No. 36 Delancey-street, corner of Forsyth, was suddenly awakened by Mrs. HAUG, who had been roused by the movements of somebody moving about the house. On rising and going to the stairs he discovered that the gas had been lighted, and also heard some one moving about his saloon. Awaking an employe of his named KARL LINTNER, and another man who lodged in the house, the three descended to the ground floor, and took up their stations at the front door on the outside. They did not wait long, for in a few minutes two men made a sudden rush out of the place, one of whom ran down Delancey-street toward Eldridge, being pursued by Mr. HAUG and his friends. Being more energetic and anxious, Mr. LINTNER made faster progress than his companions, when coming up with the fugitive, he made an attempt to arrest him. At the same time Officer DARKE, of the Tenth Precinct, came up, when he, perceiving the crisis at a glance, demanded that the flying burglar should surrender, presenting his revolver at his head, and giving him to understand that he would shoot him if any resistance was offered. The unknown man immediately drew from his pocket a revolver and fired at the officer, without hitting him, however. Officer DARKE then rushed in upon the ruffian, using his locust freely, and knocking him down. Scarcely had the fellow been laid prostrate upon the pavement, than he sprang to his feet, retreating as he did so a pace or two backward, when he a second time presented the muzzle of his weapon at the patrolman. Seeing his danger the officer hurled his service-club at the desperado's head with such good aim that the locust struck him fair in the face, again knocking him down. The desperate man, however, was not yet subdued, for he a second time regained his feet, turning his attention to Mr. LINTNER, who was endeavoring to seize hold of him. Being quite near to LINTNER he made a desperate lunge at him with a carving knife which he had stolen from the saloon. His murderous intent was not, however, successful, as the distance was too great. Not at all intimidated by this procedure, Mr. LINTNER balanced the account by dealing his opponent a terrific blow on the head with a club, and sending him to earth for the third time. This closed the affair, for Officer DARKE and his courageous coadjutor made a rush upon the prostrate burglar, and in a minute had disarmed and secured him. When examined at the Tenth Precinct Station-house, Ludlow-street, the prisoner gave his name as GEORGE WILLIAMS, and on being arraigned yesterday before Justice SHANDLEY, he was committed for trial without bail. His confederate made his escape. WILLIAMS is a native of this city, and 23 years of age. He presented a shocking appearance when committed, his head being covered with clotted blood. Just before the case came on the prisoner's brother had the cool assurance to go to Officer DARKE and offer him $20 not to make a complaint against the prisoner. It is scarcely needful to say that the contemptible bribe was rejected.

DEFALCATION OF THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

About Forty Thousand Dollars Missing.

Rumors have been in circulation for some days past that one of our city officials had appropriated the funds of the city to his own use, but neither the name of the party or the amount appropriated was made public. On Friday the Corporation Counsel sent in a communication to the Common Council removing the Public Administrator from office, and stating that the affairs of that bureau required investigation. Suspicion very naturally pointed to the removed official as the defaulter, and on Saturday the truth of these surmises was confirmed by the following communication addressed to the Common Council:

To the Common Council of the City of New-York:

GENTLEMEN: I regret to inform you that the annual report of the Public Administrator for the year 1865 will show a deficit of between $35,000 and $40,000 in that office. This amount has been improperly used by me while holding that office, and was lost in stock speculations in Wall-street.

It is due to the persons employed in the office to say, that they are entirely innocent of any knowledge of the misappropriation of the funds of the office; the defalcation was entirely from the use of securities belonging to various estates which were deposited in the safe in the office, and taken therefrom by me, and hypothecated as margins in stock operations. No person but myself knew that I improperly became possessed of the securities so used, and no living creature has directly or indirectly derived any pecuniary or other advantage from my improper use of the securities.

I have assigned all my property and effects, together with the property of my wife, to a trustee in trust: first, to pay my bondsmen; second, the balance to be paid to the City of New-York toward liquidating the deficiency (over the amount of my official bond) which will appear upon the settlement of my accounts.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
R. B. BRADFORD,
Late Public Administrator.

Dr. BRADFORD was appointed to his office on the 1st of January, 1863, on giving bonds for the sum of $10,000. The bond was signed by Judge WELCOME R. BEEBE and JOHN H. MCCUNN. Last year a new bond was given, signed by Judge BEEBE and Mr. CHARLES DEVLIN. Whether any of the defalcations took place during the term of the first bond is not known, but if so, of course the signers of that bond will be held responsible. It is thought that the city will suffer but a small loss, if any.

Dr. BRADFORD is quite a young man, of fine personal appearance, and a Virginian by birth. He run for the Assembly in the Seventeenth District at the late election, and was defeated by the Union candidate, Mr. CHARLES E. JENKINS.

The affairs of the bureau will be investigated by Ex-Judge MURRAY HOFFMAN. The Common Council have also appointed a Committee of Investigation. Gen. H. E. DAVIES has been selected by Mr. O'GORMAN to fill the office of Public Administrator after the 1st of January next.

NEW-YEAR'S SERMON.

The Great Events of the Year—Sermon Delivered by Dr. Burchard at the Thirteenth-street Presbyterian Church.

The following sermon was delivered by Dr. BURCHARD, yesterday, before the congregation of the Thirteenth-street Presbyterian Church:

But I will remember the years of the right hand of the Most High.—Ps. lxxvii: 10.

The writer of this psalm seems overwhelmed with sorrow and depression. His spirit was burdened and sad, and all his expressions are tuned to the minor key. He had been dwelling upon the darker or the shaded aspects of life—upon disappointment and trial—until found himself utterly in the slough of despond. He distrusted himself, he distrusted man, and even providence and God. But on a sudden he came to himself; new light broke in upon his darkness, and he said: "This my infirmity, this depression, is an unhealthy and diseased state. I will lift my mind above it; I will turn my thoughts to brighter scenes. I will remember the years of the right hand of the Most High"—years in which God showed himself gracious—the deliverer of his people—their help in trouble—a refuge from the tempest—a hiding-place from the storm. Such remembrance of God always strengthens the soul, gives it courage and joy. "I will remember the years of the right hand of the Most High." There are such years in our personal and national history, when the divine mercies were conspicuous and abundant; but no year has been so distinguished and will hereafter be so memorable as the year which is just drawing to a close. We have been accustomed at this season to review the past—to revive the joys and the sorrows that have fled—to kindle anew home scenes—to speak of new ties formed or old ones severed—the living and the lost. And such meditations have not been unprofitable. Changes and events have doubtless occurred, during the past year, in our individual life and relations worthy of record, and they will be marked in our personal or domestic calendar. There have been birth and bridal scenes, and new and strange joys have come welling up into the heart. And then again the death angel has come to some, and the family circle has been reft and torn asunder, and the strong one has bowed himself, or the fragile have withered and faded from the earth, and this closing day of the year is a day of sad and painful memories. The loved ones are not; their places are vacant; their voices do not kindle the wonted response, neither are they heard in the circles of living men. But the kind and blessed Father doeth all things well, and we will not complain, as this would be our infirmity. But we "will remember the years of the right hand of the Most High." And as no year in all our history has been so pregnant and fruitful of grand and stirring events as the one now closing, let us remember this year especially as the year of the right hand of the Most High. The providential events occurring in this land during the year 1865 will constitute the theme of our present discourse. Of course it will not be expected that I should go much into detail. We must select the more striking events—the events that will be historic and memorable, distinguishing the year in the great calendar of years—the year of answered prayer—emphatically the year of the right hand of the Most High. I. The first great event as distinguishing the year is the return of peace. The four years previous had been years of strife—of bloody, cruel strife. People of the same origin, language, religion and country had marshalled their forces, and with all the most improved implements of warfare, had determined to waste and destroy each other until one or the other should be utterly discomfited. It was a sad and mournful spectacle to see brother lifting his hand against brother, father against son, and to witness this strife and slaughter on so large and magnificent a scale. Never were two hostile armies more determined, more eager for the mastery, and never were mightier issues pending. War under any circumstances is an evil, more cruel and more terrible in its results than the pestilence or the famine. It sears the conscience, hardens the heart, separates chief friends, sunders the most sacred ties, makes thousands of wives widows and thousands of children fatherless, and thousands of souls ruined beyond redemption. The sight of two armies, like mighty fallen spirits, in deadly conflict, the shouts of frenzied men, the sound of artillery, the clash of arms, the fierce and the mighty encounter, the shrieks of the terrified and the groans of the dying, the whole scene is awful beyond the power of description. And then how affecting, after the smoke and the dust have rolled away, to see throngs of all ages pressing into the impurpled field to seek their own among the dead; the father, to find his brave boy, whom he had hoped would have been his solace in age, among the fallen; the wife, in speechless agony, to search for the mangled body of her husband among heaps of slain.

"O, war! what art thou?
At once the proof and scourge of man's fallen state!"

And never justifiable, except as a final means to prevent a still greater evil. A nation's disgrace and utter ruin would be a greater evil than all the combined evils of war; and to avoid this, war may be adopted as the last and only alternative. It then becomes a duty urged by patriotism and religion. And such we conceive to be our case. We were not the aggressors. The nation, as such, had done nothing to provoke war. It had imposed no onerous and oppressive taxes. It had invaded no right—had inflicted no severities. And yet a portion of the people, without just cause or provocation, as if possessed of the spirit of the demon, fire upon our national flag, and conspire and combine to demolish the national fabric, which our fathers had reared. We were bound by every principle of honor and patriotism to defend the sacred structure, in which were deposited all our hopes as a nation, and the hopes of constitutional liberty throughout the world. Through our venerated President we expostulated; we offered guarantees and compromises; our government was unwilling to be launched into the great vortex of civil strife; but when the question became one of life or death—when the ark of our covenant was assailed, and it became evident that we must fight or give up the great heritage of our fathers, then the loyal heart of the North was responsive from the workshop and the field. Men rushed to arms and into the great strife to save a boon so glorious! This was right; it was patriotism; it was duty. If it is right to defend one's self when assailed—if it is right to beat back the plunderer from your door, and to defend your own home from the ravages of the burglar or the midnight assassin, then it was right to take up arms in defence and support of a government such as ours—the mildest and the best beneath the sun. Hence, though a minister of the gospel of peace, deprecating the horrors of war, (so far as I deemed it consistent with my profession and position,) I was the friend and advocate of the government and in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war until the rebellion was crushed and the national authority fully vindicated and sustained. I was not insensible to the amount of blood and treasure it would cost, nor to the bereavement and sorrow consequent all over the land. But it was our only alternative. We must fight or perish. We must defeat the rebels or be defeated, and in the latter case lose our heritage and birthright. And we did fight bravely. Treasures were poured out like water. We met the foe on many a bloody field, and great was the slaughter. For

"When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war."

Both armies seemed invincible. There were alternate defeats and victories, and for a long time the issue seemed doubtful. Meanwhile the wail of sorrow had gone over the land. The timid vacillated; the croakers denounced; the half loyal were for compromise; but the brave and the truly loyal stood firm, and the war went on. SHERMAN led his victorious legions through the heart of the enemy's country, sweeping like a tornado everything in their course. GRANT, the invincible, stood, with his forces, like some splendid embodiment of power holding the armies of LEE in check. The nation's destinies trembled as in a balance, until at length the final blow was struck, the enemy staggered, reeled, and finally surrendered, and victory has come at last. The sword has been superseded by the olive branch of peace; blood has ceased to flow. The two great contending armies have melted away like snow wreaths. The heart of the nation is not agitated by alternate fear and hope, by exciting news of victory and defeat. The year 1865 will be memorable in the annals of history as the year in which peace was restored to the American nation. No year ever closed more auspiciously to the people than this. We may welcome the new year with festival and song, that peace has come after three years' of bloody strife:

"O, these are hours when thrilling joy repays
A long, long course of darkness, doubts and fears!
The heart-sick faintness of the hope delay'd,
The waste, the woe, the bloodshed, and the tears,
That track'd with terror these four rolling years,
All are forgot in this great jubilee:
E'en affliction rears her downcast eye,
To sigh a thankful prayer amid the glee
That hails the traitor's fall, O peace and liberty."

II. The second great event which has distinguished the year now closing is the utter subjugation of the rebellion. The enemy is not overpowered merely, as he would claim—he is subdued; his Utopian Confederacy utterly wiped out; its bogus President incarcerated as the chief of sinners, awaiting his trial; and if he receives his just deserts, he will suffer the death penalty. We say the rebellion is subdued. No hostile army is now in the field. No traitor now dare lift his unholy hand to insult or strike down the sacred symbol of our nationality. It floats to-day in triumph over all the land. Its stars are all there, shining as of yore; its stripes, the emblem of suffering, number the same. The sympathy of England with treason and rebellion availed not. Her lavish loans only protracted the struggle and the suffering, but changed not the issue. The republican principles have triumphed, the constituted authorities of the land have prevailed, and the government is upon a rock. The great questions which were at issue, and which had agitated the nation for half a century, are settled, and settled for all time. The South will never venture a struggle with the government again. She is subdued; her weapons of rebellion are broken. There has been on the part of the government no concession nor compromise. There should have been none. From the time the ultimate appeal was taken, and it was determined that the sword must decide the issue, government has been firm; its eye has been single; "this one thing I do" has been its motto—the rebellion must yield—the constituted must prevail. It had no side issues to accomplish—no ulterior end to reach. To put down the rebellion was its sole aim. To compass this the navy was augmented and replenished—a million of men were called into the field—the national treasury was taxed to the utmost—an enormous debt has been incurred—nearly three hundred thousand loyal lives have been sacrificed, and about double that number of men have been maimed for life—and all this to subdue the rebellion, and to restore law and order to a distracted land. The object has been achieved, the work done and well done—done for all time. I know, at some periods, during the history of the struggle the end seemed doubtful. After the first great defeat at Bull Run, how the faith of many was staggered, and how the shadows continued to deepen over our own national prospects for two years, and when the first great campaign on the Peninsula was closed in utter failure and disappointment, how many, alas! in their utter chagrin and mortification, were anxious to strike hands with the enemy, and wind up the struggle by compromise and concession. Had government listened—had it yielded, disbanded its armies and confessed itself beaten, or, if not absolutely beaten, yet tired and weary of the strife—then one of two results would have followed; either there must have been two separate hostile and independent governments on this continent, differing in their foundation and superstructure, differing in the genius of their civilization and in their principles and forms of labor, and consequently always antagonistic; or the old doctrines of State Sovereignty *versus* the Government, the right of secession at will, and the divinity and perpetuity of human slavery, would have been held and cherished as elements of discord; and so the great issues would have only been postponed, and the war so ignobly terminated by us would have been renewed, with more intensity and desperation, by our children or our children's children. But we have no such dark and foreboding future. These old questions that have perplexed and agitated us have all been settled. The subjugation of the rebellion has wiped them all out of the calendar of debate. State sovereignty, secession and slavery will soon be remembered only as the heresies of the olden time. Indeed they should now be ignored and repudiated as the test of loyalty and as an indispensable qualification to any office or trust under the general government. These have been the seeds, the rebellion has been the fruit; and while we all admit that the fruit is withered and dead, let us see to it that there is no vitality in the seed. The year we now close will ever be remembered as the year when the great rebellion was subdued and the principles from which it sprang received their death-blow. III. The third great event which I mention as having occurred during the year, is the assassination of President LINCOLN. Death is not a strange event, not even in high places and among the great and the gifted of earth. Death by violence and by the hand of an assassin, and even when the victim has been the people's favorite, is no uncommon or unheard of thing. Not to us alone attaches the stigma of a murdered ruler. But the character of the victim, his position as President of the great Republic, the estimate in which he was held by the people, the time and circumstances of his death, all tend to render it conspicuous and memorable in the annals of history. It is not my purpose, neither is it the time to pronounce a eulogy upon our lamented President. This has already been done. The nation has wept over his bier and have embalmed in loving and grateful hearts his memory and his deeds. He will live forever in the written history of the American Republic. The people loved him for his gentleness, his integrity, and trusted his wisdom and practical good sense, and felt that the trust committed was safe in his hands. Never was a ruler before called to administer the affairs of government under such circumstances of difficulty, embarrassment and peril. His imbecile predecessor had suffered our navy to be widely scattered, our arsenals to be plundered of arms and munitions of war, our treasury to be exhausted, and the malcontents to hold the balance of power in all places of public trust. The work of secession had already commenced, the American flag had fallen in disgrace, Fort Sumter had been taken, the conspirators were jubilant over their first success and boasting that the national capital would soon be in their possession. Well might he say on leaving his Western home, "A duty devolves upon me which is perhaps greater than that which has devolved upon any other man since the days of WASHINGTON." But once committed to his duty he was not the man to shrink. He had been used to meeting emergencies. He had been trained in the school of difficulty; and gathering up his manhood with a calm dignity and a childlike trust in God, he went forth to give his labor and his life for his country. He was evidently raised up in the Divine Providence to accomplish a great and sublime mission. He was peculiarly and graciously endowed for his work. In the real old Roman sense of the term he was an honest man—an embodiment of manly worth and honor. Where men or measures stood in the way of principle *they* must go down. When even plausible views of moral right, on certain great questions, were urged upon him by reformers, he would even consent, for the time, to be deemed false to the great objects of philanthropy rather than swerve from his conscientiously chosen policy. He did not consult personal popularity. He was never the tool of party. He regarded himself as the people's servant, and to do *their* work in the best way and in accordance with his sworn obligation to the constitution was his sole care. And the secret of this lay in his religiousness. From the time of his assumption of his office to his death his words, on all public occasions, breathe a spirit of unshaken trust in the God of nations. In his address to his friends, on leaving Springfield, he said, "WASHINGTON would never have succeeded except for the aid of Divine Providence, upon which he at all times relied. I feel that I cannot succeed without the same Divine aid which sustained him, and on the same Almighty Being I place my reliance for support." This sublime trust was his noblest virtue and grandest principle, the secret alike of his strength, his patriotism and his success. It was his chart, his compass, his polar star and guided him and the ship of state through the most terrific storms of national convulsion. And just as the clouds began to roll away, revealing a safe harbor; when all began to feel that the old ship was safe notwithstanding the storm and the peril; when all hearts were jubilant; when victory had perched upon our banners; when the routed army of the Confederacy had surrendered, and its pseudo President had abandoned his stronghold and was fleeing for his life; when the land was gay with waving banners and vocal with the thunder of cannon and the merry peal of bells; when "Grim-visaged war had smoothed his wrinkled front;" when even the President had laid aside for the time the cares of office, to share in the nation's joy, then, in an unguarded moment, the blow fell like a thunderbolt from a clear sky, and the nation's favorite, the man of the people, who never cherished a thought of cruelty or revenge, was the victim of a plot the most diabolical, the most hateful ever conceived by mortal man. The effect was like the throbbings of an earthquake. Mingled grief and indignation shook the land. The people mourned and wept over the body of their fallen President as loving children weep over the remains of a beloved father. You remember how we all felt as we met in this place on the Sabbath morning succeeding, and I spoke to you out of the fullness of a sad heart, and you responded in tears. Thus the nation felt—never was grief more universal and sincere. But while we wept and trembled and feared, the machinery of government moved on as noiseless as before, and the mantle of LINCOLN fell upon his successor, who is doing the arduous work of reconstruction, while the martyred chief rests from his labors. But he will live in our hearts and in history forever. The nation will honor his deeds and his memory. IV. The fourth great event which I mention as having occurred during the year, is the abolition of slavery throughout the land. When I think of the extent and strength of the slave power, how it has ruled in this country for the past fifty years, how it has controlled commerce and the counsels of the nation, how it has swayed public sentiment, how it has called wealth, and talent and genius to its support; how it has allied with it the pulpit and the press; when I consider all this, I can scarcely credit my own statement that slavery in this country is *dead*, never again to be raised to life. I had prayed for this, and in a humble way labored for it; but I frankly confess that I had never expected to see the end of this gigantic and pagan, and soul-corrupting and heaven-provoking institution in my day. But God's ways are not as our ways; neither are his thoughts as our thoughts. We live surely in an age of miracles. The world has moved forward with astonishing rapidity during the past four years. The great wheel of Providence is revolving and revealing events startling and astonishing to behold. Slavery is dead! The corner-stone of the Southern Confederacy is no more. But who killed it? The Southerners themselves. Not that they designed any such result. They loved and cherished it, regarding it as the very beau ideal and perfection of the social state, an institution of heaven, and they would make it secure and immortal. To accomplish this, secession and the Southern Confederacy were inaugurated, and the very means designed for its perpetuity proved its ruin. But who killed slavery? JEFFERSON DAVIS and his co-conspirators took prominent part in the tragic deed. Who killed slavery? Not agitators or abolitionists of the North. They saw its evils, hated it and struck heavy blows, which rebounded like the missiles of a child upon the hide of a leviathan. But who killed slavery? ABRAHAM LINCOLN killed it, when, in 1862, as a necessary war measure, he issued his immortal proclamation of emancipation. He waited, he warned, he expostulated, but when the South were defiant, when he saw that God's purpose was ripe, when having kept adroitly in the rear of events, yet having so employed them as to make the full power of the popular wave bear him to the destined goal, he rose in his might, and with a word that echoed through the continent, the fetters fell forever from the slave. But who killed slavery? SHERMAN and SHERIDAN and GRANT, with their brave and victorious armies, killed it. Who killed slavery? The Congress of the United States, the required number of separate States assenting, by an act to amend the constitution, declaring slavery throughout the land forever abolished! But who killed slavery? The purpose and providence of God, so overruling human events and the passions of men as to overthrow this gigantic form of oppression, and thus glorify His wisdom, goodness and grace. When there have been so many agencies at work, is it any wonder that slavery is dead? And the year 1865 will be distinguished through all ages as the end of this abominable system of perjury, pollution and oppression. This curse and weight of years removed, the nation must rise to a peerless height, commanding the respect of all the nations of the earth. There have been some apprehensions as to the results of so speedy a transition from slavery to freedom. But while some chafing and suffering are incidental to a change so radical and so sudden, yet employers and employes are gradually becoming adjusted to this new state of things, and the recent official reports from the Freedman's Bureau as well as from the Governors of Southern States, are most encouraging, and the fears of an insurrection among the blacks during the holidays are fast dying away. Let justice be done them; let them have legal protection in the enjoyment of their rights and privileges as men, and we have no fear of the future. They will become an industrious, order-loving, law-abiding and loyal people. Let us be true to our duties, and honor humanity, and God will take care of us and them. Let them, as they are prepared, have the full rights of citizens, and their posterity and the world will rise up and call us blessed. V. The last great event, which I mention as having occurred during the last year, is the quiet return of our soldiers to the peaceful industries and pursuits of life. They left their homes, their trades and professions in response to their country's call, to accomplish a specific work in subduing the rebellion, and when that work was done and the country saved, they quietly lay down their arms, leave the field of their struggle and victory, and return to their homes and their former pursuits—the farmer to his field, the mechanic to his shop, the lawyer to his office and to his clients, and all as naturally and as quietly as if there had been no intervention of war and bloodshed. This is wonderful, showing that we are from habit and preference an industrious and peaceful people, and warlike only when the exigencies of our country require us thus to be. But when the old flag is insulted, when the sacred heritage of our fathers is in jeopardy, we can fight as well as work; we can exchange the plow and the pruning-hook for the death-dealing instruments of the battle-field. It is well for foreign nations to understand this. We prefer not to be brought into conflict with England, or France, or MAXIMILIAN, or Mexico. We would greatly prefer to settle our differences in an amicable way and on Christian principles. We love home and the peaceful pursuits of industry. We love commerce and accumulation. This our passion and preference. We are not a warlike people. But if we are crowded too far; if international law is disregarded; if all past compacts and treaties are set aside; if our national honor is grossly insulted; if we are driven to the wall and war is inevitable, then there are no people that can meet the crisis better and braver than the American people. This all history shows. We never have been and we never can be conquered. Still, we prefer to dwell in amity with all nations. We have sheathed the sword, and we pray that we may never have occasion to draw it again. It is a sublime spectacle to see our armies returning from the field flushed with victory, to their homes and to their wonted employments, with brave hearts and stronger arms to achieve for themselves a name and a fortune on the fields of honest toil. These citizen soldiers of the Republic have shown themselves alike heroic in time of danger and moderate and generous in the hour of triumph. Not only have they conquered their enemies in the field, but they have governed themselves in the hour of victory. And their martial discipline has only made them stouter to master the difficulties in the path to honorable achievement. We may learn from this that the prosperity and cohesive strength of a people, and the power of a nation to maintain its dignity and self-respect among the nations of the earth, do not depend upon a standing army or a powerful navy. Our strength is in the loyal hearts of the people, and our safety in the broadest liberty. Thus, brethren, have I spoken to you of the great events of the year. Had time been sufficient, we should like to have said something in relation to the policy of reconstruction now inaugurated. Let me say at the outset, that we regard the President's course as eminently conservative and wise, and his recent Message worthy of the high source from which it came. In relation to suffrage, we do not see how he, without assumption, could do more than to conform to custom and to the Constitution, and refer the whole question to the different States, and if any change was to be made, any new status or condition of suffrage, it must be done by Congress. Until Congress acted the President could only express a wish, leaving the subject as before, to be settled by the States. That in this country, so broad, where there are so many interests at stake, where the Atlantic States are receiving such large immigration from every country of Europe, and the States and Territories on the Pacific from China and the far East, and where there must of necessity be such diversity in civilizatian, language and religion, I am persuaded there should be at least one great unifying principle, and that should be in relation to qualification for voting, which should be *uniform, universal and irrespective of color*, and which should at least require a knowledge of reading and writing in the English language, which is the language of the country, as the religion of the Bible is the religion of the country. The idea, or the custom, of permitting every ignorant foreigner to vote almost as soon as he lands upon our shores, before he can understand our language, or has any knowledge of the nature of our government, is more than absurd—it is a positive and political wrong. I would have one standard or qualification for suffrage applicable throughout the land. This should be a national law, consequently supreme and authoritative, superseding all local or State enactments on the subject. This we are convinced would be wise and just, as well as safe, to all the interests involved. In relation to the States recently in rebellion, I would recognize their existence and their relation as such to the General Government, thus disavowing that secession had any reality either in law or in fact. It was a miserable and abortive attempt to destroy the government. Having totally failed it left government and the States, with their mutual relations to each other, as they were previous to the rebellion. As to the Representatives from the different States, before they should be permitted to take their seats in Congress and participate in the conduct of our national affairs, they should give evidence, by oath or otherwise, of their absolute and unreserved loyalty to the government. This being done, we might well afford to adopt a liberal policy toward the States that have suffered the terrible desolating effects of the war which they had brought upon themselves. For years they must eat the bitter fruits of their madness and folly. Let us be content that the Union has been preserved and the nation saved, and not add unnecessarily to the burdens they must bear.

Let the sublime sentiment of our departed President be ours: "With malice toward none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right as God gives us to see the right, let us finish the work we are in, to bind up the nation's wounds—to care for him who shall have borne the battles, and for his widow and orphans—to do all which may achieve and cherish a just and a lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."

LAW REPORTS.

Court Calendar for Tuesday, Jan. 2, 1866.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT—*Part I.*—Held by Justice Joseph F. Barnard.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Nos. on new calendar reserved causes, 1029, 877, 621, 763, 245, 543, 777. 981, 273, 959, 911, 667, 609, 691, 611, 1025. *Part II.*—Held by Justice James at No. 73 Duane-street.—Nos. 629, 595, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 882, 1022, 1018, 904, 302, 930, 1044, 950, 1064. When the reserved causes are disposed of the odd numbers on the general calendar will, during the month, be called in Part I. and the even numbers in Part II.

SUPERIOR COURT—*Part I.*—Held by Justice Jones.—Nos. 491, 969, 4635, 4669, 1495, 1385, 515, 2223, 2815, 1645, 4615, 980½, 1723, 1743, 5537. *Part II.*—Held by Chief-Justice Robertson.—Nos. 482, 2140, 2098, 742, 1686, 3810, 4972, 2156, 2168, 2172, 2174, 1766, 1818, 1348, 4994.

COMMON PLEAS—*Part I.*—Held by Judge Cardoza.—Nos. 1201, 1209, 908, 1263, 515, 1267, 733, 1189, 120, 840, 1288, 1290½, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1297. *Part II.*—Held by Judge Daly.—Nos. 1118, 1147, 563, 1120, 1165, 1174, 1179, 1180, 1112, 1198, 1151, 1139, 1164, 1248, 1272.

The Civil Courts for January, 1866—Business Transacted in 1865.

The regular term of the law courts will commence on Tuesday, the 2d inst., instead of the first Monday of the month, as is the case usually. In the Supreme Court Circuit all jurors summoned for the January term, are required to be in attendance at 10 o'clock A. M. Two circuits only will be held this month. Part I by Justice Joseph F. Barnard, of the Second Judicial District; and Part II at No. 73 Duane-street, by Justice James. The Supreme Court, General Term, will be held by Presiding Justice Geo. G. Barnard and Justices Clerke and Ingraham. Justice Wm. H. Leonard will this year go to the Court of Appeals. The Chambers will be held during the month by Mr. Justice Sutherland. There will be no regular Special Term of the Supreme Court until the first Monday of February, but the December Term of this branch stands adjourned to the 15th inst., for the purpose of disposing of some special business.

In the Superior Court there will be a General Term, held by Justices Garvin, Monell and Barbour. Two trial terms at which jurors will be required to attend, and a Special Term and Chambers. Trial Term, Part I., will be held by Justice Samuel Jones, who will take his seat for the first time on the bench on Tuesday, he having been elected to take the place of Justice Moncrief, whose term of office has just expired. Part II. will be held by Chief Justice Robertson, and the Special Term and Chambers by Justice McCunn. The jurors in this court are required to be in attendance at 11 o'clock A. M.

In the Court of Common Pleas there will be held two parts for the trial of issues of fact, at which jurors will be required to attend. These courts will open daily at 11 A. M. Part I. will be held by Judge CARDOZA, and Part II. by DALY, First Judge. A Special Term for issues of law, motions, and for chamber business, will be held by Judge BRADY. A calendar of causes to be tried *by the Court without a jury*, will be called at the trial terms on the fourth Monday of January. The calendars for each of these courts we give elsewhere. A new general calendar for the Supreme Court Circuit has been made up as usual at the commencement of each year. From it we learn that there are on it 1,829 causes.

The Marine Court will also open on Tuesday for the transaction of the business of the January term. There will be two parts for the trial of issues of fact, at which jurors will be required to attend, and a Special Term and Chambers for the trial of issues of law and the hearing of motions. The judges of this court for the ensuing year are Henry Alker, Edmund L. Hearne and Michael C. Gross. Lawrence Clancy, clerk; Michael J. Cody, deputy. Mr. A. J. Dittenhoefer served about two months of the last year as judge of this court, having been appointed by the Governor to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Florence McCarthy. Mr. Gross was elected at the last November election.

Below we give a summary of the business disposed of during the last year, in the civil courts, so far as our reporter has been allowed access to the records. In some of the branches the Clerks have promised us the statistics, but up to this time we have been unable to obtain them for publication.

CIRCUIT COURT—PART I.

The courteous and enterprising Clerk of the Supreme Court Circuit, Part I, John B. McKean, has obliged our reporter by furnishing the following statistics of the business of that branch of the court during the year 1865:

Trials by court and jury, 123; trials by the court—jury trial waived, 32; inquests by court and a jury, 16; inquests by the court without a jury, 120; references, 26; judgment entered by the court, 6.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

Held by Judges Chas. P. Daly, John R. Brady, and Albert Cordoza.

Clerk—Nathaniel Jarvis, Jr.

The following is a statement of the business disposed of in this Court during the year 1865:

GENERAL TERM.—Appeals from judgments and orders at Special Term, 130; disposed of, 80; appeals from judgments of Marine and District Courts, 152; disposed of, 121.

SPECIAL TERM.—Causes on jury calendar, 1,754; disposed of, 478; causes on calendar without a jury, 90; disposed of, 53; causes tried under law in relation to unsafe buildings, 13; issues of law, enumerated and non-enumerated motions, &c., heard and decided at Special Term, about 3,800; proceedings for discharge of insolvent debtors, 30; writs of *habeas corpus* and decisions thereon, 91; divorces granted, 42; change of names, 9; inventories of property assigned, and assignees' bonds examined and filed, 59; declaration of intentions by natives of Great Britain, Germany, and other nationalities, 1,772; applications for citizenship, about 4,400; applications denied, 214; applications for pensions, arrears of pay, bounty and prize monies, estimated at 6,000; duplicate certificates of citizenship given to parties losing originals, 2,782.

MARINE COURT.

Henry Alker, E. L. Hearne, Florence McCarthy and A. J. Dittenhoeffer (two months) Judges; Mr. Lawrence Clancy, Clerk.

SPECIAL TERM.—Total number of judgments rendered from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1865, 1,244; summons issued, 1,749; number of attachments issued, 117; number of warrants issued, 123; number of alias summons issued, 498; cases remaining in court, 237.

GENERAL TERM.—Total number of cases appealed, 33; total number of cases affirmed, 27; total number of cases reversed, 6.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—DEC. 30.

By Justice Barnard.

Henry R. David *vs.* Jacob W. Schmidt; motion granted on payment of disbursements and $10 costs. Eugnice Meehan *vs.* Peter Meehan; motion denied. The People, ex rel., C. H. W. Schurenberg *vs.* E. L. Hearne, &c.; motion denied. Eugine Liebenau *vs.* George F. Liebenau; report confirmed. David Caher et al. *vs.* George Gee; motion denied. Wm. B. Latson *vs.* Selina J. Latson; the report not having been excepted to, it is too late now to correct it; it must be confirmed.

[Advertisement.]
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Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Atlantic, from Aspinwall—Capt. Bradbury and wife, Capt. Wilson, S. Montero, L. Mariette, T. Ansoalegui, C. Regan, Olivetta A. Hessler, N. Webster, L. B. Brigham, Mrs. Banstry, Chas. Pease, A. G. Abel and 2 daughters, C. A. Curtis, Mrs. G. R. Eckley and 3 children, W. H. Raymond, G. Gamp, O. S. Clark, wife and child, John Bliss, F. B. Gilman, daughter and 4 children, M. Goldstone, L. P. Higbee, P. J. Bradford, E. A. Stockton, D. A. Schiminger, Mrs. E. A. Clink and daughter, H. D. Vandyke, E. Cores, Capt. J. Harlon, M. Hew, Jas. Terwillager, Wm. Aldridge and wife, D. Thompson, G. D. Taylor, E. B. Patterson, P. P. Arey and wife, W. H. Liscomb, J. Learnen, H. W. Thompson and wife, E. S. Gross, H. A. Lyons, Miss Lyons, W. E. Hull and wife, Capt. C. E. Allen, Dr. White and wife, J. M. Francis, R. Davis, M. Mayer, Mrs. L. S. Thompson, J. R. Fowler, J. Cluage, C. H. Webber, S. W. Johnson, H. C. Mayers, C. C. Wandell, Jas. T. Sherman, Mrs. Zane and child, J. Haley, W. S. McCormack, James F. Reed, Dr. Salter, Capt. Sheldon, C. J. Dempster, wife and 2 children, Mrs. C. Lyster, Jno. Allen, T. B. Valentine, L. B. Durkee, J. J. Morris, J. F. Morgan, J. A. Rose, J. A. Brown, W. H. Tuplett, H. E. Deane, J. J. Kelly, H. S. Brooks, W. McCloskey, T. Hasback, wife and 2 children, J. H. Dall, C. Palmer and wife, Mrs. Burrill, J. R. Duff, A. Katzenburgh, S. Brown, Chas. Glass, C. C. Smith, J. H. Calahan, W. G. Cole, J. Peoples, Geo. Turner.

In steamship City of Port-au-Prince, from Mobile—H. C. Blassom, Lizzie S. Lewney, Hester Lewney.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 7 25 | Sun sets..... 4 43 | Moon rises.... 6 00
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 7 29 | Gov. Island. 8 18 | Hell Gate.... 9 40

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....SUNDAY, Dec. 31.

Arrived.

Steamship City of Port-au-Prince, Curtis, Mobile 9 ds., with cotton and passengers to R. Murray, Jr. Dec. 27, off Gun Key, spoke bark Celeste Clark, hence for New-Orleans.

Steamship John Gibson, Young, Washington, D. C., with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamship Key West, Hathorn, Apalachicola 6 ds., with cotton, &c., to Benner & Brown.

Steamship Atlantic, Maury, Aspinwall Dec. 22, with mails and passengers to Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Ship Asia, (Brem.,) Nuntzhorn, Rotterdam 60 ds., with mdse, and 87 passengers to Funch, Meincke & Wendt. Had heavy weather, stove bulwarks and split sails.

Bark Therese, (Brem.,) Christoffers, Bremen 54 ds., with mdse. and 276 passengers to Herman Koop & Co.

Schr. Nelson Harvey, Burse, Delaware City, for Salem with corn.

WIND—At sunset, S.

BELOW—One ship.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Dec. 31.—Arr. steamer Thetis, New-York. Below—Barks Colin E. McNeil, New-Orleans; Hadley, Baltimore. The bark Selah, from Baltimore for Portsmouth, N. H., is anchored in the Roads.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 31.—Arr. brig Redwood, Boyle, Boston, to load for Cuba; schrs. Balance, Browley, for Baltimore; Etta G. Fogg and Rosa Skerrit, from Boston for Nansemond, Va.; Kit Carson and Addie Osborne, from Provincetown for Nansemond, Va.; Nellie Gray, from New-Bedford for New-York. Also arr. Br. schr. William Noble, 54 days from the coast of Patagonia for Boston, with guano. She experienced very heavy weather on the passage; lost topmasts, and received other damage.

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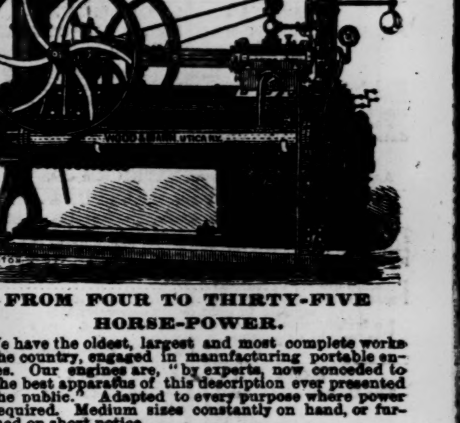

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BRICK DUST DEPOSITS,
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OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.

KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 719, Dec. 30, 1865.
72, 7, 37, 62, 28, 59, 63, 15, 17, 75, 66, 61, 26.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 720, Dec. 30, 1865.
18, 66, 12, 43, 63, 31, 10, 69, 73, 50, 41, 19, 42.
SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 619, Dec. 30, 1865.
28, 6, 61, 14, 65, 35, 46, 32, 1, 52, 41, 60, 20.
SHELBY—CLASS No. 620, Dec. 30, 1865.
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